### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

## To the Members of **Chembond Polymers and Materials Limited**

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements:**

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Chembond Polymers and Materials Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, the statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, and profit (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report but does not include the financials statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact to those charged with governance. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

• Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

• Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial statements of the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

1. As required by Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the **Annexure A**, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

- 2. Further to our comments in Annexure A, as required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the financial statements have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c. The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of these standalone financial statements;
  - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
  - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
- 3. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. There were no pending litigations which would impact the financial position of the Company;
  - ii. the Company does not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - iii. There were no amount required to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company in accordance to the provision of the Act, and rules made there under.
  - iv. a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief as disclosed in note no. 41(D), no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(entities), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

b) The management has represented that to the best of its knowledge and belief as disclosed in note no. 41(E), no funds have been received by the Company from any

person(s) or entity(entities), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the Understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

c) Based on such audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us believe that management representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.

- v. The Company has not declared or paid dividend during the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022.
- 4. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under section 197(16):

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not paid and / or provided remuneration to its directors during the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 and hence the provisions of Section 197 of the Act are not applicable to the company.

For **Bathiya & Associates LLP** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 101046W / W100063

Jatin A. Thakkar Partner Membership No.: 134767 Place : Mumbai Date : 30<sup>th</sup> April, 2022 UDIN : 22134767AKBWZW1787

#### Annexure - A to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022)

# Report on Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") of the Company.

(i)

- (a) [A] The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
  - [B] The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible assets.
- (b) During the year under consideration, the Company had carried out physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment and we have been informed that no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification as compared to the available records..
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and in the basis of our examination of the conveyance deeds / registered sale deed provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising all the immovable properties of land and buildings which are freehold, are held in the name of Company as at the balance sheet date. In respect of immovable properties of land and building that have been taken on lease and disclosed under property, plant and equipment in the standalone financial statements, the lease agreements are held in the name of the Company.
- (d) The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets during the year.
- (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) (a) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate and no discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed.

(b) The Company does not have has a working capital limit in excess of Rs. 500.00 lakhs sanctioned by a bank based on the security of current assets. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments, provided guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(iii)(a) to 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) The Company has not given loans, made investments, given guarantees and provided securities covered by provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iv) of the aforesaid Order is not applicable to the Company..

- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there is no amount which has been considered as deemed deposit within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) According to the information given to us, Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, in case of the Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause(vi) of the aforesaid Order is not applicable to the company.

(vii)

- (a) As per information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, profession tax, Goods and Service Tax, custom duty, cess and other statutory dues applicable to the Company have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities though there has been delays in deposit in a few cases which are not serious. Further, there are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of abovementioned statutory dues which were in arrears, as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, Goods and Service Tax, custom duty, excise duty and cess, which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been recorded in the books of accounts.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us including representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

(c) On the basis of records of the Company examined by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised money by way of term loan during the year. Therefore, the clause 3(ix)(c) of the aforesaid Order is not applicable to the Company.

(d) According to the information and explanations given to us including representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not utilized the funds raised on short term basis for long term purposes.

(e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.

(f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries.

(x) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible

debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.

(b) No report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.

- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable. Further, the details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements, as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act.
- (xiv) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company is not required to have an internal audit system as per Section 138 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(xiv)(a) and 3(xiv)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any noncash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and accordingly, provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

(b) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us during the course of audit, the Group (as defined in Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CIC. Accordingly, the requirements of clause 3(xvi)(d) are not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred any cash loss in the current financial year, however it has incurred cash loss amounting to Rs.27.39 lakhs in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that

Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.

- (xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not fulfill the criteria as specified under section 135(1) of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and accordingly, reporting under clause (xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause (xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For **Bathiya & Associates LLP** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 101046W / W100063

Jatin A. Thakkar Partner Membership No.: 134767 Place : Mumbai Date : 30<sup>th</sup> April, 2022 UDIN : 22134767AKBWZW1787

#### Annexure - B to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022)

## Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Chembond Polymers and Materials Limited ("the Company") as of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the 'Guidance Note'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

(1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;

(2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of Management and directors of the Company; and

(3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper Management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

For **Bathiya & Associates LLP** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 101046W / W100063

Jatin A. Thakkar Partner Membership No.: 134767 Place : Mumbai Date : 30<sup>th</sup> April, 2022 UDIN : 22134767AKBWZW1787

#### Chembond Polymers and Material Limited Balance Sheet as at 31st Mar 2022

IASSETS	Notes	As at 31/03/2022 (Rs. In lakhs)	As at 31/03/2021 (Rs. In lakhs)
1 Non-current assets			· · · · · ·
(a) Property, plant and Equipment and Intangible assets			
i) Property, plant and equipment	3	6.19	6.76
ii) Capital work-in-progress	3	14.85	14.85
(b) Financial Assets			
i)Investments	4	323.03	161.31
(c) Income tax asset (net)	5	16.91	18.63
(d) Other Non current Assets	6	0.00	0.55
Total Non - Current Assets		360.98	202.10
2 Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	7	88.61	107.94
(b) Financial Assets			
i)Trade receivables	8	66.31	19.71
ii)Cash and cash equivalents	9	12.83	4.72
iii)Other bank balances	10	-	231.16
iv)Other financial assets	11	0.00	0.25
(c) Other current assets	12	2.91	12.20
Total Current Assets		170.66	375.98
Total Assets		531.64	578.09
II EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1 Equity			
(a) Equity Share capital	13	30.00	30.00
(b) Other equity	14	475.29	455.48
Total Equity		505.29	485.48
Liabilities			
2 Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	15	6.83	7.21
Total Non - Current Liabilities		6.83	7.21
3 Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
i)Borrowings	16	-	50.00
ii)Trade payables	17		00.00
Trade payables -MSMED	17	6.41	20.26
Trade payables -Others	17	2.67	4.34
iii)Other financial liabilities	18	6.61	10.05
(b) Other current liabilities (c) Provisions	19	0.14 3.69	0.73
(c) Provisions Total Current Liabilities	20	19.52	0.00 85.39
		19.52	00.09
Total Equity and Liabilities		531.64	578.09
Significant Accounting Policies and Notes on Financial Statements	1-43		

For Bathiya & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN - 101046W/W100063

Sd/-Jatin A. Thakkar Partner Membership No. : 134767

Place : Mumbai Date : 30th Apr, 2022 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Chembond Polymers and Materials Ltd. CIN: U24117MH2006PLC166224

Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-
Sameer V. Shah	Nirmal V Shah	Paresh Trivedi
Director	Director	Director
DIN: 00105721	DIN: 00083853	DIN: 02559529

#### Chembond Polymers and Material Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st Mar 2022

Image: constraint of the second se	31	atement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st war 2022	Notes	For the year ended 31.03.22	For the year ended 31.03.21
II         Other Income (+II)         22         14.61         37.70           III         Total Income (+II)         254.03         157.70           V         Expenses : Cost of Materials Consumed Purchases of Stock-in-trade         23         162.34         67.21           Changes in Inventories of Finished goods, Work-in-progress and Stock-in-Trade         24         11.21         11.12           Employee Benefits Expense         25         15.74         21.36           Finance Costs         26         0.53         3.40           Depreciation and Anontisation expense         27         0.58         0.58           Total Expenses         23         40.01         76.88           Total Expenses         23.62         -22.94           VI         Profit/Loss) before Tax         23.62         -22.94           VIII         Tak Expense         3.31         5.03           Current Tax         3.69         0.00         -3.33           Deferred Tax         3.50         3.50         -2.94           VIII         Tak Expense         0.50         0.50         0.50           Current Tax         3.69         0.00         -0.38         5.03           Total Tax Expense         0.00				(Rs. In lakhs)	(Rs. In lakhs)
II         Other Income (+II)         22         14.61         37.70           III         Total Income (+II)         254.03         157.70           V         Expenses : Cost of Materials Consumed Purchases of Stock-in-trade         23         162.34         67.21           Changes in Inventories of Finished goods, Work-in-progress and Stock-in-Trade         24         11.21         11.12           Employee Benefits Expense         25         15.74         21.36           Finance Costs         26         0.53         3.40           Depreciation and Anontisation expense         27         0.58         0.58           Total Expenses         23         40.01         76.88           Total Expenses         23.62         -22.94           VI         Profit/Loss) before Tax         23.62         -22.94           VIII         Tak Expense         3.31         5.03           Current Tax         3.69         0.00         -3.33           Deferred Tax         3.50         3.50         -2.94           VIII         Tak Expense         0.50         0.50         0.50           Current Tax         3.69         0.00         -0.38         5.03           Total Tax Expense         0.00	Т	Revenue From Operations	21	239 42	120.01
III       Total Income (I+II)       254.03       157.70         V       Expenses : Cost of Materials Consumed Purchases of Stock-in-trade       23       162.34       67.21         Changes in Inventories of Finished goods, Work-in-progress and Stock-in-Trade       24       11.21       11.27         Employee Benefits Expense       26       0.53       3.40         Depreciation and Anortisation expense       26       0.53       3.40         Other Expenses       28       40.01       76.83         Total Expenses       23.62       -22.94         VI       Proffu(Loss) before Tax       23.62       -22.94         VII       Proffu/Loss) before Tax       23.62       -22.94         VIII       Proffu/Loss) for the Year       23.31       -5.03         XIV       Proffu/Loss) for the Year       20.31       -27.97         X       Other Comprehenshive Income       -0.50       0.56         I) Income Tax relating to there stastified to profit or loss       0.00       0.00         I) Income Tax relating to interns that w	II				
Cst of Materials Consumed         23         162.34         67.21           Purchases of Stock-in-trade         -         -         -           Changes in Inventories of Finished goods, Work-in-progress and Stock-in-Trade         24         11.21         11.27           Employee Benefits Expense         25         15.74         21.36           Finance Costs         26         0.53         3.40           Depreciation and Amortisation expense         27         0.58         0.58           Other Expenses         27         0.58         0.58           Total Expenses         23.041         180.04           V         Profit/(Loss) before Exceptional items and Tax         23.62         -22.94           VI         Profit/(Loss) before Tax         23.62         -22.94           VII         Profit/(Loss) before Tax         23.62         -22.94           VIII         Tax Expense         3.69         0.00           Current Tax         0.03         5.03         1.03           Deferred Tax         -20.31         -27.97         3.31         5.03           IX         Profit/(Loss) for the Year         -0.50         0.00         -0.01           I         Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss<	III	Total Income (I+II)			
Purchases of Stock-in-trade         -         -           Changes in Inventories of Finished goods, Work-in-progress and Stock-in-Trade         24         11.21         11.27           Employee Benefits Expense         25         15.74         21.36           Finance Costs         26         0.53         3.40           Depretication and Amortisation expense         27         0.58         0.58           Other Expenses         23         40.01         76.83           Total Expenses         23.041         180.64           V         Profit/(Loss) before Exceptional items and Tax         23.62         -22.94           VI         Exceptional items         23.62         -22.94           VIII         Tax Expense         -         -           Current Tax         3.69         0.00         -           Defered Tax         -0.38         5.03         -           Total Tax Expense         -         -         -         -           Current Tax         20.31         -27.97         -         -         -         -           10 Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss         0.00         -         0.00         -           10 Items that will no the reclassified to profit or loss	IV	Expenses :			
Changes in Inventories of Finished goods, Work-in-progress and Stock-in-Trade         24         11.21         11.27           Employee Benefits Expense         25         15.74         21.38           Finance Costs         26         0.53         3.40           Depreciation and Amortisation expense         27         0.58         0.58           Other Expenses         28         40.01         76.83           Total Expenses         23.62         -22.94           V         Exceptional items         23.62         -22.94           VI         Exceptional items         23.62         -22.94           VII         Tax Expense         23.62         -22.94           VIII         Tax Expense         3.69         0.00           Current Tax         23.62         -22.94         -0.38           VIII         Tax Expense         3.69         0.00           Current Tax         23.62         -22.94         -0.38         5.03           IX         Profit/(Loss) for the Year         20.31         -27.97           X         Other Comprehensive Income         -0.50         0.56           I) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss         0.00         0.00           I) Items th		Cost of Materials Consumed	23	162.34	67.21
Employee Benefits Expense         25         15.74         21.36           Finance Costs         26         0.53         3.40           Depreciation and Amortisation expense         27         0.56         0.58           Other Expenses         28         40.01         76.83           Total Expenses         23.0.41         180.64           V         Profit/(Loss) before Exceptional items and Tax         23.62         -22.94           VI         Exceptional Items         23.62         -22.94           VII         Profit/(Loss) before Tax         23.62         -22.94           VIII         Tax Expense         23.62         -22.94           VIII         Tax Expense         3.69         0.00           Current Tax         3.69         0.00         -0.38         5.03           Total Tax Expense         20.31         -27.97         3.31         5.03           X         Other Comprehensitive Income         1         1         -2.50         0.56         10.00         0.00         -0.01           1         Depreciating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss         10.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00		Purchases of Stock-in-trade		-	-
Finance Costs       26       0.53       3.40         Depreciation and Amortisation expense       27       0.58       0.58         Other Expenses       28       40.01       76.83         Total Expenses       230.41       180.64         V       Profit/(Loss) before Exceptional items and Tax       23.62       -22.94         VI       Exceptional items       23.62       -22.94         VII       Profit/(Loss) before Tax       23.62       -22.94         VIII       Tax Expense       23.61       -0.38         Current Tax       2.69       0.00       -0.38         Deferred Tax       20.31       -27.97         X       Other Comprehenshive Income       -0.50       0.56         i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss       0.00       -0.00         i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss       0.00       0.00         i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss       0.00 </td <td></td> <td>Changes in Inventories of Finished goods, Work-in-progress and Stock-in-Trade</td> <td>24</td> <td>11.21</td> <td>11.27</td>		Changes in Inventories of Finished goods, Work-in-progress and Stock-in-Trade	24	11.21	11.27
Depreciation and Amortisation expense         27         0.58         0.58           Other Expenses         28         40.01         76.83           Total Expenses         230.41         180.64           V         Profit/(Loss) before Exceptional items and Tax         23.62         -22.94           VI         Exceptional Items         23.62         -22.94           VII         Profit/(Loss) before Tax         23.62         -22.94           VIII         Profit/(Loss) before Tax         23.62         -22.94           VIIII         Tax Expense         3.69         0.00           Current Tax         2.03         -27.97         3.31         5.03           IX         Profit/(Loss) for the Year         20.31         -27.97           X         Other Comprehenshive Income         -0.50         0.00         -0.00           1         I) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss         0.00         0.00         0.00           1         I) Items that will					21.36
Other Expenses         28         40.01         76.83           Total Expenses         230.41         180.64           V         Profit/(Loss) before Exceptional items and Tax         23.62         -22.94           VI         Exceptional Items         23.62         -22.94           VIII         Profit/(Loss) before Tax         23.69         -22.94           VIII         Profit/(Loss) before Tax         23.69         -22.94           VIII         Tax Expense         3.69         0.00           Current Tax         0.938         5.03         -331           Deferred Tax         3.61         -27.97         -27.97           X         Other Comprehenshive Income         -0.00         -0.00           1         i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss         0.00         -0.15           1         i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss         0.00         0.00           1         i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss         0.00         -0.15           1         i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss         0.00         0.00           2         i Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss         0.00         0.00           1					
Total Expenses230.41180.64VProfit/(Loss) before Exceptional items and Tax23.62-22.94VIExceptional Items23.62-22.94VIIProfit/(Loss) before Tax23.62-22.94VIIIProfit/(Loss) before Tax23.62-22.94VIII Tax Expense23.62-22.94Current Tax-0.385.03Deferred Tax-0.385.03Total Tax Expense3.315.03IXProfit/(Loss) for the Year20.31-27.97XOther Comprehenshive Income-0.500.561) Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.002) I) tems that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.000) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.001) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.001) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.001) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.001) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.001) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.002) Total Comprehensive Income (1+2)-0.500.41-0.502) Earning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 5 each290.68-0.93Basic (in Rs.)0.68-0.93-0.68-0.93					
VProfit/(Loss) before Exceptional items and Tax23.62-22.94VIExceptional items23.62-22.94VIIProfit/(Loss) before Tax23.62-22.94VIIITax Expense23.62-22.94Current Tax0.00-0.385.03Deferred Tax-0.385.03Total Tax Expense3.315.03IXProfit/(Loss) for the Year20.31-27.97XOther Comprehenshive Income-0.500.561) Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.001) Intern Sthat will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.001) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.001) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.001) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.001) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.001) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.001) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.002) Total Comprehensive Income (1+2)-25.56290.68-0.93200.68-0.930.68-0.930.68-0.931) Dutted (in Rs.)0.08-0.930.08-0.93-0.931) Internet Tax0.08-0.930.08-0.9320		Other Expenses	28	40.01	76.83
VIExceptional ItemsVIIProfit/(Loss) before Tax23.62-22.94VIIITax Expense3.690.00Current Tax-0.385.03Deferred Tax-0.385.03Total Tax Expense3.315.03IXProfit/(Loss) for the Year20.31-27.97XOther Comprehenshive Income-0.500.56i) Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.152i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00VIII Tati Comprehensive Income (1+2)-0.500.41-27.56XIIEarning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 5 each290.68-0.93Basic (in Rs.)0.08-0.930.08-0.93Diluted (in Rs.)0.08-0.93-0.93-0.93Diluted (in Rs.)0.08-0.93-0.93-0.93Diluted (in Rs.)0.08-0.93-0.93<		Total Expenses		230.41	180.64
VIIProfit/(Loss) before Tax23.62-22.94VIIITax Expense3.690.00Deferred Tax-0.385.03Total Tax Expense3.315.03IXProfit/(Loss) for the Year20.31-27.97XOther Comprehenshive Income-0.500.561i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.152i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.152i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.152i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00Other Comprehensive Income for the Year (IX+X)-27.560.68-0.93XIEarning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 5 each Basic (in Rs.)290.68-0.93Diluted (in Rs.)0.68-0.930.68-0.93	V	Profit/(Loss) before Exceptional items and Tax		23.62	-22.94
VIII Tax Expense Current Tax Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense3.69 0.00 -0.380.00 -0.38IXProfit/(Loss) for the Year20.31-27.97XOther Comprehenshive Income-0.500.56 0.001i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.16 0.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.16 0.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00iii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00Other Comprehensive Income (1+2)-0.500.41Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (IX+X)19.81-27.56XIEarning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 5 each Basic (in Rs.)29Diluted (in Rs.)0.68-0.93	VI	Exceptional Items			
Current Tax Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense3.690.00 -0.380.03IXProfit/(Loss) for the Year20.31-27.97XOther Comprehenshive Income-0.500.56ii) Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.152i) Items that will profit or loss0.00-0.151i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.152i) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.000.010.000.000.000.000.02Other Comprehensive Income (1+2)-0.500.41XIEarning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 5 each Basic (in Rs.)290.68-0.930.68-0.930.68-0.930.68-0.93	VI	Profit/(Loss) before Tax		23.62	-22.94
Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense $-0.38$ $5.03$ IXProfit/(Loss) for the Year $20.31$ $-27.97$ XOther Comprehenshive Income $-0.50$ $0.56$ i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss $-0.00$ $-0.15$ 2i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss $0.00$ $-0.15$ 2i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss $0.00$ $-0.15$ 2i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss $0.00$ $0.00$ 0i) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss $0.00$ $0.00$ 0Other Comprehensive Income (1+2) $-0.50$ $0.41$ XIEarning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 5 each Basic (in Rs.)29 $0.68$ $-0.93$ $0.68$ Diluted (in Rs.) $0.68$ $-0.93$ $0.68$ $-0.93$	VI				
Total Tax Expense3.315.03IXProfit/(Loss) for the Year20.31-27.97XOther Comprehenshive Income-0.500.56i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss-0.500.56ii) Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.152i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00Other Comprehensive Income (1+2)-0.500.41Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (IX+X)19.81-27.56XIEarning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 5 each Basic (in Rs.) Diluted (in Rs.)290.68-0.930.68-0.930.68-0.930.68-0.93					
IXProfit/(Loss) for the Year20.31-27.97XOther Comprehenshive Income-0.500.561i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss-0.500.562i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.152i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00VITotal Comprehensive Income (1+2)-0.500.41XITotal Comprehensive Income for the Year (IX+X) Basic (in Rs.)19.81-27.56Diluted (in Rs.)0.68-0.930.68-0.93Other Comprehensive Income for the Year (IX+X)0.68-0.930.68					
X       Other Comprehenshive Income       -0.50       0.56         1       i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss       -0.50       0.56         ii) Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss       0.00       -0.15         2       i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss       0.00       0.00         2       i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss       0.00       0.00         ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss       0.00       0.00         0.0ther Comprehensive Income (1+2)       -0.50       0.41         Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (IX+X)       19.81       -27.56         XI       Earning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 5 each       29         Basic (in Rs.)       0.68       -0.93         Diluted (in Rs.)       0.68       -0.93		Total Tax Expense		3.31	5.03
1i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss-0.500.56ii) Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.152i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00Other Comprehensive Income (1+2)-0.500.41Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (IX+X)19.81-27.56XIEarning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 5 each290.68-0.93Basic (in Rs.)0.68-0.930.68-0.93Diluted (in Rs.)0.68-0.930.68-0.93	IX	Profit/(Loss) for the Year		20.31	-27.97
ii) Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss0.00-0.152i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.000 Other Comprehensive Income (1+2)0.000.00Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (IX+X)19.81-27.56XIEarning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 5 each290.68-0.93Basic (in Rs.)0.68-0.930.68-0.93Diluted (in Rs.)0.68-0.930.68-0.93	х	Other Comprehenshive Income			
2i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00Other Comprehensive Income (1+2)-0.500.41Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (IX+X)19.81-27.56XIEarning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 5 each290.68Basic (in Rs.)0.68-0.93Diluted (in Rs.)0.68-0.93	1				
ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss0.000.00Other Comprehensive Income (1+2)-0.500.41Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (IX+X)19.81-27.56XIEarning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 5 each290.68-0.93Basic (in Rs.)0.68-0.930.68-0.93Diluted (in Rs.)0.68-0.930.68-0.93					
Other Comprehensive Income (1+2)-0.500.41Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (IX+X)19.81-27.56XIEarning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 5 each290.68-0.93Basic (in Rs.)0.68-0.930.68-0.93Diluted (in Rs.)0.68-0.930.68-0.93	2				
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year (IX+X)19.81-27.56XIEarning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 5 each290.68-0.93Basic (in Rs.)0.68-0.930.68-0.93Diluted (in Rs.)0.68-0.930.68-0.93					
XI     Earning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs. 5 each     29       Basic (in Rs.)     0.68     -0.93       Diluted (in Rs.)     0.68     -0.93		Other Comprehensive Income (1+2)		-0.50	0.41
Basic (in Rs.)         0.68         -0.93           Diluted (in Rs.)         0.68         -0.93				19.81	-27.56
Diluted (in Rs.) 0.68 -0.93	XI		29		
Significant Accounting Policies and Notes on Financial Statements 1-43		Dilutea (in Ks.)		0.68	-0.93
		Significant Accounting Policies and Notes on Financial Statements	1-43		

For Bathiya & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN - 101046W/W100063

Sd/-Jatin A. Thakkar Partner Membership No. : 134767

Place : Mumbai Date : 30th Apr, 2022 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Chembond Polymers and Materials Ltd. CIN: U24117MH2006PLC166224

Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-
Sameer V. Shah	Nirmal V Shah	Paresh Trivedi
Director	Director	Director
DIN: 00105721	DIN: 00083853	DIN: 02559529

## Chembond Polymer and Material Ltd STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED $31^{\rm ST}\,\rm MARCH\,2022$

(a) Equity share capital		
	No. of Shares	(Rs. In lakhs)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	30,00,000	30
Changes in Equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	-	-
Changes in equity share capital during the current year	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2021	30,00,000	30
Changes in Equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	-	-
Changes in equity share capital during the current year	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2022	30,00,000	30

#### (b) Other Equity

		Reserves and Surplus						
Particulars	General Reserve	Share Premium	Employees Shares Options Outstanding	Retained earnings	Remeasureme nts of the net defined benefit Plans	Total other equity		
Balance as at 31st March 2020	-	395.30	-	88.31	(0.58)	483.03		
Profit for the year				(27.97)		(27.97)		
Other comprehensive income for the year					0.41	0.41		
Total Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	(27.97)	0.41	(27.56)		
Dividend Paid								
Tax on Dividend Paid						-		
Set off of Dividend Tax in respect of Dividend from Subsidiary Company						-		
Balance as at 31st March 2021		395.30	-	60.34	(0.17)	455.48		
Profit for the year				20.31		20.31		
Other comprehensive income for the year					(0.50)	(0.50)		
Total Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	20.31	(0.50)	19.81		
Dividend Paid						-		
Tax on Dividend Paid						-		
Set off of Dividend Tax in respect of Dividend from Subsidiary Company						-		
Balance as at 31st March 2022		395.30	-	80.65	(0.67)	475.28		

For Bathiya & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN - 101046W/W100063

Sd/-Jatin A. Thakkar Partner Membership No. : 134767

Place : Mumbai Date : 30th Apr, 2022 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Chembond Polymers and Materials Ltd. CIN: U24117MH2006PLC166224

Sd/-Sameer V. Shah Director DIN: 00105721 Sd/-Nirmal V Shah Director DIN: 00083853 Sd/-Paresh Trivedi Director DIN: 02559529

#### CHEMBOND POLYMER AND MATERIAL LIMITED

#### CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Rs. In La						
	Particulars	2021	-2022	2020-2021		
Α	Cash Flow from Operating Activities					
	Profit before tax		23.62		(22.94)	
	Adjustments for :					
	Depreciation and amortisation	0.58		0.58		
	Interest on FD	-		-		
	Finance Cost	0.53		3.40		
			1.11		3.98	
	Less :					
	Profit on Sale of Investment	(1.49)		2.64		
	Interest on Fixed Deposit	-		(11.63)		
	Dividend Received			-		
			(1.49)		(8.99)	
	Add:					
	Operating Profit before working capital changes		23.24		(27.95)	
	Adjustments for :					
	Trade and Other Receivables	(34.79)		37.31		
	Inventories	19.32		17.19		
	Trade and Other Payables	(20.07)		8.54		
			-35.53		63.05	
	Cash generated from operations		-12.29		35.10	
	Income taxes paid (Net of Refund)		-		(1.80)	
	Short/(Excess) Provision				- 1	
	Net Cash from Operating Activities (A)		-12.29		33.30	
_	Cook Flow from Investing Astivities					
в	Cash Flow from Investing Activities		(2.2.2)			
	Payment to acquire Property, plant & equipments		(0.00)		0.00	
	Proceeeds from Sale of Property, plant & equipments					
	Purchase of Investment		(265.94)		(119.91)	
	Sale of Investment		105.71		205.26	
	Dividend Income		-		-	
	Loss on sale of investment		-		-	
	Capital WIP		-		(7.35)	
	Profit on sale of invetment		-		(2.64)	
	Interest on Fixed Deposit		-		11.63	
	Net Cash used in Investing Activities (B)		-160.23		86.99	
с	Cash Flow from Financing Activites					
	(Panayment) of Short Torm Porrowings		(50.00)		(150.20)	
	(Repayment) of Short Term Borrowings		(50.00)		(150.38)	
	Proceeds of short term borrowings		-		50.00	
	Finance Cost		(0.53)		(3.40)	
	Borrowings - Overdraft		(50.50)		-	
	Net Cash from Financing Activities (C)		(50.53)		(103.78)	
	Net (Decrease)/Increase in Cash & Cash Activities (A+B+C)		-223.06		16.51	
	Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Bank Balances as on Opening		235.88		219.37	
	Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Bank Balances as on Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Bank Balances as on Closing		200.00		213.31	
			12 02		225 00	
L	(Refer Note 10,11)		12.82		235.88	

As per our attached report of even date For Bathiya & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN - 101046W/W100063

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Chembond Polymers and Materials Ltd. CIN: U24117MH2006PLC166224

Sd/-Jatin A. Thakkar Partner Membership No. : 134767

Place : Mumbai Date : 30th Apr, 2022 Sd/-Sameer V. Shah Director DIN: 00105721

Date : 30th Apr, 2022

DIN: 00105721 Place : Mumbai Sd/-Nirmal V Shah Director DIN: 00083853

#### CHEMBOND POLYMERS AND MATERIALS LTD Notes forming part of the Financial Statements as at 31st March, 2022

#### NOTE 1 - COMPANY OVERVIEW

Chembond Polymers and Materials Ltd. is a subsidiary of Chembond Chemicals Ltd.

Chembond Enzyme company ltd ("the Company") is carrying on the business of manufacturing specialty polymers and engineering plastics using bio-based materials.

The Company has been incorporated on 14th December, 2006

#### NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Statement of Compliance

The Company has prepared financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended March 31, 2021. Further, the Company has prepared the opening balance sheet as at April 01, 2016 (the transition date) in accordance with Ind AS.

For all the periods up to the year ended March 31, 2017, the Company had prepared its financial statements in accordance with the requirements of previous GAAP, which includes Standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended).

#### A Basis of Preparation and measurement

The financial statements of the Company are prepared in Compliance with Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 and other relevant provisions of the Act. The Statements are prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values

Effective April 1, 2017 the Company has adopted all the Ind AS standards and the adoption as carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101, First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards, with April 1, 2016 as the transition date. The transition was carried out from Indian Accounting Principles generally accepted in India as prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Comapnies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (IGAAP), which was the previous GAAP.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these financial statements except where a newlyissued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The financial statements are prepared in INR, which is the company's functional currency

#### **B** Use of Estimates

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires the management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

#### Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The areas involving critical estimates or judgements are:

#### a. Estimation of taxes

b. Determination of the estimated useful lives of intangible assets and determining intangible assets having an indefinite useful life. c.Determination of the estimated useful lives of tangible assets and the assessment as to which components of the cost may be

- capitalized
- d. Recognition and measurement of defined benefit obligations, key actuarial assumptions
- e. Recognition and measurement of provisions and contingencies, key assumptions about the likelihood and magnitude of an outflow of resources
- f. Fair value of financial instruments

#### Current and Non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balace sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

(i) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle

(ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading

(iii) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or

(iv) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for atleast twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

(i) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle.

(ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading

(iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

(iv) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for atleast twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all ither liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-cuuent assets and liabilities respectively.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The company has identified twelve months as its normal operating cycle.

#### C Property, Plant and Equipment

The cost of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE') is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost can be measured reliably,

PPE are initially recognised at cost. The initial cost of PPE comprises its purchase price (including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes but excluding any trade discount and rebates), and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Subsequent to initial recognition, PPE are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent expenditure relating to PPE is capitalizes only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. When an item of PPE is replaced, then its carrying amonut is derecognised and the cost of the new item of PPE is recognised. Further, in case the replaced part was not depreciated separately, the cost of the replacemnet is used as an indication to determine the cost of the replaced part at the time it was acquired. All other repair and maintenance cost are recognised in Statement of profit and loss as incurred. The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

An item of PPE and any significant part initially recognised is derecongnised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gains or losses arising from de-recognition of PPE are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss when the PPE is derecognised.

The Company identifies and determines cost of each component/part of the asset separately, if the component/part has a cost which is significant to the total cost of the asset and has useful life that is materially different from that of the remaining asset.

#### Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment loss, if any. Profit or Loss on disposal of intangible assets is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss

#### **D** Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of the cost determined on weighted average basis or net realisable value. The comparison of cost and net realisable value is made on an item-by-item basis. Damaged, unserviceable and inert stocks are valued at net realizable value.

Cost of raw materials, packing materials and stores spares and consumables Stocks is determined so as to exclude from the cost, taxes and duties which are subsequently recoverable from the taxing authorities.

Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress includes the cost of materials, an appropriate allocation of overheads and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

#### E Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are inclusive of excise duty and net of returns, trade discount or rebates and applicable taxes and duties collected on behalf of the government and which are levied on such sales.

The Company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company.

i. Revenue from sale of goods is recognised on transfer of all significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer as per terms of Contract, usually on delivery of goods.

ii. Revenue from services is recognised pro-rata as and when services are rendered over a specified period of time. The company collects servive tax / goods and service tax on behalf of the government and therefore it is not an economic benefit flowing to the company. Hence it is excluded from the revenue.

#### F Interest And Dividend Income

Interest income is recognised using effective interest method on time proportion basis taking in to account the amount outstanding. Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

#### **G** Foreign Currency Translation

The functional currency of the Company is Indian rupee (₹).

Transactions in foreign currencies entered into by the Company are accounted in the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction .Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated at functional currency closing rate of exchange at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on foreign exchange transactions settled during the year are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetory assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated.

#### H Impairment of Assets

#### (i) Financial assets (other than at fair value)

The Company assesses at each date of Balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Company recognises lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and/or all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12 month expected credit losses or an amount equal to the life time expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

#### (ii) Non-financial assets

#### Tangible and intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite life are evaluated for recoverability whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount (i.e. higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. in such cases, the recoverable amont is determined for the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the assets belongs.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

#### I Retirement Benefits :

#### (a) Short term Employee Benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability (accrued expense) after deducting any amount already paid.

#### J Provision For Current & Deferred Tax

Income tax expenses comprises of current and deferred tax expense and is recognised in the statement of profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or in OCI, in which case, the tax is also recognised in directly in equity or OCI respectively.

#### **Current Tax**

Current tax is the amount expected tax payable or recoverable on the taxable profit or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or recoverable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

#### **Deferred Tax**

Deferred Income Tax is recognised using the Balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and their carrying amount, except when the deferred income tax arisies from the initial recognition of an assets or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the exent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using substantively enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which the temporary differences are expected to be received or settled.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the relevant entity intends to settles its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the Balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

The Company recognises interest levied and penalties related to income tax assessments in finance costs.

#### K Earnings Per Share :

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which includes all stock options granted to employees.

The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

#### L Provision, Contingent Liabilities And Contingent Assets :

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

#### **Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets**

Contingent liability is disclosed for,

(i) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company, or
 (ii) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made

Contingent Assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

#### M Dividend distribution to equity shareholders

Dividend to equity shareholders is recognised as a loability in the period in which the dividends are approved by the equity shareholders. Interim dividends that are declared by the Board of Directors without the need for equity shareholders' approvals are recognised as a liability and deducted from shareholders' equity in the year in which dividends are declared by the Board of directors.

#### N Lease Accounting

A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the lessee is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### Company as a lessee

Finance leases are capitalised at the commencement of the lease at the inception date fair value of the leased property or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in profit or loss as finance costs, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Company's general policy on the borrowing costs. Contingent rentals are recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Operating lease payments are generally recognised as an expense in the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Where the rentals are structured solely to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases, such increases are recognised in the year in which such benefits accrue. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are also recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

#### Company as a lessor

Rental income from operating lease is generally recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Where the rentals are structured solely to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the Company's expected inflationary cost increases, such increases are recognised in the year in which such benefits accrue. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the Company's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Company's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

#### O Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

#### P Trade Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are usually unsecured. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within twelve months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value.

#### Q Segment Reporting

The company has determined that it operates in a single line of business viz. Formulation and application of Enzymes and also in a single geographic environment i.e. within India. Therefore the information required by the Ind AS 108 on segment reporting is not applicable to the company.

#### R Financial Instruments

Finacial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transacion costa that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and finacial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial assets or financial liability.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

#### Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequentlymeasure at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and selling financial assets.

The company has made an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of equity investments not held for trading.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Equity instruments

An equity instruments is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments recognised by the company are recognised at the proceeds received net off direct issue cost.

#### 3 Property, plant and equipment, Intangibles and Capital work in progress as at 31st march 2022

	-												(Rs. In lakhs
		G	GROSS BLC	CK (AT COS	Г)	DEPRECI	ATION INCLU	JDING AMOF	TISATION			NET BI	LOCK
Description		As at 1.04.2021	Additions	Deductions	As at 31.03.2022	As at 1.04.2021	Additions	Deductions		Revaluation of assets (> 10%)	Impairment of assets	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Property, plant and equipment Fangible Assets													
Factory Equipment		0.10	-	-	0.10	0.01	0.01		0.02	-	-	0.07	0.0
Equipment & Machinery*		7.23	-	-	7.23	0.70	0.46		1.15	-	-	6.08	6.5
Computer Hardware		0.35	-		0.35	0.20	0.11		0.31	-	-	0.04	0.1
	Total	7.67	-	-	7.67	0.91	0.58	-	1.49	-	-	6.19	6.7
Previous Year	-	7.67	-	-	7.67	0.33	0.58	-	0.91	-	-	6.76	7.3
Capital Work in Progress												14.85	14.8

#### Chembond Polymers and Material Limited Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 22

#### 4 Financial Assets (Non-Current)

4	Financial Assets (Non-Current)		
a.	Investments	As at  31/03/2022 (Rs. In lakhs)	As at 31/03/2021 (Rs. In lakhs)
	Investments in Gilt fund carried at fair value through Profit and Loss		
	Quoted 207988.88 Units (P.Y 207988.88 Unit) Investment in ICICI Prudential Gilt Fund 35816.954 Units (P.Y Zero Unit) Investment in ICICI Prudential Saving Fund	167.82 155.22	161.31 -
	Total	323.03	161.31
5	Income tax asset (net)		
	Income Tax (Net of Provision)	16.91	18.63
	Total	16.91	18.63
6	Other Non Current Assets		
	Gratuity Payable	0.00	0.55
	Total	0.00	0.55
7	Inventories (At lower of Cost and Net Realisable Value)		
	Raw Material	27.89	36.11
	Packing Material	0.25	0.14
	Finished Goods Total	<u> </u>	<u>71.69</u> 107.94
8	TRADE RECEIVABLES (Unsecured)		
	Unsecured Considered Good	66.31	19.71
-	Total For Trade Recevable Ageing Schedule, refer Note No. 38	66.31	19.71
a b	For Related party transactions, Refer Note No.36		
9	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Balances with banks In Current Accounts	12.83	4.72
	Cash on hand	0.00	0.00
	Total	12.83	4.72
10	OTHER BANK BALANCES		
	Fixed Deposits (Including deposits with orginal maturity of more than 3 months)	-	231.16
	Total	-	231.16
11	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS (Unsecured & considered good)		
	Accrued Interest on fixed deposit		0.25
		-	
	Total	-	0.25

#### 12 Other Current Assets

13	Prepaid expenses Advances for supply of goods and services Balances with government authorities Provison for Gratuity SHARE CAPITAL	Total	0.18 0.27 2.42 0.03 2.91	0.23 4.45 7.52 0.01 12.20
	Authorised 50,00,000 (50,00,000 Previous Year) Equity Shares of Re. 1/- each		50.00	50.00
	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up 30,00,000 (30,00,000 Previous Year) Equity Shares of Re.1/- each Fully Paid	Total	30.00	30.00
а	Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year: Number of Equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year Additions during the year Deductions during the year Number of Equity shares outstanding at the end of the year		30,00,000 0.00 0.00 30,00,000	30,00,000 0.00 0.00 30,00,000
b	Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% Shares Name of the Shareholder		As at 31/3/2022 No of Shares	As at 31/3/2021 No of Shares
	Chembond Chemicals Ltd (Holding Company) and It's Nominees % held		30,00,000 100%	30,00,000 100%

#### c Disclosure of Shareholding of promoters

Disclosure of shareholding of promoters as at March 31, 2022 is as follows:

Shares held by promoter at the end of the year						
Sr. No			% of total shares	% change during the year		
1	Chembond Chemicals Limited	29,99,994	100%			
2	Finor Piplaj Chemicals Limited*	1	0%			
3	Sameer V. Shah Jtly. With Shipa S. Shah*	1	0%			
4	Nirmal V. Shah Jtly with Mamta N. Shah*	1	0%	No Change		
5	Padma V. Shah*	1	0%			
6	Shilpa S. Shah Jtly with Sameer V. Shah*	1	0%			
7	Mamta N. Shah Jtly with Nirmal V. Shah*	1	0%			

\* Nominee shareholders of Chembond Chemicals Limited

Disclosure of shareholding of promoters as at March 31, 2021 is as follows:

Shares held by promoter at the end of the year							
Sr. No	Promoter Name		% of total shares	% change during the vear			
•	Chembond Chemicals Limited	shares 29.99.994	100%	the year			
		29,99,994					
	Finor Piplaj Chemicals Limited*	1	0%				
3	Sameer V. Shah Jtly. With Shipa S. Shah*	1	0%				
4	Nirmal V. Shah Jtly with Mamta N. Shah*	1	0%	No Change			
5	Padma V. Shah*	1	0%				
6	Shilpa S. Shah Jtly with Sameer V. Shah*	1	0%				
7	Mamta N. Shah Jtly with Nirmal V. Shah*	1	0%				

Nominee shareholders of Chembond Chemicals Limited

d Terms/Rights attached to Equity Shares The Company has only one class of Equity Shares having a par value of Rs. 1/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of Equity Shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

#### 14 OTHER EQUITY

	-	As at 31/03/2022 (Rs. In lakhs)	As at 31/03/2021 (Rs. In lakhs)
Securities Premium As per last year Add:Premium on share issued during the year	-	395.30 - 395.30	395.30 
Retained Earnings As per last year Add: Profit / (Loss) for the Year Less: Appropriations Transferred to General Reserve other Comprehensive Income /(Loss) for the year	-	60.35 20.31 80.66	88.32 (27.97) 60.35 - - 60.35
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) Remeasurements of the net defined benefit Plans As per last year Movement During the Year	 Total	(0.17) (0.50) (0.67) 475.29	(0.58) 0.41

#### 15 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY (NET)

	Deferred tax Liability			
	Investments		10.14 0.78	6.85
	Depreciation		10.91	0.75
	Deferred tax Asset			
	MAT Credit		(4.08)	(0.39)
			(4.08)	(0.39)
	Net Deferred Tax Liability	Total	6.83	7.21
6	CURRENT BORROWINGS			
	(Repayable on demand)			
	Unsecured			
	Loan from related parties		-	50.00
		Total		50.00
7	TRADE PAYABLES			
	Total Outstanding Dues of Micro and Small Enterprises Total Outstanding Dues of Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprises		6.41 2.67	20.26 4.34
		Total	9.08	24.60
~	For Trade Payables Ageing Schedule refer Note No.39			
a b	For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36			
3	OTHER CURRENT Financial LIABILITIES			
	Other Payables		6.34	6.13
	Creditors for Capital Expenditure		0.27	3.93
		Total	6.61	10.05
Э	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES			
	TDS Payable		0.14	0.73
	TDST ayable	Total	0.14	0.73
<b>,</b>	SHORT-TERM PROVISIONS			
,				
	Provision for Current Tax (Net of Advance Tax)		3.69	-
		Total	2.60	

Total

3.69

#### 21 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

21	REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS				
			FY22	FY21	
	Sales of goods			239.42	120.01
	5	Total		239.42	120.01
22	OTHER INCOME				
	Profit on Sale of Equity Investments			1.49	0.00
	Unrealised gain/ fair valuation of investments			10.24	26.07
	Interest on Fixed Deposit			0.00	11.63
	Discount Received			0.07	-
	Other Income			2.81	-
		Total		14.61	37.70
23	COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED				
	Particulars of Raw Materials Consumed				
	Raw Materials Consumed			159.52	65.55
	Packing Material	<b>T</b> . 4 . 1		2.82	<u>1.66</u> 67.21
		Total		102.34	07.21
24	CHANGES IN INVENTORY OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK IN PROGRESS AND TRADED GOODS				
	Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At Close)			60.28	71.49
	Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At commencement)			71.49	82.75
		Total		11.21	11.27
25	EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES				
				45.00	00.04
	Salaries & Wages Gratuity			15.38 0.17	20.84 0.24
	Staff Welfare Expenses			0.19	0.24
		Total		15.74	21.36
26	FINANCE COST				
	Interest Expense				
	- Banks			-	3.02
	- MSMED			-	0.07
	- Others			0.53	0.29
	Bank Guarantee fees & charges			0.00	0.02
		Total		0.53	3.40
27	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSES				
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses			0.58	0.58
	· ·	Total		0.58	0.58

#### 28 OTHER EXPENSES

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
Director's Sitting Fees		0.30	0.26
Printing and stationary		-	0.02
Business Support Services		24.64	40.76
Auditors Remuneration		0.74	0.68
Legal, Professional & consultancy fees		4.02	25.86
Repairs & Maintenance Others		0.29	-
Miscellaneous expenses		4.66	3.98
Unrealised Loss on FV of Investments		-	-
Loss on Sale of Investments		-	2.64
Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Loss/ (Gain)		-	0.38
	Α	34.64	74.58
SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES			
Carriage outwards		1.62	0.68
Rent		0.42	0.42
Conveyance expenses		0.01	0.88
Sales Promotion Expenses		3.32	0.26
	В	5.37	2.24
	(A+B)	40.01	76.83
	Total	40.01	76.83

#### 

#### 29 EARNINGS PER SHARE

	2021-2022	2020-2021
Net Profit available to Equity Shareholders (Rs. In Lakhs)	20.31	(27.97)
Total number of Equity Shares (Face value of Rs. 1/- each fully paid up)	30,00,000	30,00,000
Weighted No. of Equity Shares	30,00,000	30,00,000
Basic Earnings per Share (in Rupees)	0.68	(0.93)
Diluted No. of Equity Shares	30,00,000	30,00,000
Diluted Earnings per Share (in Rupees)	0.68	(0.93)

#### 30 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company has determined that it operates in a single business segment, namely "Formulation and Application of Enzymes" and also in a single geographical environment i.e. within India. Therefore the information pursuant to the Ind As 108 - "Segment Reporting" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India is not applicable.

#### 31 Contingent Liabilites not provided for are in respect of :

Particulars	As at 31/03/2022	As at 31/03/2021
	(Rs. In lakhs)	(Rs. In lakhs)

a.Income Tax matter AY 2009-10

7.05

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32 Tax Reconciliation (a) The income tax expense consists of the followings:

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Current Income Tax	3.69	-
Deferred Tax Expense	(0.38)	5.03
Tax expense for the year	3.31	5.03
(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax Rate		
Profit before income tax expense	23.62	(22.94
Indian statutory income tax rate (MAT)	0.16	0.26
Expected Income Tax expenses Part A	3.69	-
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (allowable) in calculating taxable income:		
Income exempt from income taxes		-
Additional allowances/deduction		-
MAT Credit Entitlement		-
Others		-
Short/Excess Provision for earlier years		-
Capital gain	-	-
Current Tax (A)	3.69	-
Part B		
Deferred Tax Effect at the rate of:	0.29	0.29
Opening DTL	7.60	2.57
Depreciation	0.78	0.75
Investment at Fair Value	10.14	6.85
	3.31	5.03
Less:		
Short/Excess provision of IT for earlier year	-	-
MAT Credit	3.69	-
Deferred Tax (B)	(0.38)	5.03
Tax Expense (A+B)	3.31	5.03

## 33 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

#### A. Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

		As at 31 March 2022						
		Carrying amount				Fair valu	e	
	Fair value through profit and loss	Fair value through other comprehensiv e income	Amotised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Leve I 3	Total
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents (Including other bank			12.83	12.83				-
balances)								
Investments				-				
- Mutual Funds(Quoted)	323.03			323.03	323.03			323.03
Trade and other receivables			66.31	66.31				-
Loans			-	-				-
Other financial assets			-	-				-
TOTAL	323.03	-	79.14	402.18	323.03	-	-	323.03
Financial liabilities								
Long term borrowings (Including current maturity of Long				-				
term borrowings)								
Short term borrowings			-	-				-
Trade and other payables			9.08	9.08				-
Other financial liabilities			6.61	6.61				-
TOTAL	-	-	15.68	15.68	-	-	-	-

		As at 31 March 2021						
		Carrying amount			Fair value			
	Fair value through profit and loss	Fair value through other comprehensiv e income		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Leve I 3	Total
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents (Including other bank	-	-	235.88	235.88	-	-	-	-
balances)								
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- Mutual Funds	161.31	-	-	161.31	161.31	-	-	161.31
Trade and other receivables	-	-	19.71	19.71	-	-	-	-
Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	0.25	0.25	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	161.31	-	255.85	417.16	161.31	-	-	161.31
Financial liabilities								
Long term borrowings (Including current maturity of Long term borrowings)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short term borrowings	-	-	50.00	50.00	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	-	-	24.60	24.60	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	10.05	10.05	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-	-	84.66	84.66	-	-	-	-

#### C. Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to Credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

#### i. Risk management framework

Risk Management is an integral part of the Company's plans and operations. The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company risk management framework. The board of directors is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company risk management policies.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

#### ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and investments in debt securities, cash and cash equivalents, mutual funds, bonds etc.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

#### Trade and other receivables

Credit risk is the risk of possible default by the counter party resulting in a financial loss.

The Company manages credit risk through various internal policies and procedures setforth for effective control over credit exposure. These are managed by way of setting various credit approvals, evaluation of financial condition before supply terms, setting credit limits, industry trends, ageing analysis and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

Based on prior experience and an assessment of the current economic environment, management believes that sufficient provision is mad for credit risk wherever credit is extended to customers.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Credit risk from balances with banks is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy. Investment of surplus funds are made in mainly in mutual funds with good returns and with high credit ratings assigned by International and domestic credit ratings agencies.

Other than trade and other receivables, the Company has no other financial assets that are past due but not impaired.

#### iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risk to the Company's reputation.

#### iv. Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from adverse changes in market rates and prices (such as interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates). Market risk is attributable to all market risk-sensitive financial instruments, all foreign currency receivables and payables and all short term and long-term debt. The Company is exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and the market value of its investments. Thus, the Company's exposure to market risk is a function of investing and borrowing activities and revenue generating and operating activities in foreign currencies.

#### V. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Investment committee manages and constantly reviews the interest rate movements in the market. This risk is mitigated by the Company by investing the funds in varioustenors depending on the liquidity needs of the Company. The Company's exposures to interest rate risk is not significant.

#### 34 Employee Benefit obligations

(A) Defined Benefit Plan The Company's obligation towards the Gratuity Fund is a Defined Benefit Plan. Based on the actuarial valuation obtained in this respect, details of Acturial Valuation are as follows:

		As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
			ed plan)
(i)	Change in Defined Benefit Obligation		,
	Opening defined benefit obligation	0.69	0.96
	Amount recognised in profit and loss		
	Current service cost	0.21	0.20
	Interest cost	0.05	0.07
	Amount recognised in other comprehensive income		
	Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from:		
	Return on Plan Assets		
	Financial assumptions	(0.01)	0.00
	Experience	0.49	(0.54)
	Other		
	Benefits paid	4.40	0.00
	Closing defined benefit obligation	1.42	0.69
(ii)	Change in Fair Value of Assets		
	Opening fair value of plan assets	1.25	0.36
	Amount recognised in profit and loss		
	Interest income	0.08	0.02
	Amount recognised in other comprehensive income		
	Actuarial gain / (loss)		
	Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	(0.02)	0.02
	Other		
	Contributions by employer	0.14	0.84
	Benefits paid		-
	Closing fair value of plan assets	1.45	1.25
	Actual return on Plan Assets	0.06	0.05
(iii)	Plan assets comprise the following		
		Unqouted	Unqouted
	Insurance fund (100%)	1.45	1.25
(iv)	Principal actuarial assumptions used	%	%
	Discount rate	6.80	6.74
	Withdrawal Rate	1.00	1.00
	Future Salary Increase	5.00	5.00
		As at 31	As at 31 March
(v)	Amount recognised in the Balance Sheet	March 2022	2021
	Present value of obligations as at year end	1.42	0.69
	Fair value of plan assets as at year end	(1.45)	(1.25)
	Net (asset) / liability recognised as at year end	(0.03)	(0.56)
	Recognised under :		
	Short term provisions	-0.03	(0.01)
	Long term provisions	0.00	(0.55)
		-0.03	(0.56)

#### (vi) Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would

	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2021		
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	
Discount rate (1% movement) - Gratuity	1.67	1.22	0.12	0.10	
Future salary growth (1% movement) - Gratuity	1.67	1.21	0.12	0.10	

The above sensitivity analyses have been calculated to show the movement in defined benefit obligation in isolation and assuming there are

#### (vii) Expected future cash flows

The expected maturity analysis is as follows :	For year ended	For year ended
	31.3.2022	31.3.2021
Expected benefits for year 1	0.02	2.08
Expected benefits for year 2	0.02	2.07
Expected benefits for year 3	0.02	2.15
Expected benefits for year 4	0.03	1.62
Expected benefits for year 5	0.03	1.32
Expected benefits for year 6 and above	0.17	1.17

#### 35 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's capital management objectives are: - to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern; and

- to provide an adequate return to shareholders through optimisation of debts and equity balance.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of debt less cash and cash equivalents as presented on the face of the financial statements. The Company's objective for capital management is to maintain an optimum overall financial structure.

Debt equity ratio	As at	As at
	31st March,2022	31st March.2021
Debt (includes non-current, current borrowings and current maturities of long term debt)	-	50.00
Less : cash and cash equivalents	12.83	4.72
Net debt	(12.83)	45.28
Total equity	505.29	485.48
Net debt to total equity ratio	-2.54%	9.33%

#### 36 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Related party disclosures as required under Accounting Standard on "Related Party Disclosures" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India are given below:

a) Relationship:

#### i. Holding Company :

Chembond Chemicals Limited

ii. Fellow Subsidiaries: Chembond Water Technologies Ltd., Chembond Material Technologies Pvt Ltd, Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd. Chembond Biosciences Ltd., Chembond Calvatis Industrial Hygiene Systems Ltd., Phiroze Sethna Pvt Ltd, Chembond Distribution Ltd.

#### iii. Key Management Personnel and their relatives (KMP)

Sameer V. Shah, Nirmal V. Shah, Paresh Trivedi

#### Entities over which Key Management personnel are able to exercise influence :

CCL Opto Electronics Pvt Ltd., Finor Piplaj Chemicals Ltd., S and N Ventures Ltd., GTK Intermediates Pvt. Ltd., Visan Holdings Pvt. Ltd., and Oriano Clean Energy Pvt Ltd

#### b) The following transactions were carried out with related parties in the ordinary course of business

For the year ended / as on		31.0	3.2022		31.03.2021			
escription of the nature of transactions	Holding	Fellow Subsidiaries	KMP & their relatives	Total	Holding	Fellow Subsidiaries	KMP & their relatives	Tota
Sales of Goods	0.14	0.20	7.95	8.30	0.60	0.31	-	0.91
Chembond Material Technologies Pvt Ltd	-	0.20	-	0.20	-	0.31	-	0.31
Chembond Chemicals Ltd	0.14	-	-	0.14	0.60	-	-	0.60
Finor Piplaj Chemicals Ltd.	-	-	7.95	7.95	-	-	-	-
Purchase of Goods	0.19	3.22	-	3.41	0.27	6.06	0.02	6.3
Chembond Chemicals Ltd	0.19	-	-	0.19	0.27	-	-	0.2
Chembond Material Technologies Pvt Ltd	-	3.22	-	3.22	-	6.05	-	6.05
Chembond Distribution Ltd	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chembond Water Technologies Ltd.	-	-	-	-	-	0.02	-	0.02
Finor Piplaj Chemicals Ltd.	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.02	0.02
Service charges	24.64	-	-	24.64	40.76	-	-	40.7
Chembond Chemicals Ltd	24.64	-	-	24.64	40.76	-	-	40.76
Rental Expenses	0.42	-	-	0.42	0.42	-	-	0.4
Chembond Chemicals Ltd	0.42	-	-	0.42	0.42	-	-	0.42
Interest Expense	0.53	-	-	0.53	0.29	-	-	0.2
Chembond Chemicals Ltd	0.53	-	-	0.53	0.29	-	-	0.29
Director Sitting Fees	-	-	0.30	0.30	-	-	0.26	0.2
Dr.Prakash Trivedi	-	-	0.30	0.30	-	-	0.26	0.2
Consultancy fees	-	-	-		-	-	0.60	0.6
Dr.Prakash Trivedi	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.60	0.60
Balance at the end of the year				-				-
A. Sundry Debtors	0.17	0.03	-	0.20	-	0.13	1.42	1.5
Chembond Chemicals Ltd	0.17	-	-	0.17	-	-	-	-
Dr.Prakash Trivedi	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.42	1.4
Chembond Material Technologies Pvt Ltd	-	0.03	-	0.03	-	0.13	-	0.1
B. Sundry Creditors	6.41	-	-	6.41	21.25	-	-	21.2
Chembond Material Technologies Pvt Ltd	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	-	0.0
Chembond Chemicals Ltd	6.41	-	-	6.41	21.25	-	-	21.2
Chembond Distribution Ltd	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Loans taken	-	-	-	-	50.00	-	-	50.0
Chembond Chemicals Ltd	-	-	-	-	50.00	-	-	50.0

#### NOTE : 37

#### ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION

ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION		
(a) Current Ratio	2021-2022	2020-21
Current Assets(A)	170.66	375.98
Current Liabilities(B)	19.52	85.39
Current Ratio( A/B)	8.74	4.40
Redemption of fixed deposits of Rs 231.16L & repaym	ent of borrowings of Rs 50	)L in this year
(b) Debt-Equity Ratio	0.00	50.00
Total Borrowings(A) Total Shareholders' Equity(B)	0.00 505.29	50.00 485.48
Debt-Equity Ratio( A/B)	505.29	<u> </u>
Repayment of borrowings of Rs 50L in this year		0.10
(c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio		
EBITDA(A)	24.73	-18.96
Interest on Loan+Loan repayment in a year(B)	50.53	150.67
Debt Service Coverage Ratio( A/B) Increase in Profits due to increase in sales	0.49	(0.13)
<u>(d) Return on Equity Ratio</u> Net Profit(A)	20.31	-27.97
Average Shareholders Euity(B)	495.39	499.26
Return on Equity Ratio( A/B)	0.04	(0.06)
Increase in Profits due to increase in sales		(
(e) Inventory turnover ratio	454.00	04.00
Net purchases(A)	154.23	61.29
Average Inventory(B)	<u>98.27</u> <b>1.57</b>	116.53
Inventory turnover Ratio( A/B) Increase in cost of goods sold due to corresponsing in		0.53
(f) Trade receivables turnover ratio		
Net sales(A)	239.42	120.01
Average Accounts receivable(B)	43.01	39.37
Trade receivable turnover Ratio( A/B) Increase in sales	5.57	3.05
(g) Trade Payables turnover ratio		
Net Purchases(A)	154.23	61.29
Average trade payable(B)	16.84	21.43
Trade Payables turnover Ratio( A/B) Increase in sales	9.16	2.86
(h) Net Capital turnover ratio		
Net sales(A)	239.42	120.01
Net Working Capital(B)	151.14	290.59
Net Capital turnover Ratio( A/B) Increase in sales & decrease in net assets due to Red	1.58 lemption of fixed deposits	0.41 of Rs 231.16L
(i) Net Profit ratio		
Net Profit(A)	20.31	-27.97
Net Sales(B)	239.42	120.01
Net Profit Ratio( A/B)	8%	-23%
Increase in Profit due to increase in sales		
(j) Return on Capital employed	04.45	10 5
EBIT(A) Sharahaldara Equity Long tarm liabilitias(B)	24.15	-19.54
Shareholders Equity+Long term liabilities(B)	512.12	492.70
Return on Capital employed( A/B) Increase in EBIT due to increase in sales	0.05	(0.04)
(k) Return on Investment		
Net Profit(A)	20.31	-27.97
Net assets(B)	172.18	312.20
Return on Investment( A/B)	0.12	(0.09)

Increase in Profit due to increase in sales & decrease in net assets due to Redemption of fixed deposits of Rs 231.16L.

#### NOTE : 38 Ageing Schedule for Trade receivables Ageing for trade receivables outstanding as on 31st Mar'22 is as follows :

<u> </u>			<u></u>			Amoun	t in Rs lakhs
		Outst	anding for following	g periods fron	n due date of payme		
Particulars	Not due	Less than 6	6 months – 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
		months	year				
<ul> <li>i) Undisputed trade receivables - considered good</li> </ul>	29.59	32.93	0.17	0.21	3.40	0.02	66.31
<li>ii) Undisputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk</li>							-
<li>iii) undisputed trade receivables - credit impaired</li>							-
iv) Disputed trade receivables - considered good							-
<ul> <li>v) Disputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk</li> </ul>							-
vi) Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired							-
Less : Allowance for doubtful trade receivables							
Frade receivables 66.31							

#### Ageing for trade receivables outstanding as on 31st Mar'21 is as follows :

						Amoun	t in Rs lakhs		
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment								
Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
<ul> <li>i) Undisputed trade receivables - considered good</li> </ul>	10.56	5.68	0.05	3.40	0.02	-	19.71		
ii) Undisputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in							-		
iii) undisputed trade receivables - credit impaired							-		
iv) Disputed trade receivables - considered good							-		
<ul> <li>v) Disputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in</li> </ul>							-		
vi) Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired							-		
Less : Allowance for doubtful trade re	eceivables			-					
Trade receivables							19.71		

#### NOTE : 39

#### Ageing Schedule for Trade Payables

Ageing for trade Payables outstanding as on 31st Mar'22 is as follows :

	-					Amount in Rs lakhs			
Particulars		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							
Faiticulais	Not Due	Not Due Less than 1 yr 1 -2 yrs 2-3 yrs More than 3							
I) MSME	0.03	6.38	-	-	-	6.41			
II) Others	2.27	0.64	0.08	-0.04	-0.28	2.67			
III) Disputed dues - MSME						-			
IV) Disputed dues - Others						-			
Accrued expenses									
Net trade payables						9.08			

#### Ageing for trade Payables outstanding as on 31st Mar'21 is as follows :

Particulars		Amount in Rs lakhs Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							
Faiticulais	Not Due	Less than 1 yr	1 -2 yrs	2-3 yrs	More than 3 yrs.	Total			
I) MSME	0.09	20.17	-	-	-	20			
II) Others	0.47	-2.65	6.81	-0.28	-	4			
III) Disputed dues - MSME									
IV) Disputed dues - Others									
Accrued expenses									
Net trade payables						24			

NOTE : 40

Ageing Schedule for Capital Work in Progress Ageing for CWIP as on 31st Mar'22 is as follows :

					Amount in Rs lakhs			
		Amount in CWIP for period of						
Particulars	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total			
	year			years				
i) Projects in progress	-	-	-	-	-			
ii) Projects temporarily suspended	-	7.35	-	7.50	14.85			
Total								

#### Ageing for CWIP as on 31st Mar'21 is as follows :

#### Amount in Rs lakhs

	Amount in CWIP for period of						
Particulars	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total		
	year			years			
i) Projects in progress	-	-		-	-		
ii) Projects temporarily suspended	7.35	-	7	50 -	14.85		
Total	•				14.85		

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#### NOTE : 41 Additional regulatory information not disclosed elsewhere in the financial information

- A The Company do not have any Benami property and no proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Company and its Indian subsidiaries for holding any Benami property, under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- B The Company do not have any transactions with struck off companies under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956, except for the parties mentioned below:

				Relationship with the Struck off company, if any, to be disclosed
-	Investments in securities	-	-	Nil
-	Receivables	-	-	Nil
-	Payables	-	-	Nil
-	Shares held by stuck off company	-	-	Nil
	Other outstanding balances (to be specified)	-	-	Nil

- **C** The Company does not have any charge which is yet to be registered/satisfied with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- D The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

E The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:

directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party(Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,

- F The Company has not undertaken any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- G The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the current or previous year.
- H The Company has not been declared as a 'Wilful Defaulter' by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.
- I The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

- 42 During theQuarter 4 of current financial year, Chembond Material Technologies Private Limited and Chembond Polymers and Materials Limited have entered into a proposed scheme ('Scheme'') of merger and arrangement (under section 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013) to create optimum utilisation of various resources. The combined company will fully own the respective businesses of Chembond Material Technologies Private Limited and Chembond Polymers and Materials Limited. The scheme will be accounted for on receipt of regulatory and other approvals which are pending.
- 43 Previous year figures have been regrouped, reallocated and reclassified wherever necessary to confirm to current years classification and presentation.

For Bathiya & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN - 101046W/W100063 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Chembond Polymers and Materials Ltd. CIN: U24117MH2006PLC166224

Sd/-Jatin A. Thakkar Partner Membership No. : 134767

Place : Mumbai Date : 30th Apr, 2022 Sd/-Sameer V. Shah Director DIN: 00105721 Sd/-Nirmal V Shah Director DIN: 00083853 Sd/-Paresh Trivedi Director DIN: 02559529