BOARDS' REPORT

To, The Members Chembond Water Technologies Limited

The Directors of the Company present the 35th Annual Report together with the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2020.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The financial performance of your Company for the year 2019-20 and 2018-19 is summarized below:

Particulars	Amount (t in lakhs)	
Fatteulais	2019-20	2018-19	
Total Revenue	12589.81	13247.99	
Profit for the year	777.18	855.90	
Add: Balance as per last year	3936.43	3436.48	
Add: Transfer from Revaluation Reserve			
Total	4723.37	4296.91	
Appropriation			
General Reserves	70.00	70.00	
Dividend Tax set-off in respect of dividend from subsidiary		17	
Dividend on equity shares	360.00	240.95	
Tax on Dividend	74.00	49.53	
Balance carried to Balance Sheet	4219.37	3936.43	
Total	5105.56	4764.14	

HIGHLIGHTS OF PERFORMANCE AND STATE OF THE COMPANY'S AFFAIRS

The total revenue for FY 2019-20 decreased to ₹ 12589.81 lakhs as compared to ₹ 13247.99 lakhs in FY 2018-19. The profit for the year stands at ₹ 777.18 lakhs as compared to ₹ 855.90 lakhs in FY 2018-19.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186

Details of loans, guarantees and investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in the notes to the financial statements.

AMOUNT, IF ANY, WHICH IT PROPOSES TO CARRY TO ANY RESERVES

Your Company has transferred ₹ 70.00 lakhs from its FY 2019-20 profits to General Reserves (previous year 70 lakhs).

DIVIDEND

During the year 2019-2020, the Company declared an interim dividend of ₹ 44/- per equity share aggregating to ₹ 220 lakhs.

The Board of Directors has not recommended any final dividend (previous year ₹ 28.00 per share) for the financial year ended 31st March 2020.



CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO

The Company continues measures to reduce energy consumption at its plants and offices by improving energy intensive manufacturing. The Company has not adopted any alternate source of energy but took adequate steps for efficiently utilizing the current source of energy. There were no conservation of energy and technology absorption during the year.

During the period under review, the foreign exchange earnings and out-go were as under:

(i)	Foreign Exchange earnings	3	₹ 50,916,404.09
(ii)	Foreign Exchange spent	÷.	₹70,089,467.70

EXTRACT OF THE ANNUAL RETURN

Details forming part of the extract of the annual return as provided under sub-section (3) of section 92 in form MGT-9 is annexed herewith as Annexure 1.

NUMBER OF BOARD AND COMMITTEE MEETINGS

BOARD MEETINGS

During the year, six (6) Board Meetings were convened and held. The intervening gap between the meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

Name of Director	Designation	Board Meetings entitled to attend	Board Meetings attended	
Mr. Nirmal V. Shah	Managing Director	6	6	
Mr. Sameer V. Shah	Director	6	6	
Mr. Mahendra Ghelani	Independent Director	6	3	
Mr. Vinod J. Deshpande	Director	6	4	
Mr. Satish N. Chilekar	Independent Director	6	2	

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Composition of Audit Committee and attendance of Members:

Name of the Member	Designation	Meetings / Attendance					
		07-May-19	24-July_19	12-Oct-19	21-Jan-20	16-Mar-20	
Mr. Nirmal V. Shah	Chairman	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Mr. Satish Chilekar	Member	Р	A	A	Р	Р	
Mr. Mahendra Ghelani	Member	A	Р	Р	Р	А	

P - Present, A-Absent

Composition of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and attendance of Members:

Name of the Member	Designation	Meetings / Attendance
		07-May-19
Mr. Sameer Shah	Chairman	Р
Mr. Satish Chilekar	Member	Р
Mr. Mahendra Ghelani	Member	А

P – Present, A-Absent



Name of the Member	Designation	Meetings / Attendance
		07-May-19
Mr. Nirmal Shah	Chairman	Р
Mr. Sameer Shah	Member	Р
Mr. Mahendra Ghelani	Member	А

Composition of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and attendance of Members:

P – Present, A-Absent

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

To the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them and in terms of Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, Directors on the Board state that:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- b) the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;
- c) the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e) the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

DIRECTORS OR KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL WHO WERE APPOINTED OR HAVE RESIGNED DURING THE YEAR

During the year, Mr. Vinod J. Deshpande (DIN: 07529370) was designated as Executive Director of the Company from Non-executive Director w.e.f. 1st August, 2019 for a period of three years.

Mr. Sameer V. Shah, Director retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment at the ensuing AGM.

Due to the unprecedented Covid-19 pandemic and the subsequent lockdown the Directors have voluntarily decided to take deduction of 25% in their sitting fees since 1st April, 2020 till further notice and the remuneration of Executive Directors were deferred.

REMUNERATION TO MANAGING DIRECTOR

During FY 2019-20, Mr. Nirmal V. Shah, Managing Director received ₹ 48.34 lakhs from the Company and ₹ 38.16 lakhs as remuneration from Chembond Chemicals Limited, Holding Company. Mr. Vinod J. Deshpande, Executive Director of the Company received ₹ 45.53 lakhs as remuneration

POLICY ON DIRECTORS APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION

The Company has put in place appropriate policy on Directors' appointment and remuneration and other matters provided in Section 178(3) of the Act.



DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS AND REGISTRATION AS ID

All the Independent Directors of the Company have furnished a declaration to the effect that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act.

As per the notification of Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Independent Directors of your Company have registered themselves with Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs (IICA).

DEPOSITS

Details relating to deposits, covered under Chapter V of the Act are given below:

- Accepted during the year The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder.
- II. <u>Remained unpaid or unclaimed as at the end of the year</u> There are no deposits remaining unpaid or unclaimed as at the end of the year.
- III. Whether there has been any default in repayment of deposits or payment of interest thereon during the year and if so, number of such cases and the total amount involved (i) at the beginning of the year; (ii) maximum during the year; (iii) at the end of the year There have been no defaults.

DETAILS OF DEPOSITS WHICH ARE NOT IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF CHAPTER V OF THE ACT:

The Company has not received any deposit as such.

DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS AND COMPANY'S OPERATIONS IN FUTURE

No significant and material order has been passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

There have been no material changes and commitments during the period under review which may affect the financial position of the Company.

CHANGES IN SHARE CAPITAL STRUCTURE

During the year under review there has been no change in the share capital structure of the Company,

DETAILS IN RESPECT OF ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS (IFC) WITH REFERENCE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st March 2020, the Board believes that the Company has sound IFC commensurate with the nature and size of its business operations; wherein controls are in place and operating effectively and no material weaknesses have been noticed. The Company has a process in place to continuously monitor the existing controls and identify gaps, if any, and implement new and/or improved controls wherever the effect of such gaps would have a material effect on the Company's operation.



STATEMENT INDICATING DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF A RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY FOR THE COMPANY INCLUDING IDENTIFICATION THEREIN OF ELEMENTS OF RISK, IF ANY, WHICH IN THE OPINION OF THE BOARD MAY THREATEN THE EXISTENCE OF THE COMPANY

The Company does not have any Risk Management Policy, However, the Audit Committee reviews the risks at regular intervals.

DETAILS ABOUT THE POLICY DEVELOPED AND IMPLEMENTED BY THE COMPANY ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES TAKEN DURING THE YEAR

The criteria prescribed under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) with respect to constituting CSR Committee, adopting CSR policy and spending amount on CSR activities in accordance with the Act is applicable to your Company. The Company had framed CSR Policy and constituted CSR Committee.

The key philosophy of all CSR initiatives of the Company is guided by three core commitments of Scale, Impact and Sustainability. During the year, the Company has spent 23.35 Lakhs on CSR activities. The Company has identified focus areas of engagement which have been enumerated in the Annual Report on CSR Activities attached as Annexure 2.

AUDITORS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT

Statutory Auditor

The Statutory Auditors of your Company, M/s. Bathiya & Associates, LLP, (Firm Registration No. 101046W) were appointed in the 31st Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company to hold office for a period of five year from the conclusion of the 31st AGM till the conclusion of 36th AGM of the Company to be held in the FY 2021. As per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, their appointment needs to be ratified by the shareholders at every AGM held during the period for five years i.e. the period of their appointment.

There are no comments / qualifications in Auditor's reporta-

Cost Auditor

As per the requirement of Central Government and pursuant to Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time, your Company has carried out audit of cost records from F. Y. 2018-19. The Cost Audit Report for FY 2018-19 was filed on 22nd August, 2019 in Form CRA-4.

The Board of Directors, on the recommendation of Audit Committee, has appointed Jitendrakumar & Associates, Cost Accountants, (Firm Registration No. 101561) as the Cost Auditor to audit the cost records of the Company for Financial Year 2020-21. The Company is seeking the ratification of the Shareholders for the appointment of Jitendrakumar & Associates, Cost Accountants as the Cost Accountant of the Company for the Financial Year ending 31st March 2020 and remuneration payable.

Secretarial Auditor and Secretarial Audit Report

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, the Board of Directors of the Company has appointed Mr. Virendra G. Bhatt, Practicing Company Secretary (C.P. No.: 124) to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2020.

The Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2020 has been annexed as Annexure 3 to this Report in form MR-3.



There are no Secretarial Audit observations / qualifications for the year under review.

SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANY

During the year, your Company acquired 100% shares in Chembond Water Technologies (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. Post-acquisition Chembond Water Technologies (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. became Wholly owned Subsidiary Company of your Company.

The statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiary and associate company is annexed as Annexure 4 to this report in form AOC-1.

The financials of the Subsidiary company(ies) are not consolidated with the financial of your Company, however they are consolidated with the financials of the ultimate holding company of your Company i.e. Chembond Chemicals Limited. Company has received consent from shareholders of the Company for not consolidating financials of Chembond Clean Water Technologies Limited and Chembond Water Technologies Limited (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. with the Company instead be consolidated with the ultimate holding company Chembond Chemicals Limited.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All transactions entered into with Related Parties as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 during the financial year were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis and do not attract the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013. Suitable disclosure as required by the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS - 24) has been made in the notes to the Financial Statements.

PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy. No complaint were received during the year under review.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Board takes this opportunity to express its deep thanks to the customers, vendors, shareholders, and bankers for the faith they have reposed in the Company. Your Directors also place on record their sincere appreciation of the contribution of its employees for their competence, hard work, and cooperation.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Chembond Water Technologies Limited**

Nirmal V. Shah

DIN 00083853

Managing Director

J.J. Sameer V. Shah Director

DIN 00105721



Mumbai May 28, 2020

ANNEXURE 1 ANNEXURE TO THE BOARDS' REPORT THE EXTRACT OF THE ANNUAL RETURN as on the financial year ended 31.03.2020 [Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, and Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 FORM MGT-9

I. Registration and other details

CIN	U24110MH1984PLC143564
Registration Date	12 th December, 1984
Name of the Company	Chembond Water Technologies Limited
Category / Sub-Category of the Company	Company having Share Capital
Address of the Registered Office and Contact details	Chembond Centre, EL-71 Mahape MIDC, Navi Mumbai 400710 Tel: (9122) 62643000 Fax: (9122) 27681294
Whether listed Company	No
Name, address and contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any	Link Intime India Private Limited Email: accounts@linkintime.co.in Fax: +91 022- 49186060 Phone: +91 022 49186000 C 101, 247 Park, L B S Marg, Vikhroli, Mumbai - 400083

II. Principal Business Activities of the Company

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the Company shall be stated:

Sr. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/ service	% to total turnover of the company		
1	Water Treatment Chemicals and Equipments	3600	96%		

III. Particulars of Holding, Subsidiary and Associate companies:

Sr. No	Name and address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ subsidiary/ associate	% of shares held	Applicable section
1	Chembond Chemicals Limited EL-71, Chembond Centre, MIDC, Mahape, Navi Mumbai – 400710	L24100MH1975PLC018235	Holding Company	100%	2(46)
2	Chembond Clean Water Technologies Limited EL-37, MIDC, Mahape, Navi Mumbai – 400710	U29248MH2010PLC202124	Associate Company	48%	2(6)
3,	Chembond Water Technologies (Małaysia) Sdn. Bhd Suite 39.1.6, First Floor, Jalan Kenari 17C, Bandar Puchong Jaya, 47100 Puchong, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia	Foreign Company	Subsidiary	100	2(87)



IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

i) Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders		hares held r 1 st April, 2	at the begi 019	nning of	No. of Shares held at the end of the year 31 st March, 2020				% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual / HUF	0	5	5	0.001	3	2	5	0.001	0
b) Central Govt.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) State Govt.(s)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) Bodies	0	499,995	499,995	99.999	499,995	0	499,995	99.999	0
Corporate									
e) Banks / Fl	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f) Any Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total (A) (1):-	0	5,00,000	5,00,000	100	499,998	2	5,00,000	100	0
(2) Foreign									
a) NRIs – Individuals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Other – Individuals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Bodies Corp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) Banks / Fl	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e) Any Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total (A) (2):-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total shareholding of Promoter (A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)	0	5,00,000	5,00,000	100	499,998	2	5,00,000	100	0
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions a) Mutual Funds b) Banks / Fl c) Central Govt d) State Govt(s) e) Venture Capital Funds f) Insurance									



Grand Total (A+B+C)	0	5,00,000	5,00,000	100	499,998	2	5,00,000	100	0
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Institutions a) Bodies Corp. i) Indian ii) Overseas b) Individuals i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 1 lakh ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs 1 lakh c) Others (specify) Sub-total (B)(2):- Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+ (B)(2) C. Shares hold									
Sub-total (B)(1):- 2. Non-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds i) Others (specify)									



£.,

Sr. No.	Shareholder's Name		ding at the begi 1 st April, 2019	nning of	Share ho year 31 st			
		No. of Shares	%of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	% of total Shares of the company	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	%of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	% change in share holding during the year
1	Chembond Chemicals Limited	499,994	0	99.999	499,994	99.999	0	0
2	Mr. Sameer V. Shah Jointly Shilpa S. Shah*	1	0	0.0002	1	0.0002	0	0
3	Mr. Nirmal V. Shah Jointly Mamta N. Shah*	1	0	0.0002	1	0.0002	0	0
4	Mrs. Mamta N. Shah Jointly Nirmal V. Shah*	1	0	0.0002	1	0.0002	0	0
5	Mr. Bhadresh D. Shah Jointly Parul Shah*	1	0	0.0002	1	0.0002	0	0
6	Dr. Shilpa S. Shah Jointly Sameer V. Shah*	1	0	0.0002	1	0.0002	0	0
7	Finor Piplaj Chemicals Limited*	1	0	0.0002	1	0.0002	0	0
	Total	500000	0	100.00	500000	100.00	0	0

*Nominee shareholders of Chembond Chemicals Limited

(iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

Sr.	Name of the	Shareholding		Shareholding		Reason for change
No.	Shareholder	No of shares at the beginning of the year 1st April, 2019	% of total Shares of the company	No of shares at the end of the year 31st March, 2020	% of total Shares of the company	
			No Change d	luring the year		



(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

Sr. No.	For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders		ng at the beginning 1 st April, 2019		Shareholding during ^t March, 2020
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
	At the beginning of the year		No Change	during the yea	ar
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):			during the yea	
	At the End of the year (or on the date of separation, if separated during the year)		No Change	during the yea	ar

(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

Sr. No.	For Each of the Directors and KMP	Shareholding a the year 1 st Ap	t the beginning of ril, 2019	Shareholding a year- 31 st Mare	at the end of the ch, 2020
	Name of the Director/KMP	No. of shares	No. of shares % of total shares of No. the company		% of total shares of the company
1	Mr. Nirmal V. Shah	1	0.0002	1	0.0002
2	Mr. Sameer V. Shah	1	0.0002	1	0.0002

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the	79.63	267.15	Nil	346.78
financial year				
i) Principal Amount				
ii) Interest due but not paid				
iii) Interest accrued but not due				
Total (i+ii+iii)	79.63	267.15	Nil	346.78
Change in Indebtedness during the				
financial year	Nil	246.66	Nil	246.66
Addition				
Reduction	-79.63	-75.44	Nil	-155.07
Net Change	-79.63	171.22	Nil	91.59
Indebtedness at the				
end of the financial year	0.00	438.37	Nil	438.37
i) Principal Amount				
ii) Interest due but not paid				
iii) Interest accrued but not due				
Total (i+ii+iii)	0.00	438.37	Nil	438.37



VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

Sr.	Particulars of Remuneration	Nirmal V.	Vinod J.	(Rs. In Lakhs) Total
No.		Shah (Managing Director)	Deshpande (Executive Director)	Amount
1.	Gross salary			
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	20.75	45.33	66.08
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961	15.59	Nil	15.59
2.	Stock Option	NA	N.A.	81.67
3.	Sweat Equity	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
4.	Incentive	12.00	23.41	35.41
5.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify			
6.	Others, please specify	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
	Total (A)	48.34	68.74	117.08
	Ceiling as per the Act@		160	

@Amount rounded off to thousand.

B. Remuneration to other Directors.

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Sameer V. Shah	Mahendra K. Ghelani	Satish N. Chilekar	Total Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)
	Independent Directors Fee for attending board / committee meetings, Commission, Others, please specify	NA	0.75	Nil	0.75
	Total (1)	NA	0.75	Nil	0.75
	Other Non-Executive Directors Fee for attending board / committee meetings, Commission, Others, please specify	Nil	NA	NA	Nil
	Total (2)	Nil	NA	NA	Nil
	Total (B)=(1+2)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	Total Managerial Remuneration (A+B)		94	4.42	
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act		As per Act/Shar	eholders approv	al.



C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Mana	gerial Perso	nnel	
		CEO	CS	CFO	Total
1,	Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act 1961	NA	NA	NA	NA
2.	Stock Option	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.	Sweat Equity	NA	NA	NA	NA
4.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify	NA	NA	NA	NA
5.	Others, please specify	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Total	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

No penalties/punishment/compounding of offences were levied on the Company or Director or any of its officers during the year under review.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Chembond Water Technologies Limited

V. Ví Sameer V. Shah Director

DIN: 00105721



Nirmal V. Shah Managing Director DIN: 00083853

Mumbai May 28, 2020

Annexure 2 to Boards' report

Report on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities for the Financial Year 2019-20

1,,	A brief outline of the Company's CSR Policy including overview of projects or programs proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the web-link to the CSR Policy and Projects or Programs.	The Company has done various CSR activities through Visan Trust in the areas of education to underprivileged children, healthcare, women empowerment, health training and vocational training center etc. Some of the Projects are Visan Trust Girls Education Project and Chembond Children's Centre which runs non-formal education centres at Pasthal and Shirgaon near Tarapur.
2.	Composition of Committee	Mr. Nirmal V. Shah – Chairman Mr. Sameer V. Shah – Member Mr. Mahendra Ghelani – Member
3.	Average Net Profit of the Company for the last 3 FY's	₹ 1161.54 lakhs
4.	Prescribed CSR Expenditure (2% of the amount mentioned in item 3 above)	₹ 23.23 lakhs
5.	 Details of CSR spent during the Financial Year a. Total amount spent for the Financial year. b. Amount unspent, if any. c. Manner in which the amount spent during the Financial year. 	₹ 23.25 lakhs Nil Details provided in the table given below.
6.	Reason for not spending the amount earmarked.	NA



						(₹ in	Lakhs)
Sr. No.	CSR Project or activity identified	Sector in which the project is covered (Clause no. of Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013.)	Project or Program (1) Local area or other (2) specify the State and District where projects or programs was undertaken	Amount Outlay (Budget) Project or Program wise	Amount spent on the Projects or Programs Sub heads: (1) Direct Expenditure on Projects or Programs (2) Overheads	Cumulative Expenditure upto the reporting period i.e. FY 2019-20	Amount spent through Implementing Agency
1	Promotion of Education, Women empowerment and vocational training	Education Clause (ii) Women Empowerment (iii) Vocational Training (vii)	Pasthal and Shirgaon near Tarapur, Maharashtra	23.23	23.25	62.10	Through Visan Trust
2	Healthcare, women empowerment, child education, community health training, eye care project and Vocational training centre	Education Clause (ii) Women Empowerment (iii) Healthcare (iv) Vocational Training (vii)	Jagadia, Gujarat	0	0	2.00	Through Seva Rural
3	Contribution for treatment of Cancer Victims	combating human immune deficiency virus, acquired immune deficiency syndrome, malaria and other disease (v)	Mumbai	0	0	0.10	Through Awaaz, (Institute of Chemical Technology)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Chembond Water Technologies Limited**

1

Nirmal V. Shah **Managing Director** DIN: 00083853

Sameer V. Shah Director DIN: 00105721



Mumbai May 28, 2020

Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2020 [Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members, Chembond Water Technologies Limited

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Chembond Water Technologies Limited (Hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provides me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's statutory registers, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed with the Registrar of Companies ('the ROC'), soft copy of the various records sent over mail as provided by the Company and other relevant records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 prima facie complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder.

I have examined the statutory registers, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed with the ROC and other relevant records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made there under;
- (ii) I further report that, the management has identified and confirm the other laws as specifically applicable to the Company and the Company have proper system to comply with the provisions of the respective Acts, rules and Regulations;
- (iii) The Company has prima facie complied with the Secretarial Standards 1 and 2 issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India;
- (iv) The management is responsible for compliances of all business law includes maintenance of statutory registers and records required by the concerned authorities and internal control of the concerned department and there are prima facie adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor & ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations & guidelines.

During the period under review, I am of the opinion that the Company has prima facie complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. as mentioned above.

I further report that:

1. I have not examined the Financial Statement, financial Books & related financial Act like Income Tax, Sales Tax, Value Added Tax, Goods and Service Tax Act, ESIC, Provident Fund &

Professional Tax, Related Party Transactions etc. For these matters, I rely on the report of statutory auditor's for Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2020.

- 2. The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Directors as prescribed under the Act. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.
- 3. As per the information provided, prima facie adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance.
- 4. As per the information provided and as per minutes of the meetings, majority decisions of the Board were unanimous and no dissenting views were found as part of the minutes.
- 5. During the period under review, the Company has acquired 100.00% Equity Shares of Chembond Water Technologies (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. (*Formerly known as the Chembond Chemicals (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.*). Post acquisition Chembond Water Technologies (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. becomes Subsidiary Company of the Company.

I further report that during the period under review, the Company has filed Forms required to be filed within prescribed time and few with the additional fees.

I further report that during the audit period, there were no instances of:

- in Public/ Rights/ Preferential issue of shares/debentures/ sweat equity, etc.;
- ii. Issue of equity shares under Employee Stock Option Scheme;
- iii. Redemption / Buy- back of securities;
- ive Major decisions taken by the Members in pursuance to Section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013 which would have major bearing on the Company's affairs.
- v. Merger / amalgamation /Reconstruction etc.
- vi. Foreign Technical Collaborations.

I further report that:

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the Management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these Secretarial Records based on my audit.
- I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in the Secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed, provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
- 3. Wherever required, I have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of Laws, Rules and Regulations and happening of events etc.
- 4. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of Company.

- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable Laws, Rules, Regulations, Standards is the responsibility of the Management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficacy or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.
- 7. Due to COVID 19 and continuous Lockdown, I am unable to partially verify the information physically, therefore I rely on the information provided by the Company in electronic mode.

Place: Mumbai Date: 28th May, 2020

UDIN: A001157B000290743

Virendra G. Bhatt ACS No.: 1157 COP No.: 124

Annexure 4 to Boards' Report

Form AOC-1

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint venture as on 31st March, 2020

		ĩ
ц	No Sr.	
Chembond Water Technologies (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Name of subsidiary	
24.07.19	Date since when the subsidiary was incorporate or acquired	Part "A": Subsidiaries
24.07.19 to 31.03.20	Reporting Period	A": Sut
RM**	Reporting Currency	osidia
29.30	Share Capital	ries
32.88	Reserves & Surplus	
81.53	Total Assets	
19.35	Total Liabilities	
1.177	Investments	
165.41	Turnover	
21.22	Profit Before Taxation	
6.43	Provision for Taxation	(Rs
14.79	Profit after Taxation	Rs.in Lakhs)
100*	% of Shareholding	chs)

100% Equity Shares acquired during the FY 2019-20. ** Malaysia Ringgit- 1RM = INR 17.46 as on 31.03.2020,

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures. Part "B"

It is being consolidated with ultimate holding company.	Not Considered in Consolidation	₿
Not considered for consolidation.	Considered in Consolidation	A
777.18	Profit / Loss for the year	7
404.69	Networth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	σ
The same is consolidated with the ultimate holding Company.	Reason why the associate is not consolidated	л
Under the same Management	Description of how there is significant influence	4
48.00%	Extend of holding (%)	С
635.75	Amount of Investment in Associates	B
39,73,467	No. of shares	A
As follows	Shares of Associate held by the Company on the year end	ω
31.03.2020	Latest Audited Balance Sheet Date	2
Chembond Clean Water Technologies Limited	Name of Associate	1
(Associate)	Particulars	Sr. No.
(Rs. in Lakhs)		

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Chembond Water Technologies Limited

Managing Director DIN 00083853 Mumbai

28th May, 2020

Director Sameer V. Shah N. MA

ate

DIN 00105721

Nirmal V. Shah





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Chembond Water Technologies Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Chembond Water Technologies Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2020, the statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive loss), statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2020, and profit and other comprehensive loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter – Effects of COVID-19

We draw attention to Note 46 in the financial statements, which describes the uncertainties and the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on the Company's operations and financial statements as

Bathiya & Associates LLP

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assessed by the management. The actual results may differ from such estimates depending on future developments. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the India Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

• Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative



factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the **Annexure A**, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the financial statements have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c. The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss, the statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of these financial statements;
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2020, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2020, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B"; and
- 3. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:



- i. There were no pending litigations which would impact the financial position of the Company.
- ii. The Company does not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amount required to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company in accordance to the provision of the Act, and rules made there under.
- 4. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under section 197(16):

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has paid and / or provided remuneration to the director during the year ended 31st March, 2020 in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act.

For Bathiya & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 101046W / W100063

Jatin A. Thakkar Partner Membership No.: 134767

Place : Mumbai **Date :** 28th May, 2020 **UDIN :** 20134767AAAAAM1482



(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date for the year ended 31st March, 2020)

Report on Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") of the Company.

- (i) In respect of Fixed Assets:
 - (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) As per the information and explanations given to us, all the assets have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals during the year. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) The Company does not hold any immovable property. Therefore, in our opinion, clause(i) (c) of the aforesaid Order is not applicable to the Company.

(ii) In respect of its Inventories:

As per the information and explanations given to us, the physical verification of inventories has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and as explained to us the discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records were not material.

- (iii) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, clause (iii) (a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 186 of the Act, in respect of investments. The Company has not given loans, given guarantees and provided securities covered by provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Act.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public during the year under sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed thercunder. Therefore, clause (v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) On the basis of explanation and representation given by the management and on our broad review of the cost records maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (cost records and audit) Rules, 2014 prescribed by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Act, we are of the opinion that prima facie the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.



- (vii) In respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) As per information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, profession tax, Goods and Service Tax, custom duty, cess and other statutory dues applicable to the Company have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities though there has been delays in deposit in a few cases which are not serious. Further, there are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of income tax, Goods and Service Tax, customs duty and cess which were in arrears, as at 31st March, 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, Value Added Tax, service tax, Goods and Service Tax, custom duty, excise duty and cess, which have not been deposited on account of any dispute except in the case of Value Added Tax and income tax wherein the following disputes are pending:

Name of statute	Amount (Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates (Financial Year)	Forum where dispute is pending		
Income Tax	3,04,960	2008-09	Deputy Commissioner of Income Tax, Mumbai		
Income Tax	330	2009-10	Deputy Commissioner of Income Tax, Mumbai		
Income Tax (TDS)	1,39,320	Various Years (including 2018-19)	Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Centralised Processing Cell – TDS		
Income Tax	7,32,550	2017-18	Demand raised by CPC, Bangalore		
TamilNaduValueAddedTax Act	2,21,566	2016-17	Demand raised in VAT Audit Report, Tamil Nadu		
TOTAL	13,98,726				

- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayments of dues to the banks, financial institutions, Government or debenture holders.
- (ix) On the basis of records of the Company examined by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loan during the year. Therefore, the clause (ix) of the aforesaid Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (x) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instances of fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company by its officers or employees noticed or reported during the year, nor we have been informed of such case by the management.



- (xi) On the basis of records of the Company examined by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, the managerial remuneration has been paid and/or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi company, hence the clause (xii) of the aforesaid Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) On the basis of records of the Company examined by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has entered into all transactions with related parties in compliance with Section 177 and Section 188 of the Act, where applicable and the same is disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotments or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Therefore, clause (xiv) of the aforesaid Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) On the basis of records of the Company examined by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with directors. Therefore, clause (xv) of the aforesaid Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, hence clause (xvi) of the aforesaid Order is not applicable to the Company.

For **Bathiya & Associates LLP** Chartered Accountants Firm's registration number: 101046W/W100063

Jatin A. Thakkar Partner Membership Number: 134767

Place: Mumbai Date: 28th May, 2020



Annexure - B to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date for the year ended March 31, 2020)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Chembond Water Technologies Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the 'Guidance Note'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

(1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;

(2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of Management and directors of the Company; and

(3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper Management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

For Bathiya & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 101046W / W100063

Jatin A. Thakkar Partner Membership No.: 134767

Place : Mumbai Date : 28th May, 2020



ETS	Notes	As at 31/03/2020 (Rs. In lakhs)	As at 31/03/2019 (Rs. in lakhs)
ion-current assets			
a) Property, plant and equipment	3	413.90	393.
 Other Intangible Assets 	3	10.59	2.
c) Financial Assets			
i)Investments	. 4	698.44	635.
ii)Other financial assets	5	733.58	1,123.
d) Income tax asset (net)	6	. 210.21	109
e) Other non-current assets	7	10.73	10 2,275
Total Non - Current Assets		2,011,44	
urrent Assets			
a) Inventories	8	498.58	566
) Financial Assets			Ì
i)Investments	9	59,91	13
ii)Trade receivables	10	3,696.67	4,36
iii)Cash and cash equivalents	11	69.26	5:
iv)Other bank balances	12	710.00	7
v)Loans	13	3.65	
vi)Other financial assets	14	29,10	. 3
c) Current Tax (Net)	15	36.01	- 8
d), Other current assets	16	138.71	15
Total Current Assets		5,241.89	5,34
Total Assets		7,319.34	7,62
UITY AND LIABILITIES			
a) Share capital	17	50.00	50
b) Other equity	18	5,105.56	4,76
Total Equity		5,155.56	4,81
Ion-Current Liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
i)Borrowings	19	38.37	. 3
b) Provisions	20	43.64	3
c) Deferred tax ilabilities (Net)	21	3.87	1
Total Non - Current Liabilities		85.89	
Current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			1
i)Borrowings	22	400.00	30
ii)Trade payables	23	254.67	
Trade payables -MSMED	23	1,018.57	1,25
Trade payables -Others iii)Other financial liabilities	23	300.23	29
b) Other current liabilities	25	103.72	15
c) Provisions	26	0.70	
Total Current Liabilities	20	2,077.89	2,71
Total Equity and Liabilities		7,319.34	7,62

As per our attached report of even date

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For Bathlya & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN - 101046W/W100063

Jatin A. Thakkar Partner Membership No. : 134767

Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Chembond Water Technologies Limited CIN: U24110MH1984PLC143564

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Nirmal V. Shah Director DIN : 00083853 Sameer V. Shah Director DIN: 00105721

Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020 Date: 28th May, 2020

Vinod[/]J. Despande Director DIN: 07529370

Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020

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Chembond Water Technologies Ltd. Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2020

		Notes	As at 31/03/2020 (Rs. In lakhs)	As at 31/03/2019 (Rs. in lakhs)
	Revenue From Operations	27	12,423.19	13,165.41
i i	Other Income	28	166.62	82.58
	Total Revenue (I+II)	20	12,589,81	13,247.99
łV	Expenses : Cost of Materials Consumed	29	5,749.20	6,822.05
	Purchases of Stock-in-trade	30	348.12	358.27
	Changes in Inventories of Finished goods and Stock-in-Trade		66.59	(115.47)
	Employee Benefits Expense	32	2,604,03	2,146.15
	Finance Costs	33	82.60	45,58
	Depreciation and Amortisation expense	34	87.14	70.37
	Other Expenses	35	2,619.17	2,702.16
			11,556.85	12,029.11
	Total Expenses		11,000.00	12,023,14
v	Profit before Exceptional items and Tax		1,032.97	1,218.89
VI	Exceptional Items		-	-
VII	Profit before Tax		1,032.97	1,218.89
VIII	Tax Expense			
	Current Tax		271.67	350.62
	Deferred Tax		(15.88)	12.36
	Total Tax Expense		255.78	362,99
152	Profit for the Year		777.18	855.90
IX.	Pront for the fear		///.10	000.00
Х	Other Comprehenshive Income			· ·
1	i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(15,48)	(4.72)
	ii) Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		3.97	1.38
2	i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
	ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
	Other Comprehensive Income (1+2)		(11.51)	(3.35)
	Total Comprehensive Income (IX+X)		765.67	852,55
XI	Earning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 10 each	42		
	Basic (in Rs.)		155,44	171.18
	Diluted (in Rs.)		155.44	171.18
		1-47		

As per our attached report of even date

For Bathiya & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN - 101046W/W100063

fin forthe Ĥ Jatin A. Thakkar

Partner Membership No. : 134767

Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Chembond Water Technologies Limited CIN: U24110MH1984PLC143564

Nirmal V. Shah

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Director DIN: 00083853 Sameer V. Shah Director DIN: 00105721

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<u>S3I90</u>

Place : MVmbai. Date: 28th May, 2020 Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020

Vinod J. Despande Director DIN: 07529370

Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020

Chembond Water Technologies Limited

Cash Flow Statement for the Half Year ended 31st March, 2020

(All amount are in rupees lakhs, except per share data and unless stated otherwise)

(Rs in Lakhs) Year ended 31st March, 2020 Year ended 31st March, 2019 Particulars A. Cash Flow From Operating Activities 1,032.97 1,218.89 Profit before tax Adjustments for: 87.14 70.37 Depreciation and Amortization Loss on Sale of Property, Plant & Equipement 0.76 82.60 45.58 Finance Cost 170.50 115.95 Less : Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Net Gain on Investments Profit on Sale of Property Plant & Equipement 5.22 **Dividend Received** (7,81) 86.36 (67.45) Interest on bank deposits and loans at amortised cost Other Comprehensive Income (86.36) (70.04)1,264.80 1,117.11 Operating profit before working capital changes Adjustments for 276.02 Trade and Other Receivables 613.28 Inventories 68.09 (428.66) (682.94) 380.36 Trade and Other Payables 10.06 Other Adjustments Other Financial Assets 389.89 (465.59)Other Assets(Income Tax asset) 18.99 Other Liabilities and Provisions (9.12) Adjustment in Retained earnings of June 9.75 398.07 (217.96)Cash generated from operating activities 1,515,17 1,046.84 (303.71) (448.31) Income taxes paid (Net of Refund) Net cash generated from operating activities (A) 1,211.46 598.54 в. Cash Flow From Investing Activities (117.14)(221.65)Payment to acquire Property, plant & equipments Proceeeds from Sale of Property, plant & equipments 0.38 122.42 (468.98) (919,12) Purchase of Investment Sale of Investment 360.00 430.42 7.81 Dividend Income (0.14) 3.60 Loans given to Employees 86.36 67.45 Interest on bank deposits and loans at amortised cost Net cash used in investing activities (B) (139.53)(509.07) C. Cash Flow From Financing Activities: 1.22 0.37 Proceeds/(Repayment) of long Term Borrowings 90.37 22.27 Proceeds/(Repayment) of Short Term Borrowings (434.00) (290.48) Dividend paid Tax on dividend paid (82.60) (45.58) Finance Cost Net cash used in financing activities (C) (425.00)(313.79)Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) 646.93 (224.33) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Bank Balances as on Opening 132.33 356.66 Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Bank Balances as on Closing 779.26 132.33

As per our attached report of even date

For Bathiya & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN - 101046W/W100063

Timber Jun A.

Jatin A. Thakkar Partner Membership No. : 134767

Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Chembond Water Technologies Limited CIN: U24110MH1984PLC143564

Sameer V. Shah Director DIN: 00105721

Vinod J. Despande

Nirmal V. Shah Director DIN : 00083853

Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020 Place : Mumbai/ Pla Date: 28th May, 2020 Dat

DIN: 07529370 Place : Mumbai, Date: 28th May, 2020

Director

Chembond Water Technologies Ltd.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2020

(a) Equity share capital		
	No. of Shares	(Rs. In lakhs)
Balance as at 31st March 2018	5,00,000	50
Changes in equity share capital		-
Balance as at 31 March 2019	5,00,000	50
Changes in equity share capital	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2020	5,00,000	50

(b) Other Equity

		Reserves and Surplus		
Particulars	General Reserve	Retained earnings/Profit & Loss Account	Remeasurements of the net defined benefit Pians	Total other equity
Balance as at 31st March 2018	761.22	3,436.48	2.59	4,200.32
Profit for the year		855.90		855,90
Effects of previous year transactions		4.54		4.54
Other comprehensive income for the year Total Comprehensive			(6.10)	(6.10)
Dividend Paid		(240.95)	<u>\$</u>	(240,96)
Tax on Dividend Paid Set off of Dividend Tax in respect of Dividend from Subsidiary Company	•	(49.53)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(49.53)
Transferred to General Reserve Transferred from Retained Earnings	70.00	(70.00)		
Balance as at 31st March 2019	831.22	3,936.43	(3,51)	4,764,18
Profit for the year		777.18		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Effects of previous year transactions Other comprehensive income for the year Total Comprehensive income		9.75	(11.51)	(11.51)
Transactions with owners of the company		•		
Transferred to General Reserve Interim Dividend on Equity Shares	70.00	(70.00)		(0.00)
Interim Dividend Distribution Tax		(45.22)		(45.22)
Dividend Paid Tax on Dividend Paid		(140.00) (28.78)		(140.00) (28.78)
Set off of Dividend Tax in respect of Dividend from Subsidiary Company Balance as at 31st March 2020	901.22	4,219.37	(15.02)	5,105.60





NOTE 1 - COMPANY OVERVIEW

- "Chembond Water Technologies Ltd. is a subsidiary of Chembond Chemicals Ltd.
- Chembond is an established manufacturer of Specialty chemicals in India since 1975. We have been operating in the value added Water

Treatment Solutions field since 1984 and serve diverse industries like Steel, Power, Fertilizers, Refineries, Petrochemicals, Mining, Sugar, paper and pulp, textile and Municipal corporation.

Our water management involves the use of the state-of-the-art chemical technology supported by onsite services to ensure the continuous and consistent performance monitoring of the treatment program. The Company has been incorporated on December 12, 1984.

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of Compliance

These financial statements are separate financial statements of the Company (also called standalone financial statements). The Company has prepared financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended March 31, 2019.

For all the periods up to the year ended March 31, 2017, the Company had prepared its financial statements in accordance with the requirements of previous GAAP, which includes Standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended).

A Basis of Preparation, measurement and Transition to Ind AS

The financial statements of the Company are prepared in Compliance with Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 and other relevant provisions of the Act. The Statements are prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values

Effective April 1, 2017 the Company has adopted all the Ind AS standards and the adoption as carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101, Firsttime Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards, with April 1, 2016 as the transition date. The transition was carried out from Indian Accounting Principles generally accepted in India as prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Comapnies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (IGAAP), which was the previous GAAP.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these financial statements except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The financial statements are prepared in INR, which is the company's functional currency

B Current and Non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balace sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

(i) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle

(ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading

(iii) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or

(iv) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for atleast twelve months after the reporting period All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

(i) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle.

(ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading

(iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

(iv) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for atleast twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all ither liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-cuuent assets and liabilities respectively.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The company has identified twelve months as its normal operating cycle.

C Use of Estimates

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires the management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The areas involving critical estimates or judgements are:

a. Estimation of taxes

b. Determination of the estimated useful lives of intangible assets and determining intangible assets having an indefinite useful life.

c.Determination of the estimated useful lives of tangible assets and the assessment as to which components of the cost may be capitalized

d. Recognition and measurement of defined benefit obligations, key actuarial assumptions

e. Recognition and measurement of provisions and contingencies, key assumptions about the likelihood and magnitude of an outflow of resources

f. Fair value of financial instruments





D Property, Plant and Equipment

- The cost of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment ('PPE') is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost can be measured reliably,
- PPE are initially recognised at cost. The initial cost of PPE comprises its purchase price (including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes but excluding any trade discount and rebates), and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.
- Subsequent to initial recognition, PPE are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent expenditure relating to PPE is capitalizes only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. When an item of PPE is replaced, then its carrying amonut is derecognised and the cost of the new item of PPE is recognised. Further, in case the replaced part was not depreciated separately, the cost of the replacement is used as an indication to determine the cost of the replaced part at the time it was acquired. All other repair and maintenance cost are recognised in Statement of profit and loss as incurred. The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

An item of PPE and any significant part initially recognised is derecongnised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gains or losses arising from de-recognition of PPE are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss when the PPE is derecognised. The Company identifies and determines cost of each component/part of the asset separately, if the component/part has a cost which is significant to the total cost of the asset and has useful life that is materially different from that of the remaining asset.

Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment loss, if any. Profit or Loss on disposal of intangible assets is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation on PPE has been provided based on useful life of the assets in accordance with Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, under Written Down Value method. Depreciation on assets acquired / disposed off during the year is provided on pro-rata basis with reference to the date of addition / disposal. Residual value for all assets (including intangible assets) are considered at 5% of cost of acquisition of an asset. Depreciation / Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual value are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. Amortisation on Intangible asset consisting of computer softwares has been provided based on their useful life which is estimated as 3 years, under the Written Down Value method (WDV).

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of PPE are reviewed on a regular basis and changes in estimates, when relevant, are accounted for on a prospective basis

Capital Work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress comprises the cost of assets that are yet not ready for their intended use at the balance sheet date. Advances given towards acquisition of fixed assets outstanding at each balance sheet date are classified as Capital Advances under Other Non-Current Assets.

E Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of the cost determined on weighted average basis or net realisable value. The comparison of cost and net realisable value is made on an item-by-item basis. Damaged, unserviceable and inert stocks are valued at net realizable value.

Cost of raw materials, packing materials and stores spares and consumables Stocks is determined so as to exclude from the cost, taxes and duties which are subsequently recoverable from the taxing authorities.

Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress includes the cost of materials, an appropriate allocation of overheads and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

F Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are inclusive of excise duty and net of returns, trade discount or rebates and applicable taxes and duties collected on behalf of the government and which are levied on such sales.

The Company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company.

i. Revenue from sale of goods is recognised on transfer of all significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer as per terms of Contract, usually on delivery of goods.

ii. Revenue from services is recognised pro-rata as and when services are rendered over a specified period of time. The company collects servive tax / goods and service tax on behalf of the government and therefore it is not an economic benefit flowing to the company. Hence it is excluded from the revenue.

G Interest income is recognised using effective interest method on time proportion basis taking in to account the amount outstanding. Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

H Foreign Currency Translation

The functional currency of the Company is Indian rupee (₹).

Transactions in foreign currencies entered into by the Company are accounted in the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated at functional currency closing rate of exchange at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on foreign exchange transactions settled during the year are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetory assets and liabilities that are measured in terms or measured cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated



Impairment of Assets

1

(i) Financial assets (other than at fair value)

The Company assesses at each date of Balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Company recognises lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and/or all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12 month expected credit losses or an amount equal to the life time expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

(ii) Non-financial assets

Tangible and intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite life are evaluated for recoverability whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount (i.e. higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. in such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the assets belongs. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

J Retirement Benefits :

(a) Short term Employee Benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability (accrued expense) after deducting any amount already paid.

Post Employment Benefits

I. Defined Contribution Plan

Defined contribution plans are employee state insurance scheme and Government administered pension fund scheme for all applicable employees and superannuation scheme for eligible employees. Recognition and measurement of defined contribution plans:

The Company recognizes contribution payable to a defined contribution plan as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the employees render services to the Company during the reporting period. If the contributions payable for services received from employees before the reporting date exceeds the contributions already paid, the deficit payable is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution due for services received before the reporting date, the exceeds the contribution due for services received before the reporting date, the excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

II. Defined Benefit plans:

Provident Fund scheme

The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Employee Provident Fund scheme in accordance with the statutory provisions Gratuity scheme

The Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan for employees. The Company contributes to a separate entity (a fund) administered by LIC, towards meeting the Gratuity obligation.

Pension Scheme:

The Company operates a defined benefit pension plan for certain specified employees and is payable upon the employee satisfying certain conditions, as approved by the Board of Directors.

Recognition and measurement of Defined Benefit plans:

The cost of providing defined benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit method with actuarial valuations being carried out at each reporting date. The defined benefit obligations recognized in the Balance Sheet represent the present value of the defined benefit obligations as reduced by the fair value of plan assets, if applicable. Any defined benefit asset (negative defined benefit obligations resulting from this calculation) is recognized representing the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the plan.

in the Sstatement of Pprofit and Lloss. Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability

/ (asset) comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on the plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset), are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income. Such remeasurements are not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the subsequent periods.

The Company presents the above liability/(asset) as current and non-current in the Balance Sheet as per actuarial valuation by the independent actuary, however, the entire liability towards gratuity is considered as current as the Company will contribute this amount to the gratuity fund within the next twelve months.

Other Long Term Employee Benefits:

The Company does not allow any accumulation of leavebalance or encashment thereof.

K Provision For Current & Deferred Tax

Income tax expenses comprises of current and deferred tax expense and is recognised in the statement of profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or in OCI, in which case, the tax is also recognised in directly in equity or OCI respectively.

Current Tax

Current tax is the amount expected tax payable or recoverable on the taxable profit or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or recoverable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.





Deferred Tax

Deferred Income Tax is recognised using the Balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and their carrying amount, except when the deferred income tax arisies from the initial recognition of an assets or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the exent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using substantively enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which the temporary differences are expected to be received or settled.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the relevant entity intends to settles its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the Balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

The Company recognises interest levied and penalties related to income tax assessments in finance costs.

L Earnings Per Share :

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which includes all stock options granted to employees. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

M Provision, Contingent Liabilities And Contingent Assets :

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pretax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liability is disclosed for,

- (i) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company, or
- . (ii) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made

Contingent Assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

N Dividend distribution to equity shareholders

Dividend to equity shareholders is recognised as a loability in the period in which the dividends are approved by the equity shareholders. Interim dividends that are declared by the Board of Directors without the need for equity shareholders' approvals are recognised as a liability and deducted from shareholders' equity in the year in which dividends are declared by the Board of directors.

O Lease Accounting

A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the lessee is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Company as a lessee

Finance leases are capitalised at the commencement of the lease at the inception date fair value of the leased property or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in profit or loss as finance costs, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Company's general policy on the borrowing costs. Contingent rentals are recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Operating lease payments are generally recognised as an expense in the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Where the rentals are structured solely to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases, such increases are recognised in the year in which such benefits accrue. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are also recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incrured.





. Company as a lessor

Rental income from operating lease is generally recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Where the rentals are structured solely to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the Company's expected inflationary cost increases, such increases are recognised in the year in which such benefits accrue. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the Company's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Company's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

P Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

Q Trade Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are usually unsecured. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within twelve months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value.

R Financial Instruments

Finacial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transacion costa that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and finacial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial assets or financial liability.

I. Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

II. Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequentlymeasure at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

III. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and selling financial assets.

The company has made an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of equity investments not held for trading.

IV. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognised in profit or loss.

V. Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

VI. Equity instruments

An equity instruments is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments recognised by the company are recognised at the proceeds received net off direct issue cost.





3 Property, plant and equipment, Intangibles and Capital work in progress as at 31st march 2020

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GROSS BL	GR	GROSS BLOCK	OCK (AT COST)		DEPREC	DEPRECIATION INCLUDING AMORTISATION	DING AMORT	ISATION	NETE	NET BLOCK
Description	As at 1.04.2019	Additions	Deductions	As at 31.03.2020	As at 1.04.2019	Additions	Deductions	As at 31.03.2020	As at 31.03.2020	As at 31.03.2019
Property, plant and equipment										
Langible Assets Fourioment & Machinerv	546.78	98.13	3.00	641.91	164.35	77.17	1.87	239.66	7	.,
Computers	34.14	7.24	I	41.38	23.71	. 6.35	1	30.07	11.31	
Enriquire & Fixtures	0.68	\$	ı	0.68		0.05	1	0.34		0.39
Sub- total	ц)	105.37	3.00	683.97	188.35		1.87	270.06	413.90	393.25
Intangible Assets Computer Software	2.72	11.78	ı	14.50	0.35	3.57	_ 8	3.91	10.59	2.37
Sub-total	2.72		0.00	14.50	0.35	3.57	0.00	3.91	10.59	2.37
Tota	584.32	117.14	3.00	698.46	188.70	87.14	1.87	273.98	424.49	395.62
Previous Year			136.53	590.90	138.83	70.37	13.93	195.28	395.62	366.94





Che	mbond Water Technologies Ltd. es on Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020	1 1	
Not			
4	Financial Assets (Non-Current)		
a.	Investments	As at 31/03/2020 (Rs. in lakhs)	As at 31/03/2019 (Rs. In lakhs)
	investment in equity instruments of subsidiaries amortised at cost		
	Unquoted 39,73,467 (39,73,467) Equity Shares of Chembond Clean Water	635.75	635.75
	Technologies Ltd of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up. (Constituting 47.99% (47.99%) of the said Company's paid up capital)		
	(Constructing 47.39% (47.39%) of the sald Company's paid up capitaly		
	2,00,000 (NIL) Equily Shares of Chembond Chemicals (Malaysia) SDN. BHD	62.68	0,00
	of RM.1.86/- each fully paid up (Constituting 100 % (NIL) of the said Company's paid up capital)		
		698.44	635.75
	Aggregate amount of Unquoted Investments	698.44	635.75
5	Other Financial Assets		
	(Unsecured & considered good)		
	Fixed Deposit of Maturity of More than 12 Months (Under Lien) Other Deposits	730.58	1,120.47 3.00
	Total	733.58	1,123.47
6	income tax asset (net)		
	Income Tax (Net of Provision)	210.21	109.89 109.89
	Total	210.21	109.09
7	Other non-current assets		
	VAT Refund Receivable Total	10.73	10.73 10.73
8	inventories	·	
	(At lower of Cost and Net Realisable Value)		
	Raw Material	331.76 14.60	330.99 16.88
	Packing Material Finished Goods	114.90	167.49
	Stock-in-Trade	37.31	51.32 566.67
		[]	1
9	Investments (Current)		
	1975.5950 (481.9) Units of NIPPON INDIA - MONEY MARKET FUND (G)	59,91	13.61
	Total	59,91	13.61
	Aggregate amount of Quoted Investments and Market Value therof		13.61
10	TRADE RECEIVABLES		
	· · ·		
	Unsecured Considered Good Unsecured Considered doubtful	3,696.67 35.88	4,367.44
	Less : Provision for Doublful Debts Total	(35.88) 3,696.67	4,367.44
a	For Related party transactions Refer Note No.39	3,030,01	
11	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
''			
	Balances with banks		
	In Current Accounts Cash on hand	69.24 0.01	53.48 0.05
		69,26	53.53
	Total	69.26	00.00





	OTHER BANK BALANCES		As at 31/03/2020 (Rs. In lakhs)	As at 31/03/201 (Rs. In lakhs)
I	Deposit money (Including deposits with orginal maturity of more than 3 months) (Under Lien)		710.00	78
		Total	710.00	78.
	Loans			
	(Unsecured & considered good) Loan and advance to Employees	· .	3.65	;
		Totai	3,65	
	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS			
	(Unsecured & considered good)			
	Security Deposits		29.10	
		Total	29.10	3
	Current Tax (Net)			
	Current Tax (Net)		36.01	1
		Total	36.01	. 8
	Other Current Assets		12.15	
	Prepaid expenses Advances for supply of goods and services		114.51	!
	Balances with government authorities	Total	12.05 138.71	15
	SHARE CAPITAL			
	Authorised 10,00,000 (10,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/-(Rs.10/-) each		100.00	1
	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up 500000 (500000) Equity Shares of		50.00	
	Rs.10/-(Rs.10/-) each fully paid up	Total	50.00	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:		5,00,000	5,0
	Number of shares outstanding at the beginning of the year Additions during the year		0,00,000	
	Deductions during the year		5,00,000	5,0
	Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% Shares		As at 31/3/2020	As at 31/3/2
	Name of the Shareholder		No of Shares	No of Share
	Chembond Chemicals Limited and its nominees % held		5,00,000 100.00%	5,0 10
	OTHER EQUITY		As at 31/3/2020	As at 31/3/2
			(Rs. in lakhs)	(Rs. in laki
	'General Reserve As per last year		831.22	
	Add:Transfer from Profit & Loss A/c.		70.00 901.22	8
			001.22	
	Retained Earnings As per last year		3,936.43 786.93	3,
	Add: Profit for the Year		4,723.37	4,2
	Less: Appropriations Transferred to General Reserve		-70,00	(
	Interim Dividend Tax on Interim Dividend		(220.00) (45.22)	
	Previous Year Dividend Tax on previous Year Dividend		(140,00) (28,78)	(2
			(504.00)	(3
	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) Remeasurements of the net defined benefit Plans			
	As per last year Movement During the Year		(3.51) (11.51)	
	Hereiter Barang mei i seit		(15.02)	
		Iotal	5,105.56	4,7



.



BORROWINGS		As at 31/3/2020 (Rs. In lakhs)	As at 31/3/2019 (Rs. In lakhs)
Unsecured		38.37	37.1
Dealer Deposits			
	Total	38.37	37.1
Provisions- Non Current			
Provision for Gratuity	Total	43.64 43.64	32.2
Deferred Tax Liability (net)			
Deferred tax Liability Depreciation		13.03	19.7
Investments at Fair Value		0.04	0,0
Deferred tax Asset Provision for Doubtful Debts		(9.20)	
Net Deferred Tax Liability	Total	3.87	19.
CURRENT BORROWINGS			
(Repayable on demand)			
Secured Loan from Banks			79
Unsecured Loan from Related Parties		400.00	230
	Total	400.00	309
TRADE PAYABLES			
		254.67	70
Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Others	Total	1,018.57 1,273.24	1,25
a For Related party transaction Refer Note No. 39			
b The Company has amounts due to suppliers under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) as at the year end. The disclosure pursuant to the said Act is as under;		2019-2020	2018-2019
Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2006	`	(Rs. In lakhs) 254.67	(Rs. In lakhs) 70
Interest accrued and due to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2006 on the above amount		0.29	
Payment made to suppliers (other than interest) beyond the appointed day, during the year Interest paid/adjusted to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2006 (other than section 16) Interest paid/adjusted to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2006 (Section 16)		2,084.44 0.00 0.00	5,62
Interest due and payable to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2000 (occure no)		0.29	
Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2006		0.29	
The information regarding Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the Auditors.			
OTHER CURRENT Financial LIABILITIES			
Creditors for Expense		70.92	10
Provision for Employee Benefits Payable	Total	229.31 300.23	19
OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Advance Received From Customers Statutory Dues		39.46 21.36	
Other payable	Total	42.90 103.72	10
SHORT-TERM PROVISIONS	and the second sec		
Provision for Gratuity	LE REAL	0.70	
Provision for Graudity (SC Ma	Total	0.70	

,			As at 31/3/2020 (Rs. In lakhs)	As at 31/3/2019 (Rs, In lakhs)
27	REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS Sales		10,685.81	11,255.50
	Less Excise Duty Net Sales	Total	10,685.81	11,255.50
	Sales of Services Technical Service Income		1,685.52	1,844.10
	Other Operating revenue Miscellaneous Income		51.86	65,82
	Other Operating revenue	Total	51.86	65.82
		Total	12,423.19	13,165.41
28	OTHER INCOME			
	Dividend from Subsidiary Company Dividend from Mutual Funds		48.00 0.00	0.00 7.81
			48.00	7.81
	Profil from Sale of Mutual Funds Interest from Bank deposits at amortised cost		1.14 85.76	67.45 1.34
	Interest from Loans at amortised cost Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Gain		0.59 16.99	0.00
	Miscellaneous Income Fair value of investments		13.97 0.16	5.84 0.14
		Total	166,62	82,58
29	COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED			
	Particulars of Raw Materials Consumed Raw Materials Consumed		5,305.50	6,570.22
	Packing Material	Total	443.70 5,749.20	251.83 6,822.05
		(ota)	0,140.20	0,022100
30	PURCHASE OF STOCK-IN-TRADE		348.12	358.27
	Purchases of Stock-in-trade	Total	6,097.32	7,180.32
	Break-up of Raw Material Consumed		-700 000	000.40
	Imported Indigenous		700.89 5,396.42	336.13 6,844.19
		Total	6,097,32	,7,180.32
31	CHANGES IN INVENTORY OF FINISHED GOODS, AND TRADED GOODS			
	Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At Close)		152.22	218.81
	Finished products/ Slock in Trade (At commencement)		218.81	103.33
		Total	66.59	(115.47)
32	EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES		·	
ļ	Director Remuneration		92.23	42.07
	Salaries & Wages Gratuity		2,254.59 34.56	1,881.47 28.48
	Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses		154.06 68.58	136.20 57.93
		Total	2,604.03	2,146.15
33	FINANCE COST			-
	Interest Expense - Banks		49.34	10.28
	Bank Guarantee fees & charges		33.25	35.31
		Totai	82.60	45.58
34	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSES			
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	Total	87.14 87.14	70.37
	5500	IDTAI	01.14	1 10.51





			An at 34/3/2020	As at 31/3/2019	
35	OTHER EXPENSES		As at 31/3/2020 (Rs. in lakhs)	As at 31/3/2019 (Rs. In lakhs)	
	MANUFACTURING EXPENSES				
	Freight Inwards Labour Charges		8.00 426.29	1,51 348,51	
		А	434.28	350.02	
	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		0.75	0.00	
¢	Director's Sitting Fees Rates & Taxes		20.18	26,64 3,46	
	Electricity charges Printing and stationary		0.95 13.65	3.40 12.44	
	Telephone & Postage Expenses		32.23 14.60	35.19 12.49	
	Insurance Computer Expense		18.92	17.19	
	Auditors Remuneration Legal, Professional & consultancy fees		4.44 65.20	5.84 85.85	
	Repairs & Maintenance Others		21.87 9.19	0.00 10.38	
	Miscellaneous expenses CSR Expenditure		23.25	23.00 100.00	
	Business Support Services Lab Testing Expenses		200.00 19.10	26.75	
	Technical Šervice Expense Stores Consumed		103.06 338.43	216.06 324.11	
	Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Loss		0,00 35.88	1.64 0,00	
	Provision for Doubtful Debts Bad Debts Written Off		. 65,02	132,58	
		В	986.72	1,033.63	
	SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES		395,33	460.84	
	Carriage outwards Rent		113,94	79.72	
	Commission on sales Travelling Expenses		92,53 357.53	115,56 337,81	
	Royalty Expenses		0:00 238.83	9.36 315.21	
	Sales Promotion Expenses	C	1,198.17	1,318.51	
		(A+B+C)			
	· · ·	Total	2,619.17	2,702.16	
a	Auditor's Remuneration consists of:		2019-2020	2018-2019	
	•		(Rs. In:lakhs)	(Rs. In lakhs)	
	Statulory Audit Fees		3.49	. 3.13	
	Tax Audit Fees Taxation and Other Matters		0.46	0.44	,
	Out of Pocket Expenses	Total	0.15	0.15	
1		(Clai			
b	Lease The Company normally acquires offices, warehouses and vehicles under non-cancellable operational leases.				
	Minimum lease payments outstanding at year end in respect of these asets are as under;		Total Minimum Lease	Total Minimum Lease	
			Payment Outstanding	Payment Outstanding as on 31/03/2019	
			as on 31/03/2020 (Rs: in:lakhs)	(Rs, In lakhs)	
	Due within one year		18.46	53.94	
	Due later than one year and not later than five years		0.90	188.64	
	Due later than five years Lease payments recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss		113.94	. 79.72	
42	EARNINGS PER SHARE		2019-2020	2018-2019	
	Net Profit available to Equity Shareholders (Rs. in Lakhs)		777.18	855.90	
	Total number of Equity Shares (Face value of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up)		5,00,000 5,00,000	5,00,000	
	Weighted No. of Equity Shares Basic Earnings per Share (in Rupees)		155.44	171.18	
	Diluted No, of Équity Shares Diluted Earnings per Share (in Rupees)		5,00,000 155.44	5,00,000 171.18	
43	SEGMENT REPORTING 'The Company is engaged in the manufacture of Specialty Chemicals, which in the context of IND AS 108- Operating				and the second designed as a second designed as a second designed as a second designed as a second designed as
	segment specified under section				AN BURN
	133 of the Companies Act, 2013 is considered as a single business segment of the company.				
	Contingent Liabilites not provided for are in respect of :				SLAMAR ST
44	•		As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2018	EL 1940, 1811
	Particulars		(Rs. In lakhs)	(Rs. In lakhs)	185
	a.Income <u>Tax matter</u>		11.77	4.45	N CE UEU
	 The demand raised by CPC, Bangatore for the AY 2018-19 amounting to Rs. 7.33 Lakhs The demand raised by Deputy Commissioner of Income Tax, Mumbai for the AY 2009-10 amounting to Rs. 3.05 Lakhs 				Construction of the second sec
	(iii) The demand raised by Deputy Commissioner of Income Tax, Mumbai for the AY 2010-11 amounting to Rs. 330				
	 (iv) The demand raised by Deputy Commissioner of Income Tax, Mumbai for the AY 2011-12 amounting to Re. 1 (v) The demand raised by Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Centralised Processing Cell - TDS for various 				& A330C4
-	years amounting to Rs. 1.39 Lakhs				S Charterer S
	b, Outstanding L.C & Bank Guarantees issued by Bankers.		1,778.68	1,426.86	E Accountants F
	c. Sales Tax matter	a.)	2.22	22.3	
	(i) As per Vat audit report of Ranipet plant sales tax liability for AY 2017-18 amounting to Rs 1.82 Lakhs (Previous Year Rs. Nl (ii) As per Val audit report of Ranipet plant sales tax liability for AY 2017-18 amounting to Rs 0.40 Lakhs (Previous Year Rs. N	1L) 11L)			MIMBAI
	(iii) The demand raised by Assisstant Commissioner of Sales Tax, Mumbai for various years amounting to Rs_NIL (Previous Year Rs.7.17 Lakhs)		2		- One
	 (iv) The demand raised by Assisstant Commissioner of Sales Tax, Mumbai for the AY 2013-14 amounting to Rs. Nil. (Previous Year Rs. 8.54 Lakhs) 				
	(v) The demand raised by Assisstant Commissioner of Commercial Tax, Vadodara for the AY 2011-12				
	amounting to Rs. NIL (Previous Year Rs. 6.61 Lakhs) for non receipt of C-Forms.			I.i.,	J .

36 Tax Reconciliation

(a) The income tax expense consists of the followings:

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Current Income Tax	271.67	350,62
Deferred Tax Expense	(15.88)	12.36
Tax expense for the year	255,78	362.99

(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax Rate

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
	(500 57	1 0 1 0 00
Profit before income lax expense	1,032.97	1,218.89
Indian statutory income tax rate	0.26	0.29
Expected Income Tax expenses	264.70	354,94
Part A		
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (allowable) in calculating taxable income:		
Income exempt from income taxes	(10.67)	(2.27)
Additional allowances/deduction	16.35	(0.97)
Transition gain	-	-
Olhers	1.29	(1.08)
Short/Excess Provision for earlier years	-	-
Current Tax (A)	271.67	350,62
Part B		
Deferred Tax Effect at the rate of:		
Depreciation	(6.69)	12.34
Provision for Doubtful Debts	(9.20)	
investments at Fair Value	0,00	0.02
	(15.88)	12.36
Less:		
Gratuity		-
MAT Credit		-
Other Deferred tax Asset		-
Provision for Doubtful Debts		
Deferred Tax (B)	(15.88)	12.36
Tax Expense (A+B)	255.78	362.99

37 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management A. Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying emounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

As at 31 March 2020

	1			Ma	at of malon zozo			
	··· · · · ·	Carry	ng amount			Fair va		
	Fair value through profit and loss	Fair value through	Amotised • Cost	Total	Level 1	Levei 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents (including other bank balances)			779.26	779.26				-
Investments - Mutual Funds - Equity Shares (Unquoted) Trade and other receivables Loans Olher financial assets	59.91		698.44 3,696.67 3.65 762,69	59,91 698,44 3,696,67 3,65 762,69	59.91			59.91 - - -
TOTAL Financial liabilities	. 59.91		5,940.70	6,000.61	59.91	-	-	59.91
Including borrowings (Including current malurity of Long term borrowings) Trade and other payables Other financial liabilities			438.37 1,273.24 300.23	438.37 1,273.24 300.23		<u>.</u>		-
TOTAL	-		2,011.84	2,011.84	•	-	-	-

				A	at 31 March 2019			
		Carry	ing amount			Fair va	lue	
	Fair value through profit and toss	Fair value through other comprehen sive income	Amotised Cost	Total	Levei 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								÷
Cash and cash equivalents (Including other bank balances)			132.33	132.33				-
Investments - Mutual Funds	13.61			13.61	13.61			13.61
 Equity Shares (Unquoted) Trade and other receivables 			635.75 4,367.44	635.75 4,367.44				•
Loans Other financial assets			3.51 1,154.71	3.51 1.154.71				
TOTAL	13.61	-	6,293,74	6,307.35	13.61		-	13.61
Financial liabilities Long term borrowings (Including current maturity of			346.78	346.78				-
Long term borrowings) Trade and other payables Other financial liabilities			1,960.64 295.74	1,960.64 295.74				-
TOTAL	-		2,603,16	2,603,16			-	<u>-</u>





Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

C. Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to Credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

i. Risk management framework

Risk Management is an integral part of the Company's plans and operations. The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company risk management framework. The board of directors is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company risk management policies.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit, internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

ii. Credit risk

Forcent risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and investments in debt securities, cash and cash equivalents, mutual funds, bonds etc.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

Trade and other receivables

Credit risk is the risk of possible default by the counter party resulting in a financial loss.

The Company manages credit risk through various internal policies and procedures selforth for effective control over credit exposure. These are managed by way of setting various credit approvals, evaluation of linancial condition before supply terms, setting credit limits, industry trends, ageing analysis and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

Based on prior experience and an assessment of the current economic environment, management believes that sufficient provision is mad for credit risk wherever credit is extended to customers.

Cash and cash equivalents Credit risk from balances with banks is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy, investment of surplus funds are made in mainly in mutual funds with good returns and with high credit ratings assigned by International and domestic credit ratings agencies.

Other than trade and other receivables, the Company has no other financial assets that are past due but not impaired.

iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risk to the Company's reputation.

iv. Market risk

Inv. Market risk Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from adverse changes in market rates and prices (such as interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates). Market risk is attributable to all market risk-sensitive financial instruments, all foreign currency receivables and payables and all short term and long-term debt. The Company is exposed to market risk primarity related to foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and the market value of its investments. Thus, the Company's exposure to market risk is a function of investing and borrowing activities and revenue generating and operating activities in foreign currencies.

a) Currency risk

The Compnay is exposed to currency risk to the extent that there is a mismatch between the currencies in which sales, purchase, and other expenses are denominated and the functional currency of the Company. The functional currency of the Company is indian Rupees (INR). The currencies in which these transactions are primarily denominated are EURO and USD.

b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Investment committee manages and constantly reviews the interest rate movements in the market. This risk is mitigated by the Company by investing the funds in varioustenors depending on the liquidity needs of the Company. The Company's exposures to interest rate risk is not significant.

38 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

(A) Defined contribution plan Contributions are made to Employee Provident Fund (RPF), Employees State insurance Scheme (ESIC) and other Funds which covers all regular employees. Both the employees and the Company make predetermined contributions to the Provident Fund and ESIC. The contributions are normally based on a certain percentage of the employee's salary. Amount recognised as expanse in respect of these defined contribution plans, aggregate to Rs. 159.11 Lakh (Previous year Rs 140.05 Lakh).

	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
Contribution to Provident Fund Contribution to Superannuation Fund Contribution to ESIC Contribution to Labour Welfare Fund	134.31 5.05 19.54 0.21	111.93 3.85 24,08 0.19
	159,11	140.05

(B) Defined Benefit Plan

The Company's obligation towards the Gratuity Fund is a Defined Benefit Plan. Based on the actuarial valuation obtained in this respect, details of Acturial Valuation are as follows:

· · · ·	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
	(Funded	f plan}
(i) Change in Defined Benefit Obligation		
Opening defined benefit obligation	220.16	182.82
Amount recognised in profit and loss		
Current service cost	32.02	25.22
Interest cost	17.06	14.17
Amount recognised in other comprehensive income Acluarial loss / (gain) arising from:		
Return on Plan Assets		
Financial assumptions	61.90	7.27
Olher		
Benefits paid	(10.33)	
Closing defined benefit obligation	320.81	220.16
(ii) <u>Change in Fair Value of Assets</u> Opening fair value of plan assets	187.31	140,68
Amount recognised in profit and loss Interest income	14.52	10.90
Amount recognised in other comprehensive income Actuarial gain / (loss) Return on Plan Assets, Excluding interest Income	1.59	2.55





1	Equitable Fund Transfer in	44.83	
	Contributions by employer	38.55	42,49
1	Benefits paid	(10.33)	(9.31)
	Closing fair value of plan assels	276,47	187,31
	Aclual return on Plan Assets	16.10	13.45
1/18) Plan assets comprise the following		
· [···	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ungouted	Ungouted
	Insurance fund (100%)	276.47	
	updialize faite (rec.iv)		
1/10) Principal actuarial assumptions used	%	%
1	Piscount rate	6.75	
	Withdrawal Rate	1,00	
	Future Salary Increase	5,00	
ł	Foure Salary Increase	3,00	3,00
1		As at 31st March.	As at 31st
1.0	Amount in the device of the device of the state	2020	March, 2019
Ľ	Amount recognised in the Balance Sheet	2020	match, 2013
	Present value of obligations as at year end	320.81	220,16
1	Fair value of plan assets as at year end	(276.47)	(187,31)
	Net (asset) / liability recognised as at year end	44,34	32,85
	Her (1994) / Result Level and a fact one		
	Recognised under :		
	Short lerm provisions	0,70	0.59
	Long term provisions	43,64	
		44.34	

(vi) Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other

	As at 31st	March, 2020	As at 31st March, 2019					
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease				
Discount rate (1% movement) - Gratuity	(33,62)	39.58	(23.56)	27.70				
Future salary growth (1% movement) - Gratuity	39.88	(34.44)	28,19	(24.34)				
he above sensitivity analyses have been calculated to show the movement in defined benefit obligation in isolation								

(vii) Expected future cash flows

The expected maturity analysis is as follows :	For year ended	For year ended	
	31.3.2020	31.3.2019	
Expected benefits for year 1	3,40	5 9,88	
Expected benefits for year 2	17.2	16.08	
Expected benefits for year 3	27.7		
Expected benefits for year 4	30.9	28.36	
Expected benefits for year 5	43.0	36,02	
Expected benefits for year 6 and above	1251,9	3 1044.44	

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT 39

The Company's capital management objectives are: - to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern; and - to provide an adequate return to shareholders through optimisation of debts and equity balance. The Company monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of debt less cash and cash equivalents as presented on the face of the financial

(i) Debt equity ratio	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Debt (includes non-current, current borrowings and current maturities of long term debt) Less : cash and cash equivalents Net debt	438.37 69.26 369.12	346.76 53.55 293.25
Total equity	6155.56	4814.1
Net debt to total equity ratio	7.16%	6,09%

(ii) Dividend on equity shares paid during the year

	For the year	For the year
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Dividend on equity shares		
Final dividend for the year ended March 31, 2020 of Rs. 28	140.00	240.95
(previous year for year ended March 31, 2018; Rs. 48,19) per fully paid share Dividend distribution tax on above	. 28.78	49.53
Intenim dividend paid during the year ended March 31, 2020 of Rs. 44 (during previous year ended March 31, 2018: Rs. 45.19) per fully paid share	220,00	-
Dividend distribution tax on above	45.22	-
Dividends not recognised at the end of the reporting period		
The Board of Directors at it's meeting held on May 28th, 2020 have recommended payment of final dividend of Nit per share of face value of Rs. 10 each for the	-	240.95
year ended March 31, 2020 (March 31, 2019: Rs. 28 per share).		
This proposed dividend is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing annual general meeting and hence not recognised as liability.		

40 CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

As per section 135 of the Companies Act 2013, a CSR committee has been formed by the Company. Identification of deserving areas for the Company's CSR activities has been done during the year. With water being the business of the company. The Management has identified village for carrying out CSR activities. The funds were utilised through the year on these activities which were specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013. - Gross amount required to be spent by the company during the year Rs. 23.23 lakhs. - Amount spent during the year is Rs. 23.25 lakhs

Expenditure related to Corporate Social Responsibility as per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule VII thereof: Rs. 23.25 Lakhs (Previous Year Rs. 23.00 Lakhs).



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41 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES Related party disclosures as required under Accounting Standard on "Related Party Disclosures" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India are given below:

a) <u>Relationship:</u> i. Holding Company : Chembond Chemicals Limited

Subsidiary Company Chembond Water Technologies Ltd Malaysia (Formerly know as Chembond Chemicals (Malaysia) SDN.BHD)

III_Associate & Fellow Subsidiary Companies:

m_possegne e renor sousauny companies: Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd., Chembond Material Technologies P4 Ltd (formerty Protochem Industrias P4L Ltd.), Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd. Chembond Biosciences Ltd. (formerty Chembond Industrial Coatings Ltd), Chembond Polymers & Materiais Ltd., Chembond Calvatis Industrial Hygiene Systems Ltd., Phiroze Sethna P4 Ltd., Chembond Distribution Ltd. and Gremos Chemical (India) P4L Ltd.

iv. Key Management Personnel and their relatives (KMP)

Key Management Personnel: Sameer V. Shah, Nirmal V. Shah, Vinod Deshpande, Mahendra K.Ghelani

Relatives :

Padma V. Shah, Dr. Shilpa S. Shah, Mamta N. Shah, Alpana S. Shah, Jyoti N. Mehla, Gauri N.Mehla, Karishma N.Mehta

Entities over which Key Management personnel are able to exercise influence :

CCL Opto Electronics Pvt Ltd., Finor Piplaj Chemicals Ltd., S and N Venlures Ltd., GTK Intermediates Pvt. Ltd., Visan Holdings Pvt. Ltd., and Oriano Clean Energy Pvt Ltd.

b) The following transactions were carried out with related parties in the ordinary course of business

For the year ended / as on			Associate /	.2020	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Associate /	2019	r
Description of the nature of transactions	Holding Company	Subsidiary	Fellow Subsidiary	кмр	Total	Holding Company	Subsidiary	Fellow Subsidiary	KMP	Total
ales of Goods	43.46	31,89	403.46	32.64	510,64	43,08	0,00	455,90	29,26	485.1
Chembond Chemical Lld	43,46	0.00	0.00		43.46		0.00			
Chembond Material Technologies Pvt Ltd		0,00	0.36	0.00	0,36		0.00			0.0
Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd		0.00	402.43	0.00	402.43		0.00			
Chembond Distribution Ltd		0.00	0.67	0,00	0.67		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
finor Piplaj Chemicals Ltd.		0,00	0.00	32.64	32,64		0.00	0,00	29.26	29.2
Chembond Water Technologies Ltd Malaysia (Formerly mow as Chembond Chemicals (Malaysia) SDN.BHD)		31.09	0.00	0.00	31.09	1	0.00	26,06	0.00	. 26.0
Purchase of Goods	410.76	0.00	308,36	856.25	1575.37	4124.82	0,00	37,44	428.88	466,3
Chembond Chemical Ltd	410,76	0.00					0.00		0.00	
Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd		0.00					0.00			
Chembond Distribution Ltd		0.00		0.00	82.24		0.00	37.44	0.00	37,4
Inor Pipiaj Chemicais Ltd.		0.00	0,00	856.25	856.25		0.00		428.85	
Chembond Material Technologies Pvt Ltd		0.00			18.06		0.00			
Chembond Calvatis Industrial Hygiene Systems Ltd		0.00	2.22	0.00	2.22		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
Purchase of Fixed Assets	0.37	0,00	0.00	0.00	0,37	196,79	0,00	252,05	0,60	252,0
Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd		0.00		0.00			0.00	252.05	0.00	252.0
Chembond Chemical Lid	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.37	196.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
Sale of Fixed Assets	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	0,00	121.98	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.0
Chembond Chemical Ltd		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	121.98	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.0
Reimbursement of Expenses	345.74	0.00								
Chembond Chemical Ltd	345.74	0,00		0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	
Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd		0.00	25.72	12.76	25.72		0,00	0,00	3.00	0.0
Finor Piplaj Chemicals Ltd.		0,00	ŀ						1	
Dividend Paid	360.00	0.00			360.00		0,00			
Chembond Chemical Ltd	360,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	360.00	240.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
Johwork charges	890,83	0,00								
Chembond Chemical Ltd	890.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	890.83	619.04	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,0
Loan Received	0.00	0.00	165,00	5.00	170.00	0.00	0.00	140.00	90,00	230.0
Finor Piplaj Chemicals Ltd.		0.00								90.0
Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd		0,00	165.00	0.00	165,00	0.00	00.0	140.00	0.00	140.0
Corporate Gurantee Fees	18.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	18.4:			0,00	0.00	0,0
Chembond Chemical Ltd	18.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	18.43	3 17.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0
Dividend Income	0	0	48.00	0 0	48.00	,	0	1		0.0
Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd	-	0.00					0.00	0.00	0,00	> 0.0
Rental Expenses	50.94	0,00	0.00	3.00	53.94		D.00	0,00		
Chembond Chemical Ltd	50.94	0.00					0.00			
Finor Pipla) Chemicals Ltd		0,00	0.00	3.00	3.0		0.00	0.01	3.0	3.
Director Remunration	0	0								
Nirmal V. Shah		0.00	0.00				0.00	0.0	44.5	5 44.5
Vinod J. Deshpande				45.63	45,5	<u>+</u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-
Director Sitting Fees	0									0.0
Mahendra Ghelani		0,00	0.00	0.75	0.7	5	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
Royalty	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00	0,0	9,3	5 9.
S and N Ventures Ltd		0.00	0.0	0,00	0.0	D	0.00	0.0	9.3	
				-	1		··· ···-		1	0.1
Balance at the end of the year		0,00	8.6	252.80	270.6	5 1,52	0.00	94.7	2 5.6	0.1 4 100.
A, Sundry Debtors Chembond Chemical Ltd	9.24									
Chembond Chemical Lto Chembond Clean Water Technologies Lto	3,24	0.00					0.00			
Chembond Distribution Ltd		0.00					0,00			
Chembond Material Technologies Pvt Ltd		0.00		0.00	0.2	3	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.
Finor Piplaj Chemicals Lld		0.00		252,80	252,8	0	0.00	0.0	5.6	4 5.
B. Sundry Creditors	118.60	0,00	11.7	2 3.43	133.7	4 549.79	0.00	0 135.0	5 170.0	8 306.
Chembond Material Technologies Pvt Ltd	0.00	0.00	11.6	5 0.00	11.6	s	0.00	0.0	0.0	0 0.
Finor Piplaj Chemicals Ltd	0.00			3.43			0.0		170.0	
Chembond Distribution Ltd	ļ	1		ļ	0.0			12.5		12.
Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd Chembond Calvatis Industrial Hygiene Systems Ltd	0.00	0.00	0,0	5 0.00	0.0		0.00	123,4		123. 0 0.
Chembond Calvatis Industrial Hygiene Systems Ltd	118,60									
			635.7	5 0.00	698.4	4 8.00	0.0	0.0	0 0.0	a o.
C, Investments Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd	0.00	62.68								
						1				1
Chembond Water Technologies Ltd Malaysia (Formerly know as Chembond Chemicals (Malaysia) SDN.8HD)	1	62,68		0.00	62.6	8	0,0	0,0	0.0	0 0,
			1				1	1	1	1
D. Borrowings	0,00	0.0	305.0				0.0	0 140.0		
Finor Piplal Chemicals Ltd			1	9	5 95.0	01	1	1		0 90,





45 The Government of India has inserted section 115BAA in the Income Tax Act, 1961 which provides domestic companies an option to pay corporate tax at reduced rate of 22% plus applicable surcharge and cess which is effective from 1st April 2019 subject to certain conditions. During the year the Company has adopted the option of reduced rate and accordingly income tax and deferred tax have been calculated.

46 COVID-19 Assessment:

The COVID-19 pandemic is an evolving human tragedy declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organisation with adverse impact on economy and business globally. Supply Chain disruptions in India as a result of the outbreak started with restrictions on movement of goods, closure of borders etc. in several states followed by a nationwide lockdown announced by the Indian Government, to stem the spread of COVID-19. This has impacted normal business operations of the Company. Manufacturing, supply chain, cashflows etc. have been disrupted. All plants of the Company were shut down on 23rd March, 2020 only to restart at considerably lower productivity during the month of April & May 2020 in a phased manner. We have implemented the necessary precaution measures to ensure hygiene, safety and wellbeing of all our employees at all plants and locations. The Company has considered the possible effects COVID-19 may have on the recoverability and carrying value of its assets comprising Property Plant and Equipment, Investments, Inventories and Trade Receivables. Based on current indicators of future economic conditions the Company expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets and there is no significant impact on its financial statements as on 31st March, 2020. The situation is changing rapidly giving rise to inherent uncertainty around the extent and timing of the potential future impact of the COVID-19 which may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements. The Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes arising of future economic conditions and impact on its business.

Previous year figures have been regrouped, reallocated and reclassified wherever necessary to confirm to current years classification and presentation. 47

As per our attached report of even date

For Bathiya & Associates LLP **Chartered Accountants** FRN - 101046W/W100063

Jatin A. Thakkar Partner Membership No. : 134767

Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Chembond Water Technologies Limited CIN: U24110MH1984PLC143564

Nirmal V. Shah

DIN: 00083853

Director

Director

Place : Mumbai, Date: 28th May, 2020 Sameer V. Shah DIN: 00105721

Place : Mumbai.

Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020



Vinod J. Despande Director DIN: 07529370