#### **BOARDS' REPORT**

To

The Members of,

Chembond Clean Water Technologies Limited

The Directors of your Company take pleasure in presenting the 10<sup>th</sup> Annual Report together with the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2020.

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS

The financial performance of your Company for year 2019-20 & 2018-19 is as summarized below:

Particulars	Amount (₹ i	n Lakhs)
	2019-20	2018-19
Revenue from Operations	1198.17	1368.45
Profit for the year	247.17	452.84
Add: Balance as per last year	(108.56)	(561.41)
Total	138.61	(108.57)
Appropriation		
General Reserves		_
Interim Dividend	10.00	-
Tax on Interim Dividend	2.06	ű.
Dividend on equity shares	90.00	<u> </u>
Tax on Dividend	18.50	=
Balance carried to Balance Sheet	18.04	(108.57)

#### HIGHLIGHTS OF PERFORMANCE

The revenue from operations for F.Y. 2019-20 decreased to ₹1198.17 lakhs from ₹1368.45 lakhs in F.Y. 2018-19. The profits for the F.Y. 2019-20 was at ₹247.17 lakhs and ₹452.84 lakhs in F.Y. 2018-19.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186 Details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in the notes to the Financial Statements.

#### AMOUNT, IF ANY, WHICH IT PROPOSES TO CARRY TO ANY RESERVES

Your Company has not transferred any amount from its current year's profit to General Reserve.

#### **DIVIDEND**

During the year 2019-2020, the Company declared an interim dividend of ₹0.121/- (Paise Twelve only) per equity share aggregating to ₹10 lakhs.

The Board of Directors has not recommended any final dividend (previous year ₹1.09 per share) for the financial year ended 31st March 2019.

## CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO

Considering the Company's existing business activities, your Directors have nothing to state in connection with Conservation of Energy and Technology Absorption.

During the period under review, the foreign exchange earnings and out-go were as follows:

(i) Foreign Exchange earnings : Nil(ii) Foreign Exchange spent : Nil

#### PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

None of the employee has received remuneration exceeding the limit as stated in rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

#### EXTRACT OF THE ANNUAL RETURN

Details forming part of the extract of the Annual Return as provided under sub-section (3) of section 92 in form MGT-9 is annexed herewith as Annexure 1.

#### **BOARD MEETINGS**

During the year, six (6) Board Meetings were convened and held. The intervening gap between the meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

Name of Director	Designation	No. of Board	No. of Board
		Meetings entitled to attend	Meetings attended
Mr. Nirmal V. Shah	Director	6	6
Mr. Sushil U. Lakhani	Director	6	4
Mr. Vinod J. Deshpande	Director	6	4

#### **CHANGES IN SHARE CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

During the year under review there has been no change in the share capital structure of the Company.

Company has facilitated the dematerialisation of the equity shares of the Company in coordination with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and has appointed TSR Darashaw Consultants Private Limited (formerly TSR Darashaw Limited) as the Registrar and Share Transfer Agents (RTA) of the Company.

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

To the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them and in terms of Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, Directors on the Board state that:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- b) the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;



- c) the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e) the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

## MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

There have been no material changes and commitments during the period under review which may affect the financial position of the Company.

#### **DIRECTORS OR KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**

There was no change in Directors and KMP's during the year in the Company.

Mr. Nirmal V. Shah, Director of the Company is liable to retire by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

Due to the unprecedented COVID-19 pandemic and the subsequent lockdown the Directors have voluntarily decided to take deduction of 25% in their remuneration and other fees.

#### POLICY ON DIRECTORS APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION

The Company has put in place appropriate policy on Directors' appointment and remuneration and other matters provided in Section 178(3) of the Act.

#### **DEPOSITS**

Details relating to deposits, covered under Chapter V of the Act are given below:

- I. Accepted during the year
  - The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder.
- II. Remained unpaid or unclaimed as at the end of the year

  There is no deposits are remaining unpaid or unclaimed as at that date.
- III. Whether there has been any default in repayment of deposits or payment of interest thereon during the year and if so, number of such cases and the total amount involved (i) at the beginning of the year; (ii) maximum during the year; (iii) at the end of the year;

There has been no default as mentioned above.

Details of deposits which are not in compliance with the requirements of Chapter V of the act: The Company has not received any deposit during the year under review.



# DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS AND COMPANY'S OPERATIONS IN FUTURE

No significant and material order has been passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

# DETAILS IN RESPECT OF ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS (IFC) WITH REFERENCE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st March, 2020, the Board is of the opinion that the Company has sound IFC commensurate with the nature and size of its business operations; wherein controls are in place and operating effectively and no material weaknesses have been noticed. The Company has a process in place to continuously monitor the existing controls and identify gaps, if any, and implement new and/or improved controls wherever the effect of such gaps would have a material effect on the Company's operation.

# STATEMENT INDICATING DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF A RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY FOR THE COMPANY INCLUDING IDENTIFICATION THEREIN OF ELEMENTS OF RISK, IF ANY, WHICH IN THE OPINION OF THE BOARD MAY THREATEN THE EXISTENCE OF THE COMPANY.

The Company does not have any Risk Management Policy as the elements of risk threatening the Company's existence is very minimal.

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Corporate Social Responsibility as stated in section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to your Company.

#### **AUDITORS**

The Statutory Auditors of your Company, M/s. Bathiya & Associates, LLP, (Firm Registration No. 101046W) were appointed in the 9th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company to hold office for a period of five years from the conclusion of the 9th AGM till the conclusion of 14th AGM of the Company i.e. from 2019-20 to 2023-24.

The Audit Report submitted by M/s. Bathiya & Associates, LLP for FY 2019-20 does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer.

#### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All transactions entered into with Related Parties as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 during the financial year were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis and do not attract the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013. Suitable disclosure as required by the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS - 24) has been made in the notes to the Financial Statements.

## PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN

Company has adopted the Policy for prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace as required under the Act. During the year under review Nil complaints were received.

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#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

Your Board takes this opportunity to express its deep thanks to the customers, vendors, shareholders, and bankers for the faith they have reposed in the Company. Your Directors also place on record their sincere appreciation of the contribution of its employees for their competence, hard work, and cooperation.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Chembond Clean Water Technologies Limited

Nirmal Shah Director

DIN: 00083853

Vinod J. Deshpande

Director

DIN: 07529370

Mumbai

28th May, 2020

#### **ANNEXURE 1**

## ANNEXURE TO THE BOARDS' REPORT EXTRACT OF THE ANNUAL RETURN

as on the financial year ended 31.03.2020

[Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, and Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014
FORM MGT-9

#### I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS

CD I						
CIN	U29248MH2010PLC202124					
Registration Date	17th April, 2010					
Name of the Company	Chembond Clean Water Technologies Limited					
Category / Sub-Category of the Company	Company having Share Capital					
Address of the Registered Office and Contact	EL-37, Chembond Centre, MIDC, Mahape, Navi Mumbai					
details	400710 Tel: (9122) 62643000 Fax: (9122) 27681294					
Whether listed Company	No					
Name, address and contact details of Registrar	TSR Darashaw Consultants Private Limited,					
and Transfer Agent, if any	6-10, Haji Moosa Patrawala Indl. Estate, 20, Dr. E Moses Road,					
	Mahalaxmi, Mumbai – 400 011.					
	Contact Person: Ms. Madhuri Narang					
	Tel: 022 – 6656 8484					
	Fax: 022 – 6656 8494					
	E-mail: csg-unit@tsrdarashaw.com					
	Web: www.tsrdarashaw.com					

#### II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the Company shall be stated:

Sr. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/ service	% to total turnover of the company
1	Water Treatment Plant & Accessories,	3600	100*
	and Technical Services		

#### III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

Sr.	Name and Address of the	CIN/GLN	Holding/	%	of	, , ,
No.	Company		subsidiary/	shares		section
			associate	held		
1	Chembond Chemicals Limited	L24100MH1975PLC018235	Holding		52	2(46)
	EL-71, Chembond Centre, MIDC,		Company			
	Mahape, Navi Mumbai 400710					
	Tel: (9122) 62643000 Fax: (9122)					
	27681294					



IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

i) Category-wise Share Holding

		are Holdin							
Category of Shareholders		Shares hel ear 01.04.20		No. of Shares held at the end of the year 31.03.2020				% Change during the year	
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual / HUF	0	3	3	0.00004	3	0	3	0.00004	0
b) Central Govt.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) State Govt.(s)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) Bodies Corporate	0	8278054	8278054	99.99	4304587	3973467	8278054	99.99	0
e) Banks / FI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f) Any Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total (A) (1):-	0	8278057	8278057	100.00	4304590	3973467	8278057	100.00	0
(2) Foreign									
a) NRIs – Individuals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Other - Individuals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Bodies Corp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) Banks / FI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e) Any Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total (A) (2):-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total shareholding of	0	8278057	8278057	100.00	4304590	3973467	8278057	100.00	0
Promoter (A) =									
(A)(1)+(A)(2)									
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
a) Mutual Funds									
b) Banks / FI									
c) Central Govt									
d) State Govt(s)									
e)Venture Capital									
Funds									
f) Insurance Companies									
g) FIIs		1							
h)Foreign Venture									
Capital Funds									
i) Others (specify)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total (B)(1):- 2. Non-Institutions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
a) Bodies Corp.	U	U	"	U	U		U		
i) Indian									
ii) Overseas									
b) Individuals									
i)Individual SH									
holding nominal share									
capital upto Rs. 1 lakh									
ii) Individual SH									
holding nominal share									
capital in excess of Rs 1									
lakh									
c) Others (specify)									



Sub-total (B)(2):-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Public	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shareholding		4 7		( !	[ ]	( 7	1	1 "	1
(B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2)		( )	1 /	6 1	1 1		1		1
				(		L/		₄''	
C. Shares held by	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Custodian for GDRs &	, F	( T	1 /	( 7	1	1 7	[ ]	1 7	
ADRs				4 7		( /	!	1 "	
Grand Total (A+B+C)	0	8278057	8278057	100.00	4304590	3973467	8278057	100.00	0

(ii)Shareholding of Promoters

_	(ii)Shareholding of							% change	
Sr. No	Shareholder's Name	year 01.04.			31.03.2020				
		No. of Shares	%of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	% of total Shares of the company	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	%of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	holding during the year	
1.	Chembond Chemicals Limited	4304584	0	52	4304584	52	0	0	
2	Visan Holdings Private Limited#	1	0	0.00001	1.	0.00001	0	0	
3	Finor Piplaj Chemicals Limited*	1	0	0.00001	1:	0.00001	0	0	
4	S & N Ventures Limited*	1	0	0.00001	1	0.00001	0	0	
5	Mr. Sameer V. Shah Jtly with Shilpa S. Shah*	1	0	0.00001	1.	0.00001	0	0	
6	Mr. Nirmal V. Shah Jtly with Mamta N. Shah*	1	0	0.00001	1.	0.00001	0	0	
7	Mrs. Mamta N. Shah Jtly with Nirmal V. Shah*	1	0	0.00001	1	0.00001	0	0	
8	Chembond Water Technologies Limited	3973467	0	48	3973467	48	0	0	
	Total	8278057	0	100.00	8278057	100.00	0	0	

<sup>\*</sup>Nominee shareholder of Chembond Chemicals Limited.

<sup>#</sup>One share is held as nominee shareholder of Chembond Chemicals Limited.



### (iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

Sr. No.		Shareholding a the year 01.04.2	t the beginning of 019	Cumulative Shareholding during the year 31.03.2020			
	For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company		
	At the beginning of the year		No Change di	uring the year	•		
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):	No Change during the year					
	At the End of the year (or on the date of separation, if separated during the year)	No Change during the year					

# (iv) Shareholding Pattern of Top Ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

Sr. No.		Shareholding the year 01.04.2	at the beginning of 2019	Cumulative Shareholding during the year 31.03.2020		
	For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	
	At the beginning of the year		No Change di	uring the y	year	
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):		No Change di	uring the y	year	
	At the End of the year (or on the date of separation, if separated during the year)		No Change di	uring the y	/ear	

### (v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

Sr.	For Each of the Directors	Shareholdi	ng at the beginning of	Shareho	olding at the end of the year
No.	and KMP	the year 01s	<sup>st</sup> April, 2019	31st Mai	rch, 2020
		No. of	% of total shares of the	No. of	% of total shares of the
		shares	company	shares	company
1	Mr. Nirmal V Shah Jointly	1	0.00001	1	0.00001
	Mrs. Mamta N. Shah*		=		

<sup>\*</sup>Nominee shareholder of Chembond Chemicals Limited



#### V. INDEBTEDNESS

### Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

(Re in lakhe)

	<u> </u>		(Rs. in la	ikns)
	Secured Loans	Unsecured	Deposits*	Total
	excluding deposits	Loans		Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial				
year			2.38	2.38
i) Principal Amount				
ii) Interest due but not paid				
iii) Interest accrued but not due				
Total (i+ii+iii)		_	2.38	2.38
Change in Indebtedness during the financial				
year	-	170	12.16	12.16
Addition	_	-	×	H20
Reduction				
Net Change			12.16	12.16
Indebtedness at the			12.10	1210
end of the financial year	_	<b>4</b> 1	14.54	14.54
i) Principal Amount			14,04	14.54
ii) Interest due but not paid				
iii) Interest accrued but not due				
Total (i+ii+iii)			14.54	14.54

<sup>\*</sup>The above amounts are accepted from vendors/sales agents as security deposits.

### VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

Sr.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/	Total Amount
No.		Manager	
1,.	Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	NA	NA
2.	Stock Option	NA	NA
3.	Sweat Equity	NA	NA
4.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify	NA	NA
5.	Others, please specify	NA	NA
	Total (A)	Nil	Nil
	Ceiling as per the Act	Ē	345



#### B. Remuneration to other directors:

(Rs. in lakhs)

		1,500	or and administration
Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Sushil Lakhani	Total Amount
	Independent Directors		
	- Fee for attending board / committee meetings	0.60	0.60
	- Others, please specify		ж
	Total (1)	0.60	0.60
	Other Non-Executive Directors	NA	NA
	- Fee for attending board / committee meetings		
	- Others, please specify		
	Total (2)	Nil	Nil
	Total (B)=(1+2)	0.60	0.60
	Total Managerial Remuneration	0.60	0.60
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act	11 % of N	

#### C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Sr.	Particulars of Remuneration		Key Managerial F		:1
No.		CEO	Company Secretary (Suraj Gujja)	CFO	Total
1.	Gross salary  (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961  (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961  (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	NA	6.36	NA	6.36
2.	Stock Option	NA	NA	NA	NA
3.	Sweat Equity	NA	NA	NA	NA
4.	Commission - as % of profit, others, specify	NA	NA	NA	NA
5.	Others, please specify	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Total	Nil	6.36	Nil	6.36

#### VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

No penalties/punishment/compounding of offences were levied on the Company or Director or any of its officers during the year under review.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Chembond Clean Water Technologies Limited

Nirmal V. Shah Director

DIN: 00083853

Vinod J. Deshpande

Director

DIN: 07529370

Mumbai 28th May, 2020



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of **Chembond Clean Water Technologies Limited** 

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements:

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Chembond Clean Water Technologies Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2020, the statement of Profit and Loss (including the other comprehensive loss), statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2020, and profit and other comprehensive loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Emphasis of Matter – Effects of COVID-19

We draw attention to Note 41 in the financial statements, which describes the uncertainties and the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on the Company's operations and financial statements as assessed by the management. The actual results may differ from such estimates depending on future developments. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

**Bathiya & Associates LLP** 

202 - A, Harmony, Court Naka, Station Road, Thane (W) - 400 601. T: 022 65620111 / 12 E: info@bathiya.com

bathiya.com



# Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but



is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the **Annexure A**, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the financial statements have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c. The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss, the statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of these financial statements;
  - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act;
  - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2020, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2020, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
  - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B"; and
- 3. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. There were no pending litigations which would impact the financial position of the Company.
  - ii. The Company does not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.



- iii. There were no amount required to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company in accordance to the provision of the Act, and rules made there under.
- 4. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under section 197(16):

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not paid and / or provided for any remuneration to its directors during the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2020 and hence the provisions of Section 197 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

#### For Bathiya & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 101046W / W100063

Jatin A. Thakkar

Partner

Membership No.: 134767

Place: Mumbai

Date: 28th May, 2020

**UDIN**: 20134767AAAAAN7742

#### Annexure - A to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date for the year ended 31st March, 2020)

Report on Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") of the Company.

- (i) In respect of Fixed Assets:
  - (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - (b) As per the information and explanations given to us, all the assets have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals during the year. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - (c) The Company does not hold any immovable property. Therefore, in our opinion, clause (i) (c) of the aforesaid Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) In respect of its Inventories:

As per the information and explanations given to us, the physical verification of inventories has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and as explained to us the discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records were not material.

- (iii) The Company has granted unsecured loans to two fellow owned subsidiaries, covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
  - (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the terms and conditions of the grant of such loans are not prejudicial to the company's interest.
  - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the payment of interest has been specified and the receipts are regular and loan is repayable on demand and during the year there is no repayment of principal amount.
  - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, no amount is overdue as the loans are repayable on demand.
- (iv) The Company has granted unsecured loans, to its fellow subsidiaries viz. Chembond Water Technologies Limited and Chembond Distribution Limited which is in compliance with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Act. The Company has not made investments, given guarantees and provided securities covered by the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Act.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public during the year under sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed thereunder. Therefore, clause (v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) According to the information given to us, Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, in case of the Company. Therefore, clause (v) of the aforesaid Order is not applicable to the company.



### (vii) In respect of statutory dues:

- (a) As per information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, profession tax, GST, sales tax, service tax, custom duty, excise duty, cess and other statutory dues applicable to the Company have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities though there has been delays in deposit in a few cases which are not serious. Further, there are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of income tax, GST, sales tax, customs duty, excise duty and cess which were in arrears, as at 31st March, 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, GST, sales tax, service tax, custom duty, excise duty and cess, which have not been deposited on account of any dispute except in the case of income tax wherein the following disputes are pending:

Name of Statute	Amount (Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates (Financial Year)	Forum where dispute is pending
Income tax (TDS)	85,666/-	Various Years (including 2018-19)	Assistant commissioner of Income Tax, CPC- TDS

- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayments of dues to the banks, financial institutions, Government or debenture holders.
- (ix) On the basis of records of the Company examined by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loan during the year. Therefore, the clause (ix) of the aforesaid Order is not applicable to the Company.
- During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instances of fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company by its officers or employees noticed or reported during the year, nor we have been informed of such case by the management.
- (xi) The Company has neither paid nor provided managerial remuneration during the year, hence clause (xi) of the aforesaid Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi company, hence the clause (xii) of the aforesaid Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) On the basis of records of the Company examined by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has entered into all transactions with related parties in compliance with Section 188 of the Act and the same is disclosed in the

financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards. The Company is not required to form an audit committee, hence provisions of Section 177 of the Act are not applicable.

- (xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotments or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Therefore, clause (xiv) of the aforesaid Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) On the basis of records of the Company examined by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with directors.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, hence clause (xvi) of the aforesaid Order is not applicable to the Company.

For Bathiya & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 101046W/W100063

Jatin A. Thakkar

Partner

Membership Number: 134767

Place: Mumbai

Date: 28th May 2020.

#### Annexure - B to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date for the year ended 31st March, 2020)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Chembond Clean Water Technologies Limited ("the Company") as of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the 'Guidance Note'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

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#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of Management and directors of the Company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper Management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

For Bathiya & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 101046W / W100063

Jatin A. Thakkar

Partner

Membership No.: 134767

Place: Mumbai

Date: 28th May, 2020

Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd. Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2020

Т	
/03/2020 lakhs)	As at 31/03/2019 (Rs. In lakhs)
iditile)	(rio. irridano)
8.40	10.19
0.82	0.59
0.02	5.00
2.01	4.75
153.17	182.10
0.00	11.31
1.53	1.53
165.94	210.46
58.91	52.13
25.41	0.00
280.95	445.52
40.67	57.25
6.04	2.90
342.19	142.27
30.63	0.00
14.94	13.65
799.72	713.72
965.66	924.18
	1
827.81	827.81
15.27	-108.61
843.08	719.20
14.54	2.38
9.68	1.38
24.22	3.76
	;
1.87	5.37
65.90	149.77
0.24	0.16
8.88	20.84
21.48	25.07
98.37	201.22
965.66	924.18
-	900.00

For Bathiya & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN - 101046W/W100063

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Jatin A. Thakkar

Partner

Membership No.: 134767

Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd. CIN: U29248MH2010PLC202124

Nirmal V. Shah

in Marian

Director DIN: 00083853 Sushil Lakhani

Director DIN: 01578957 Suraj Gujja Company Secretary Membership No.A49812

Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020 Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd.

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2020

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2020	Notes	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
	110101	(Rs. In lakhs)	(Rs. In lakhs)
			(1.12.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.
Barrania Franco Oracadiana	24	1,198.17	1,368.45
Revenue From Operations	25	40.78	2.41
Other Income	20	1,238.95	1,370.86
II Total Revenue (I+II)		1,230.93	1,370.00
V Expenses:			
Cost of Materials Consumed	26	563.32	506.75
Purchases of Stock-in-trade	27	78.35	247.30
Changes in Inventories of Finished goods, Work-in-progress and Stock-in-Trade	28	(14.36)	(50.93)
Employee Benefits Expense	29	200.62	1 <del>6</del> 7.50
Finance Costs	30	1.55	1.31
Depreciation and Amortisation expense	31	2.38	1.79
Other Expenses	32	75.02	85.73
Total Expenses		906.88	959.45
V Profit before Exceptional items and Tax		332.07	411.41
A. E C I to			
VI Exceptional Items			
VII Profit before Tax		332.07	411.41
VIII Tax Expense			
Current Tax		49.01	86.46
Deferred Tax		35.89	127.89
Total Tax Expense		84,90	-41.43
IX Profit for the Year		247.17	452.84
X Other Comprehenshive Income			•.
i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-3.28	-0.01
ii) Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		0.55	0.01
2 i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		0.00	0.00
ii) Income Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		0.00	0,00
Other Comprehensive Income (1+2)		-2.73	0.00
Total Comprehensive Income (IX+X)		244.44	452,84
XI Earning Per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs.10 each	38		
Basic (in Rs.)		2.99	5.47
Diluted (in Rs.)		2.99	5.47
	1-42		
	, 11-		

For Bathiya & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN - 101046W/W100063

Jatin A. Thakkar Partner

Membership No.: 134767

Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd. CIN: U29248MH2010PLC202124

Nirmal V. Shah Director

DIN: 00083853

Sushil Lakhani Director

DIN: 01578957

Suraj Gujja Company Secretary Membership No.A49812

Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020



### CHEMBOND CLEAN WATER TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

#### CASH FLOW STATEMENT

P	articulars	204	9-2020		(Rs. In Lakhs
		1 201	9-2020	201	3-2019
					}
A C	ash Flow from Operating Activities	1			l
	rofit before tax		332.07		
A	djustments for :		332.07		411.41
	epreciation and amortisation	2.38		4 70	
	oss on Sale of Property, Plant & Equipement	2.30	ļ	1.79	
l R	emeasurements of defined benefit plans			-	}
	nance Cost	1.55		0.01	
		1.55	3,94	1.31	. 244
Le	ess:		5.34		3.11
Fo	oreign Exchange Fluctuation	_			•
	et Gain on Investments	1 _		_	
Pr	ofit on Sale of Property,Plant & Equipement	1.29		-	
Di	vidend Received	1.20		-	
			(1.29)	·	(0.00)
O <sub>I</sub>	perating Profit before working capital changes	1 :	334.72		414.51
Ac	fjustments for :		304.72		4 (4.5)
∫Tr	ade and Other Receivables	90.71		(204.12)	
	ventories	(6.78)		(15.49)	
Tr	ade and Other Payables	(37,29)		(24.87)	
1_			46.66		(244.47)
	ash generated from operations		381.37		170.04
Jind	come taxes paid (Net of Refund)		(60.00)		(126.79)
<sub>N-</sub>	A Cook from Ourselfor Australia (4)				
INE	et Cash from Operating Activities (A)	[ ]	321.37	, }	43.25
B Ca	sh Flow from Investing Activities				
Pa	yment to acquire Property, plant & equipments		(0.90)		
Pro	oceeeds from Sale of Property, plant & equipments	1	1.36		-
∤Pu	rchase of Investment		(25.41)		- (
Sa	le of Investment	ľ	(20.41)		*
Re	payment of Loans	1	3.74	i	-
Lo	an to employees	i	(3.66)		(140.00)
	an to fellow subsidiary		(200.00)		(1.00)
Ne	t Cash used in Investing Activities (B)		(224.86)	ŀ	(141.00)
		1 1	,,	j	(141.30)
C Ca	sh Flow from Financing Activites			Ì	I
Pro	oceeds/(Repayment) of Short Term Borrowings		(6.91)		_
Pro	oceeds/(Repayment) of Short Term Borrowings		19.07		_
Ne	t proceeds from long term borrowings			I	2.38
	ridend paid		(100.00)	ł	
	x on dividend paid		(20.56)	I	- [
	ance Cost	[	(1.55)	I	(1.31)
live:	t Cash from Financing Activities (C)		(109.95)	ļ	1.07
Net	t (Decrease)/Increase in Cash & Cash Activities (A+B+C)		(13.44)		(96.67)
Cas	sh and Cash Equivalents and Other Bank Balances as on Opening		60.15	į	156.82
Cas	sh and Cash Equivalents and Other Bank Balances as on Closing		_ [	[	, 55.52
[(Ke	fer Note 11 & 12)		46.71	[	60.15

As per our attached report of even date For Bathiya & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN - 101046W/W100063

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Jatin A. Thakkar Partner

Membership No.: 134767

Place : Mumbai, Date: 28th May, 2020 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd. CIN: U29248MH2010PLC202124

Nirmal V. Shah

Director DIN: 00083853 Sushil Lakhani Director DIN: 01578957 Suraj Gujja Company Secretary Membership No.A49812

Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020

#### Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2020

(a) Equity share capital

	No. of Shares	(Rs. In lakhs)
Balance as at 31st March 2018	82,78,057	827.81
Changes in equity share capital	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2019	82,78,057	827.81
Changes in equity share capital	· -	-
Balance as at 31 March 2020	82,78,057	827.81

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(b) Other Equity		B	d Counties		001	
		Reserves an	a Surpius		OCI	
Particulars	General Reserve	Share Premium	Employees Shares Options Outstanding	Retained earnings	Remeasureme nts of the net defined benefit Plans	Total other equity
Balance as at 31st March 2018		-	•	(561.41)	(0.06)	(561.47)
Profit for the year				452.84		452.84
Other comprehensive income for the year					0.01	0.01
Total Comprehensive Income	· · · · ·	-	-	452.84	0.01	452.85
Dividend Paid						-
Tax on Dividend Paid						
Set off of Dividend Tax in respect of Dividend from						_
Subsidiary Company			,			
Balance as at 31st March 2019		-		(108,57)	(0.05)	(108.62)
Profit for the year				247.17		247.17
Other comprehensive income for the year					(2.73)	(2.73)
Total Comprehensive Income			-	247.17	(2.73)	244.44
Dividend Paid				100.00		100.00
Tax on Dividend Paid	·			20.56		20.56
Set off of Dividend Tax in respect of Dividend from						=
Subsidiary Company						
Balance as at 31st March 2020		-		18.04	(2.78)	15.27

For Bathiya & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN - 101046W/W100063

Jatin A. Thakkar Partner

Membership No.: 134767

Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd. CIN: U29248MH2010PLC202124

Nirmal V. Shah Director

Sushil Lakhani Suraj Gujja

Director

Company Secretary DIN: 01578957 Membership No.A49812 DIN: 00083853

> Place : Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020

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### Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd. Notes forming part of the Financial Statements as at 31st March, 2020

#### NOTE 1 - COMPANY OVERVIEW

Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd. is a subsidiary of Chembond Chemicals Ltd.

Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd. ("the Company") is carrying on the business of design, manufacture, trade and marketing of whole range of water and waste water system, including but not limited to, membrane technologies, conventional and membrane processes, wastewater treatment systems, total water management solution, provision of technical services (detailed engineering, O&M manuals, O&M contracts design centre), equipment (sourcing, fabrication of biowheel and biobrane, vessels, etc.).

#### NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Statement of Compliance

The Company has prepared financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended March 31, 2019.

#### A Basis of Preparation, measurement and Transition to Ind AS

The financial statements of the Company are prepared in Compliance with Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 and other relevant provisions of the Act. The Statements are prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values

Effective April 1, 2017 the Company has adopted all the Ind AS standards and the adoption as carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101, First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards, with April 1, 2016 as the transition date. The transition was carried out from Indian Accounting Principles generally accepted in India as prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Comapnies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (IGAAP), which was the previous GAAP.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these financial statements except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The financial statements are prepared in INR, which is the company's functional currency

#### Current and Non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balace sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- (i) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- (ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- (iii) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- (iv) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for atleast twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- (i) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle.
- (ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- (iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- (iv) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for atleast twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all ither liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-cuuent assets and liabilities respectively.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The company has identified twelve months as its normal operating cycle.

#### B Use of Estimates

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires the management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The areas involving critical estimates or judgements are:

- a. Estimation of taxes
- b, Determination of the estimated useful lives of intangible assets and determining intangible assets having an indefinite useful life.

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- c.Determination of the estimated useful lives of tangible assets and the assessment as to which components of the cost may be capitalized
- d. Recognition and measurement of defined benefit obligations, key actuarial assumptions
- e. Recognition and measurement of provisions and contingencies, key assumptions about the likelihood and magnitude of an outflow of resources
- f. Fair value of financial instruments

#### C Property, Plant and Equipment

The cost of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment ('PPE') is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost can be measured reliably.

PPE are initially recognised at cost. The initial cost of PPE comprises its purchase price (including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes but excluding any trade discount and rebates), and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Subsequent to initial recognition, PPE are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent expenditure relating to PPE is capitalizes only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. When an item of PPE is replaced, then its carrying amonut is derecognised and the cost of the new item of PPE is recognised. Further, in case the replaced part was not depreciated separately, the cost of the replacemnet is used as an indication to determine the cost of the replaced part at the time it was acquired. All other repair and maintenance cost are recognised in Statement of profit and loss as incurred. The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met. An item of PPE and any significant part initially recognised is derecongnised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gains or losses arising from de-recognition of PPE are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss when the PPE is derecognised.

The Company identifies and determines cost of each component/part of the asset separately, if the component/part has a cost which is significant to the total cost of the asset and has useful life that is materially different from that of the remaining asset.

#### Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment loss, if any. Profit or Loss on disposal of intangible assets is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss

#### Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation on PPE has been provided based on useful life of the assets in accordance with Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, under Written Down Value method. Depreciation on assets acquired / disposed off during the year is provided on pro-rata basis with reference to the date of addition / disposal. Residual value for all assets (including intangible assets) are considered at 5% of cost of acquisition of an asset. Depreciation / Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual value are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. Amortisation on Intangible asset consisting of computer softwares has been provided based on their useful life which is estimated as 3 years, under the Written Down Value method (WDV).

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of PPE are reviewed on a regular basis and changes in estimates, when relevant, are accounted for on a prospective basis

#### Capital Work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress comprises the cost of assets that are yet not ready for their intended use at the balance sheet date. Advances given towards acquisition of fixed assets outstanding at each balance sheet date are classified as Capital Advances under Other Non-Current Assets.

#### D Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of the cost determined on weighted average basis or net realisable value. The comparison of cost and net realisable value is made on an item-by-item basis. Damaged, unserviceable and inert stocks are valued at net realizable value.

Cost of raw materials, packing materials and stores spares and consumables Stocks is determined so as to exclude from the cost, taxes and duties which are subsequently recoverable from the taxing authorities.

Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress includes the cost of materials, an appropriate allocation of overheads and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

#### E Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are inclusive of excise duty and net of returns, trade discount or rebates and applicable taxes and duties collected on behalf of the government and which are levied on such sales.

The Company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company.

- i. Revenue from sale of goods is recognised on transfer of all significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer as per terms of Contract, usually on delivery of goods.
- ii. Revenue from services is recognised pro-rata as and when services are rendered over a specified period of time. The company collects servive tax / goods and service tax on behalf of the government and therefore it is not an economic benefit flowing to the company. Hence it is excluded from the revenue.
- F Interest income is recognised using effective interest method on time proportion basis taking in to account the amount outstanding. Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.



#### G Foreign Currency Translation

The functional currency of the Company is Indian rupee (₹).

Transactions in foreign currencies entered into by the Company are accounted in the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated at functional currency closing rate of exchange at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on foreign exchange transactions settled during the year are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetory assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated.

#### H Impairment of Assets

#### (i) Financial assets (other than at fair value)

The Company assesses at each date of Balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Company recognises lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and/or all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12 month expected credit losses or an amount equal to the life time expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

#### (ii) Non-financial assets

#### Tangible and intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite life are evaluated for recoverability whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount (i.e. higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. in such cases, the recoverable amont is determined for the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the assets belongs.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

#### I Retirement Benefits :

#### (a) Short term Employee Benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability (accrued expense) after deducting any amount already paid.

#### Post Employment Benefits

#### I. Defined Contribution Plan

Defined contribution plans are employee state insurance scheme and Government administered pension fund scheme for all applicable employees and superannuation scheme for eligible employees.

#### Recognition and measurement of defined contribution plans:

The Company recognizes contribution payable to a defined contribution plan as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the employees render services to the Company during the reporting period. If the contributions payable for services received from employees before the reporting date exceeds the contributions already paid, the deficit payable is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the reporting date, the excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

#### II. Defined Benefit plans:

#### Provident Fund scheme

The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Employee Provident Fund scheme in accordance with the statutory provisions

#### Gratuity scheme

The Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan for employees. The Company contributes to a separate entity (a fund) administered by LIC, towards meeting the Gratuity obligation.

#### Pension Scheme:

The Company operates a defined benefit pension plan for certain specified employees and is payable upon the employee satisfying certain conditions, as approved by the Board of Directors.

#### Recognition and measurement of Defined Benefit plans:

The cost of providing defined benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit method with actuarial valuations being carried out at each reporting date. The defined benefit obligations recognized in the Balance Sheet represent the present value of the defined benefit obligations as reduced by the fair value of plan assets, if applicable. Any defined benefit asset (negative defined benefit obligations resulting from this calculation) is recognized representing the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the plan.

All expenses represented by current service cost, past service cost, if any, and net interest on the defined benefit liability / (asset) are recognized in the Sstatement of Profit and Loss. Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability

/ (asset) comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on the plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset), are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income. Such remeasurements are not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the subsequent periods.



The Company presents the above liability/(asset) as current and non-current in the Balance Sheet as per actuarial valuation by the independent actuary; however, the entire liability towards gratuity is considered as current as the Company will contribute this amount to the gratuity fund within the next twelve months.

#### Other Long Term Employee Benefits:

The Company does not allow any accumulation of leavebalance or encashment thereof.

#### J Provision For Current & Deferred Tax

Income tax expenses comprises of current and deferred tax expense and is recognised in the statement of profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or in OCI, in which case, the tax is also recognised in directly in equity or OCI respectively.

#### Current Tax

Current tax is the amount expected tax payable or recoverable on the taxable profit or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or recoverable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

#### **Deferred Tax**

Deferred Income Tax is recognised using the Balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and their carrying amount, except when the deferred income tax arisies from the initial recognition of an assets or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the exent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using substantively enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which the temporary differences are expected to be received or settled.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the relevant entity intends to settles its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the Balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised.

The Company recognises interest levied and penalties related to income tax assessments in finance costs.

#### K Earnings Per Share:

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which includes all stock options granted to employees.

The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus shares including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

#### L Provision, Contingent Liabilities And Contingent Assets:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.





#### Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liability is disclosed for,

- (i) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company, or
- (ii) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made

Contingent Assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

#### M Dividend distribution to equity shareholders

Dividend to equity shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved by the equity shareholders. Interim dividends that are declared by the Board of Directors without the need for equity shareholders' approvals are recognised as a liability and deducted from shareholders' equity in the year in which dividends are declared by the Board of directors.

#### N Lease Accounting

A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the lessee is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### Company as a lessee

Finance leases are capitalised at the commencement of the lease at the inception date fair value of the leased property or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in profit or loss as finance costs, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Company's general policy on the borrowing costs. Contingent rentals are recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Operating lease payments are generally recognised as an expense in the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Where the rentals are structured solely to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases, such increases are recognised in the year in which such benefits accrue. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are also recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

#### Company as a lessor

Rental income from operating lease is generally recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Where the rentals are structured solely to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the Company's expected inflationary cost increases, such increases are recognised in the year in which such benefits accrue. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the Company's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Company's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

#### O Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

#### P Trade Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are usually unsecured. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within twelve months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value.

#### Q Financial Instruments

Finacial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transacion costa that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities ( other than financial assets and finacial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of finanvial assets or financial liability.





#### Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

#### Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequentlymeasure at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and selling financial assets.

The company has made an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of equity investments not held for trading.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognised in profit or loss.

#### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Equity instruments**

An equity instruments is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments recognised by the company are recognised at the proceeds received net off direct issue cost.





3 Property, plant and equipment, Intangibles and Capital work in progress as at 31st march 2020

										(Rs. In lakhs)
in the movement in the state of		GROSS BLOCK	CK (AT COST		DEPRECI	TION INCL	DEPRECIATION INCLUDING AMORTISATION	TISATION	NET BLOCK	LOCK
Description	As at 1.04.2019	Additions	Deductions	As at 31.03.2020	As at 1.04.2019	Additions	Deductions	As at 31.03.2020	As at 31.03.2020	As at 31.03.2019
Property, plant and equipment Tangible Assets										T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T
Office Equipment	1.69	1	ı	1.69	1.60		ı	1.60	0.08	0.08
Equipment & Machinery*	36.34			36.34	27.89	1.87	ı	29.76	6.58	8.45
Computer Hardware	12.13	0.61	1.36	11.39	11.41	0.15	1.29	10.27	1.12	0.73
Furniture & Fixtures	6.23			6.23	5.30	0.31		5.61	0.62	0.93
Sub- total	1 56.39	0.61	1.36	55.64	46.21	2.33	1.29	47.24	8.40	10.19
Intangible Assets . Computer Software	10.40	ı	1	10.40	. 953	0.06	ı	9.58	0.82	0.59
Sub-total		1	-	10.40	9.53	0.00	1	9.58	0.82	0.59
Total	1 66.80	0.61	1.36	66.05	55.73	2.38	1.29	56.83	9.22	10.77
Previous Year	66.51	ı	-	66.51	55.55	0.19		55.73	10.77	12.56





1.26 0.75 2.01	
0.75	0.7
2.01	4./5
į l	
. 0.00	0.0
152.82	139.7
0.35	0.1
153.17	42.1 182.10
153.17	182.10
0.00	
	11.31
1.53 1.53	1.53 1.53
1.10	
0.00 57.81	
58.91	52.1
25.41	
25.41	-
:	
280.95 280.95	
700.00	
30 40	56.
1.27	
40.67	57.2
-	39.4( 1.27

MAN

			As at 31/03/2020 (Rs. In lakhs)	As at 31/03/2019 (Rs. In lakhs)
2	OTHER BANK BALANCES		,	
	Deposit accounts	Total	6.04 <b>6.04</b>	2.90 2.90
3	Loans (Unsecured & considered good)	:	:	
	Loan and advance to Employees Loans and advances to Group Co.	į	2.19 340.00	2.2 140.0
		Total	342.19	142.27
4	Current Tax (Net)			
	Current Tax (Net)		30.63	
		Total	30.63	3
5	Other Current Assets			
	Prepaid expenses Advances for supply of goods and services	Yatal	0:71 14.23	0.5 13.0
6	SHARE CAPITAL	Total	14.94	.13.6
	· Authorised			
	1,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10/ each		1,000.00	1,000.0
	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up 82,78,057 Equity Shares of		827.81	827.8
	Rs.10/ each fully paid up	Total	827.81	827.8
а	Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:  Number of shares outstanding at the beginning of the year		82,78,057	82,78,05
	Additions during the year Deductions during the year			
	Number of shares outstanding at the end of the year		82,78,057	82,78,05
b	Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% Shares		As at 31/3/2020	As at 31/3/2019
	Name of the Shareholder		No of Shares	No of Shares
	Chembond Chemicals Limited % held		43,04,590.00 52%	43,04,590.6 52
	Chembond Water Technologies Ltd % held		39,73,467.00 48%	39,73,467.0 . 48





17	OTHER EQUITY		As at 31/3/2020 (Rs. In lakhs)	As at 31/3/2019 (Rs. In lakhs)
	Detained Femilians		(No. III lakino)	(Ac. III lakila)
	Retained Earnings As per last year		(108.56)	(561.41)
	Add: Profit for the Year		247.17	452.84
	Less: Appropriations		138.61	(108.56)
	other Comprehensive Income /(Loss) for the year		(2.73)	0.00
	Dividend Paid		100.00 20.56	
	Tax on Proposed Dividend .		18.05	0.00 (108.56)
				, í
	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) Remeasurements of the net defined benefit Plans			
	As per last year		(0.05)	-0.05
	Movement During the Year		(2.73)	(0.05)
			(2.78)	(0.05)
		Total	15.27	(108.61)
18	BORROWINGS			
	Unsecured			
	Dealer Deposits		14.54	2.38
	Loans from Related Parties			
	Loans from Others		14.54	2,38
		Total	14.54	2.38
19	Provisions- Non Current			
	Provision for Tay (Not of Advance Tay)		5.72	
	Provision for Tax (Net of Advance Tax) Provision for Gratuity	•	3.96	1.38
	•	Total	9.68	1.38
20	TRADE PAYABLES			
20	TRADE FATABLES			
	Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises		1.87	
	Others	Total	65.90 67.77	149.77 155.15
_	For Delated next, transaction Defer Nata No. 26	, 404		
а	For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36			and the second
21	OTHER CURRENT Financial LIABILITIES			
	·			
	Creditors for expenses		0.24	0.16
		Total	0.24	0.16
22	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES			·
22	OTHER CONCENT EIABLETTES			
	Advance Received From Customers Statutory Dues		4.24	
	Statutory Dues	Total	8.88	
23	SHORT-TERM PROVISIONS			
	ONO NET ENTE TO POSTO			
	Provision for Expenses Provision for Gratuity		0.06	0.03
	Provision for Employee Renefits Payable		21.42	16.97
	Provision for Current Tax (Net of Advance Tax 9 C)	Total	21.48	
	Charled C	i Utal	21.40	20.07
	Accountants E			
	10101			
	MUMBA			
	**************************************	· ·		

Re. In lakths  Re.	24	REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS	<del></del> -	As at 31/3/2020	As at 31/3/2019
Less Excise Duty				(Rs. In lakhs)	
Less Excise Duty					
Net Sales   Total				1,044.94	1,196.99
Sales of Services   Technical Servico Income			Total	1.044.94	1 196 99
Total		Salas of Carriers			
Total				152 23	174.47
25 OTHER INCOME  Profit from Sale of Mutual Funds Inches I				100.20	1/1.4/
25 OTHER INCOME  Profit from Sale of Mutual Funds Inches I		·	Total	1 100 17	1 200 45
Profit from Sale of Mutual Funds Interest Income			Total	1,190.17	1,300.45
Profit from Sale of Mutual Funds Interest Income					
Interest Income	25	OTHER INCOME			
Interest Income					
Interest Income   28.42   2.00				0.31	0.00
Fair value of Investments				28.42	2.00
Sundry balances written back, not		Fair value of Investments			
26 COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED  Particulars of Raw Materials Consumed Raw Materials Consumed Packing Material  Total  78.35  27 PURCHASE OF STOCK-IN-TRADE  Purchases of Stock-in-trade  Total  78.35  247.30  28 CHANGES IN INVENTORY OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK IN PROGRESS AND TRADED GOODS  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At Close)  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At commencement)  Total  29 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES  Salaries & Wages Gratuity Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses  Total  200.62  Total		Sundry balances written back, net			1
26 COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED  Particulars of Raw Materials Consumed Raw Materials Consumed Packing Material  Total  78.35 5.32 508.75  PURCHASE OF STOCK-IN-TRADE  Purchases of Stock-in-trade  Total  78.35 247.30  27 PURCHASE IN INVENTORY OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK IN PROGRESS AND TRADED GOODS  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At Close) Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At commencement)  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At commencement)  Total  28 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES  Salaries & Wages Gratuly Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses  10.10 1.01 1.01 1.01 1.01 1.01 1.01 1			Total	40.78	2.41
Particulars of Raw Materials Consumed   Raw Materials Consumed   Raw Materials Consumed   S63.32   S66.75		COST OF MATERIALS CONOUNED			
Raw Materials Consumed   S63.32   S06.75	20	COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED			
Raw Materials Consumed   S63.32   S06.75		Dedicular of Deville 1 1 2 0			
Packing Material   Total   563.32   506.75		Raw Materials Consumed Raw Materials Consumed		562 22	E06 7E
27 PURCHASE OF STOCK-IN-TRADE  Purchases of Stock-in-trade  78.35  247.30  Total  78.35  247.30  28 CHANGES IN INVENTORY OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK IN PROGRESS AND TRADED GOODS  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At Close)  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At commencement)  51.10  10.17  Total  10.18  10.19  EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES  Salaries & Wages Gratuity Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses  1.62  1.11  1.62  1.31  1.62  1.31  1.63  1.67  1.65  1.62  1.51  1.62  1.51  1.62  1.51  1.62  1.51  1.63  1.64  1.67  1.65					
Purchases of Stock-in-trade  Total  78.35  247.30  28 CHANGES IN INVENTORY OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK IN PROGRESS AND TRADED GOODS  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At Close)  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At commencement)  Total  29 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES  Salaries & Wages Gratuity Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses  Total  For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36  Total  FINANCE COST  Interest Expense - Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges  Total  78.35  247.30  247.30  247.3			Total	563.32	506.75
Purchases of Stock-in-trade  Total  78.35  247.30  28 CHANGES IN INVENTORY OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK IN PROGRESS AND TRADED GOODS  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At Close)  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At commencement)  Total  29 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES  Salaries & Wages Gratuity Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses  Total  For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36  Total  FINANCE COST  Interest Expense - Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges  Total  78.35  247.30  247.30  247.3					
Total 78.35 247.30  28 CHANGES IN INVENTORY OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK IN PROGRESS AND TRADED GOODS  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At Close) 65.46 51.10  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At commencement) 51.10 0.17  Total (14.36) (50.93)  29 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES  Salaries & Wages 7 185.86 154.88 7 1.67 1.65 Contribution to Provident & other funds 11.47 9.66 Staff Weifare Expenses 1.62 1.31 Total 200.62 1.67.50  a For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36  30 FINANCE COST  Interest Expense - Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges 1.20  BESOCH TOTAL	27	PURCHASE OF STOCK-IN-TRADE			
Total 78.35 247.30  28 CHANGES IN INVENTORY OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK IN PROGRESS AND TRADED GOODS  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At Close) 65.46 51.10  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At commencement) 51.10 0.17  Total (14.36) (50.93)  29 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES  Salaries & Wages 7 185.86 154.88 7 1.67 1.65 Contribution to Provident & other funds 11.47 9.66 Staff Weifare Expenses 1.62 1.31 Total 200.62 1.67.50  a For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36  30 FINANCE COST  Interest Expense - Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges 1.20  BESOCH TOTAL		Purchase (O)			
28 CHANGES IN INVENTORY OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK IN PROGRESS AND TRADED GOODS  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At Close)  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At commencement)  29 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES  Salaries & Wages Gratuity Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses  4 185.86 154.88 7 1.67 1.65 1.67 1.65 1.62 1.31 7 total 200.62 167.50  FINANCE COST  Interest Expense Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges  1 2 0.10 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.20		Purchases of Stock-in-trade	Total	78.35	
PROGRESS AND TRADED GOODS  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At Close)  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At commencement)  Total  Total  EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES  Salaries & Wages Gratuity Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses  Total  For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36  FINANCE COST  Interest Expense Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At Close)  65.46 51.10 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.18 51.10 0.17 0.18 1.65.86 1.54.88 1.67 1.67 1.65 1.67 1.65 1.67 1.67 1.65 1.67 1.67 1.67 1.65 1.67 1.67 1.67 1.67 1.67 1.67 1.67 1.67			Total	70.33	
PROGRESS AND TRADED GOODS  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At Close)  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At commencement)  Total  Total  EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES  Salaries & Wages Gratuity Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses  Total  For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36  FINANCE COST  Interest Expense Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At Close)  65.46 51.10 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.18 51.10 0.17 0.18 1.65.86 1.54.88 1.67 1.67 1.65 1.67 1.65 1.67 1.67 1.65 1.67 1.67 1.67 1.65 1.67 1.67 1.67 1.67 1.67 1.67 1.67 1.67		CHANCES IN INVENTORY OF FINISHED COORS, WORK IN			
Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At Close)  Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At commencement)  51.10  51.10  0.17  Total  29 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES  Salaries & Wages Gratuity Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses  Total  For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36  FINANCE COST  Interest Expense - Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges  65.46  51.10  0.17  (14.36) (50.93)  185.86 154.88 1.67 1.67 1.65 11.47 9.66 1.62 1.31 70tal  70tal 70t	28				
Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At commencement)  Total  Total  (14.36)  (50.93)  29 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES  Salaries & Wages Gratuity Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses  Total  For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36  FINANCE COST  Interest Expense - Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges  Total  O.17  Total  185.86 154.88 1.67 1.67 1.65 11.47 9.66 1.62 1.31 Total  Total  O.72 0.10 0.83 1.20					
Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At commencement)  Total  Total  (14.36)  (50.93)  29 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES  Salaries & Wages Gratuity Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses  Total  For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36  FINANCE COST  Interest Expense - Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges  Total  O.17  Total  185.86 154.88 1.67 1.67 1.65 11.47 9.66 1.62 1.31 Total  Total  O.72 0.10 0.83 1.20					
Total (14.36) (50.93)  29 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES  Salaries & Wages Gratuity Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses  Total 185.86 154.88 1.67 1.65 1.67 1.65 11.47 9.66 Staff Welfare Expenses 1.62 1.31 Total 200.62 167.50  a For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36  30 FINANCE COST  Interest Expense - Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges  Total 0.72 0.10 1.20		Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At Close)		65.46	51.10
Total (14.36) (50.93)  29 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES  Salaries & Wages Gratuity Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses  Total 185.86 154.88 1.67 1.65 1.67 1.65 11.47 9.66 Staff Welfare Expenses 1.62 1.31 Total 200.62 167.50  a For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36  30 FINANCE COST  Interest Expense - Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges  Total 0.72 0.10 1.20		Finished products/ Stock in Trade (At commencement)		51 10	n 17
29 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES  Salaries & Wages					
Salaries & Wages Gratuity Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses  Total  For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36  Total  Total  185.86 154.88 1.67 1.65 1.65 1.47 9.66 1.62 1.31 200.62 1.67.50  Total  To			Total	(14.36)	(50.93)
Salaries & Wages Gratuity Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses  Total  For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36  Total  Total  185.86 154.88 1.67 1.65 1.65 1.47 9.66 1.62 1.31 200.62 1.67.50  Total  To					
1.67   1.65   1.67   1.65   1.47   9.66   1.67   1.65   1.47   9.66   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.65   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.65   1.62   1.31   1.65   1.62   1.31   1.65   1.62   1.31   1.65   1.65   1.65   1.62   1.31   1.65   1.65   1.65   1.65   1.62   1.31   1.65	29	EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES			
1.67   1.65   1.67   1.65   1.47   9.66   1.67   1.65   1.47   9.66   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.65   1.62   1.31   1.62   1.31   1.65   1.62   1.31   1.65   1.62   1.31   1.65   1.62   1.31   1.65   1.65   1.65   1.62   1.31   1.65   1.65   1.65   1.65   1.62   1.31   1.65					
Contribution to Provident & other funds Staff Welfare Expenses  11.47 9.66 1.62 1.31  Total  Total  For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36  30 FINANCE COST  Interest Expense - Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges  10.72 0.10 0.83 1.20					
1.62   1.31   200.62   167.50     200.62   167.50     30   FINANCE COST     Interest Expense		Contribution to Provident & other funds			
a For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36  30 FINANCE COST  Interest Expense - Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges  0.72 0.10 1.20		Staff Welfare Expenses	Total		1.31
Interest Expense - Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges  O.72  Chartered O.83  O.83  O.72  O.83  O.83			iotai	200.62	167.50
Interest Expense - Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges  Once the content of the c	а	For Related party transaction Refer Note No.36			
- Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges  Chartered Accountants	30	FINANCE COST			
- Banks Bank Guarantee fees & charges  Chartered Accountants					
Bank Guarantee fees & charges  Chartered Co  Accountants					
Accountants		- Banks	1		
Total 1.55 1.31		1 St.	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	0.83	1.20
COSCO MANAN	<del></del>		otal	1.55	1.31
		10/2 10/2 PS	ř		<del></del>

	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSES		As at 31/3/2020 (Rs. In lakhs)	As at 31/3/2019 (Rs. In lakhs)
•				
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	Total	2.38 2.38	1.79 1.79
2	OTHER EXPENSES			÷
	MANUFACTURING EXPENSES			
	Lab Expenses		0.77	0.2 2.8
	Labour Charges Technical Service Charges		3.10 3.04	27.5
	•	Α	6.91	30.54
	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Director's Sitting Fees		0.60	0.0
	Rates & Taxes		0.58 0.49	0.0 0.3
	Printing and stationary Telephone & Postage Expenses		0.49	0.0
	Insurance		1.64	2.0
	Auditors Remuneration	•	1.33 5.45	1.1 4.1
	Legal, Professional & consultancy fees Repairs & Maintenance Others		0.26	0.
	Miscellaneous expenses		2.06	0.`
	Postage and courier		0.89	0.
	Rent Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Loss	•	5.70 0.00	5.1 0.1
	Debit Balance Written Off		0.41	0.
	Computer exp		0.51	0.
		В	20.83	17.4
	SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES			
	Carriage outwards		13.59	17.
	Commission on sales Travelling Expenses		4.45 20.04	3. 12.
	Discount allowed		0.22	1.
	Sales Promotion Expenses	С	8.98 47.28	3. 37.7
		(A+B+C)		85.7
	LESS :Reimbursement of expenses			
		Total	75.02	85.7
а	Auditor's Remuneration consists of:		0010 0000	2010 0010
		`	2019-2020 (Rs. In lakhs)	2018-2019 (Rs. In lakhs)
	Statutory Audit Fees Tax Audit Fees		0.91	
	Taxation and Other Matters		0.13	
		Total	1.33	1.
b	Lease			
_	The Company normally acquires offices, warehouses and			
	vehicles under non-cancellable operational leases. Minimum		T-1-5 Maintenance	T-11 \$11 -
			Total Minimum Lease Payment	Total Minimum Lea Payment Outstanding
			Outstanding as on	
			31/03/2020	
			(Rs. In lakhs)	(Rs. in lakhs)
	Due within one year		4.88	
	Due later than one year and not later than five years		5.95	8
	Due later than five years Lease payments recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss	)§#	5.70	
				\$ ASSOC.
		UNIX CONTRACTOR		E Chargered (0)
				Accountants 5
				W 1 V //

\* JUMBA

33 Tax Reconciliation

The income tax expense consists of the followings:	2019-20	2018-19
Particulars	(Rs in lakhs	(Rs in lakhs)
Current Income Tax	49.01	
Deferred Tax Expense	35.89	(127,89)
Tax expense for the year	84.90	(41.43)
Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax Rate		
Profit before income tax expense	332.07	411,41
Indian statutory income tax rate (MAT)	16.69%	
Expected Income Tax expenses	55.43	
Part A	05.43	04.10
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (allowable) in calculating taxable income:		
Income exempt from income taxes		
Additional allowances/deduction		
Transition gain		
MAT credit entitiement		_
Others	0.55	1,06
Short/Excess Provision for earlier years	(6,96)	
Current Tax (A)	49.01	86.46
Part B	49.51	00.40
Deferred Tax Effect at the rate of:	27.82%	29.12%
Depreciation	0.19	
Unabsorbed IT losses	41.80	(41.97)
Investments at Fair Value	0.00	
Less:		_
Gratuity	l	
MAT Credit	6.10	85,76
Other Deferred tax Asset		
Provision for Doubtful Debts		
Deferred Tax (B)	35,89	(127.89)
Tax Expense (A+B)	84.90	(41.43)

34 Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management
A. Accounting classification and fair values
The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

As at 31 March 2020

		As at 31 March 2020						
		Carry	ing amount		Fair value			
	Fair value through profit and loss	through	Amotised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Totai
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents			46.71	46.71			l	-
(Including other bank balances)								
Investments				,				
- Mutual Funds	25.41			25.41	25.41	i		25,41
Trade and other receivables			280.95	280.95	1		Ì	-
Loans	i	l	342.19	342.19	1			-
Other financial assets	ļ		2.01	2.01	-			-
TOTAL	25,41	-	671.86	697.26	25.41	-	-	25,41
Financial liabilities	I	l i		· ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '				
Long term borrowings			14.54	15				
(Including current maturity of	1	i l	1		1			
Long term borrowings)		!	1	i				
Trade and other payables	1	] i	67.77	67.77				-
Other financial liabilities			0.24	0.24				-
TOTAL			82.55	82.55			-	

	1	As at 31 March 2019							
		Carry	ing amount		Fair value				
	Fair value through profit and loss	Fair value through other comprehen sive income	Amotised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial assets									
Cash and cash equivalents		1	60.15	60.15			ļ	_	
(Including other bank balances)									
Investments				[					
Trade and other receivables			445.52	445.52	446			446	
Loans			142.27	142.27			i	_	
Other financial assets		[ ]	4.75	4.75				-	
TOTAL			652,69	652,69	445,52	-		445.52	
Financial liabilities									
Long term borrowings			2.38	2.38					
(Including current maturity of			-		1				
Long term borrowings)									
Trade and other payables			155.15	155.15	i			_	
Other financial liabilities			0.16	0.16				-	
TOTAL		-	157,69	157,69	-		_		





#### C. Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to Credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

#### i. Risk management framework

Risk Management is an integral part of the Company's plans and operations. The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company risk management framework. The board of directors is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company risk management policies.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit

#### ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and investments in debt securities, cash and cash equivalents, mutual funds, bonds etc.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

#### Trade and other receivables

Credit risk is the risk of possible default by the counter party resulting in a financial loss.

The Company manages credit risk through various internal policies and procedures setforth for effective control over credit exposure. These are managed by way of setting various credit approvals, evaluation of financial condition before supply terms, setting credit limits, industry trends, ageing analysis and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

Based on prior experience and an assessment of the current economic environment, management believes that sufficient provision is mad for credit risk wherever credit is extended to customers.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Credit risk from balances with banks is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy. Investment of surplus funds are made in mainly in mutual funds with good returns and with high credit ratings assigned by international and domestic credit ratings agencies.

Other than trade and other receivables, the Company has no other financial assets that are past due but not impaired.

#### iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risk to the Company's reputation.

#### iv. Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from adverse changes in market rates and prices (such as interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates). Market risk is attributable to all market risk-sensitive financial instruments, all foreign currency receivables and payables and all short term and long-term debt. The Company is exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and the market value of its investments. Thus, the Company's exposure to market risk is a function of investing and borrowing activities and revenue generating and operating activities in foreign currencies.

#### a) Currency risk

The Compnay is exposed to currency risk to the extent that there is a mismatch between the currencies in which sales, purchase, and other expenses are denominated and the functional currency of the Company. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupees (INR). The currencies in which these transactions are primarily denominated are EURO and USD.

#### b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Investment committee manages and constantly reviews the interest rate movements in the market. This risk is mitigated by the Company by investing the funds in varioustenors depending on the liquidity needs of the Company. The Company's exposures to interest rate risk is not significant.





#### 35 Employee Benefit obligations

#### (A) Defined contribution plan

Contributions are made to Employee Provident Fund (EPF), Employees State Insurance Scheme (ESIC) and other Funds which covers all regular employees. Both the employees and the Company make predetermined contributions to the Provident Fund and ESIC. The contributions are normally based on a certain percentage of the employee's salary. Amount recognised as expense in respect of these defined contribution plans, aggregate to Rs. 11.47 Lakh (Previous year Rs. 9.67 lakh).

	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
Contribution to Provident Fund	10.25	7.81
Contribution to ESIC	1.22	1.86

(B) Defined Benefit Plan
The Company's obligation towards the Gratuity Fund is a Defined Benefit Plan. Based on the actuarial valuation obtained in this respect, details of Acturial Valuation are as follows:

		As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
		(Funde	ed plan)
	Change in Defined Benefit Obligation		1
	Opening defined benefit obligation	8.12	6.09
	Amount recognised in profit and loss		
	Current service cost	2.26	1.56
	Interest cost	0.63	0.47
	Amount recognised in other comprehensive income		
	Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from:		
	Return on Plan Assets		
	Financial assumptions	3.37	0.00
	Other		
	Benefits paid	(1.70)	<u></u>
	Closing defined benefit obligation	12.68	8.12
	Change in Fair Value of Assets	1	
	Opening fair value of plan assets	6.71	4.96
	Amount recognised in profit and loss		
	Interest income	0,52	0.38
	Amount recognised in other comprehensive income	1	
	Actuarial gain / (loss)		
	Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	0.09	0.01
	Equitable Fund transfer in	1	
•	Contributions by employer	2.34	1.36
	Benefits paid	(1.70)	
	Closing fair value of plan assets	8.66	6.71
,	Actual return on Plan Assets	0.61	0.40
(iii) I	Plan assets comprise the following		
		Unqouted	Unqouted
- 1	Insurance fund (100%)	8.66	
iv) <u>I</u>	Principal actuarial assumptions used	%	%
[	Discount rate	6.75	7.75
١	Withdrawal Rate	1.00	
ļ	Future Salary Increase	5.00	
		As at 31st	As at 31st
v) /	Amount recognised in the Balance Sheet	March, 2020	March, 2019
F	Present value of obligations as at year end	12.68	8,12
	Fair value of plan assets as at year end	8,66	6.71
	Net (asset) / flability recognised as at year end	21.35	14.84
F	Recognised under :		
	Short term provisions	0.06	0.00
	Long term provisions	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	Long tonin protitions	3.96	1.38





#### (vi) Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other

	As at 31st	As at 31st March, 2020		arch, 2019
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (1% movement) - Gratuity	(2.40)	1.78	(1.30)	1.62
Future salary growth (1% movement) - Gratuity	1.79	(2,44)	1.65	(1.35)

The above sensitivity analyses have been calculated to show the movement in defined benefit obligation in isolation and assuming there are no other changes in market conditions at the reporting date. In practice, generally it does not occur. When we change one variable, it affects to others. In calculating the sensitivity, project unit credit method at the end of the reporting period has been applied.

(vii) Expected future cash flows

The expected maturity analysis is as follows :	For year ended	For year ended
	31.3.2020	31.3.2019
Expected benefits for year 1	6.01	5.40
Expected benefits for year 2	9.59	
Expected benefits for year 3	10.27	5.55
Expected benefits for year 4	14.20	
Expected benefits for year 5	11.41	5.61
Expected benefits for year 6 and above	44.73	

#### 36 Capital Management

The Company's capital management objectives are:

- to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern; and

- to provide an adequate return to shareholders through optimisation of debts and equity balance.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of debt less cash and cash equivalents as presented on the face of the financial statements. The Company's objective for capital management is to maintain an optimum overall financial structure.

(i) Debt equity ratio

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Debt (includes non-current, current borrowings and current maturities of long term debt) Less: cash and cash equivalents	14.54 40.7	2.38 57.3
Net debt	(26.1)	(54.9
Total equity	843.1	719.2
Net debt to total equity ratio	-3.10%	-7.63%

(ii) Dividend on equity shares paid during the year

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Dividend on equity shares		
Interim dividend paid during the year ended March 31, 2020 of Rs. 1.21 (during previous year ended March 31, 2018: Rs. Nil) per fully paid share	100.00	-
Dividend distribution tax on above	20.56	-
Dividends not recognised at the end of the reporting period The Board of Directors at it's meeting held on May 28, 2020 have recommended payment of final dividend of Rs. Nil per share of face value of Rs.10 each for the year ended March 31, 2020 (March 31, 2019: Rs. 1.08 per share).	_	90.00
This proposed dividend is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing annual general meeting and hence not recognised as liability.		





#### 37 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Related party disclosures as required under Accounting Standard on "Related Party Disclosures" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India are given below:

a) Relationship:

i. Holding Company

Chembond Chemicals Limited

ii. Fellow Subsidiary Companies:

Chembond Water Technologies Ltd., Chembond Material Technologies Pvt Ltd (formerly Protochem Industries Pvt. Ltd.), Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd. Chembond Biosciences Ltd. (formerly Chembond Industrial Coatings Ltd.), Chembond Polymers & Materials Ltd., Chembond Calvatis Industrial Hygiene Systems Ltd., Phiroze Sethna Pvt Ltd., Chembond Chemicals (Malaysia) SDN.BHD, Chembond Distribution Ltd. and Gramos Chemical (India) Pvt. Ltd.

iii. Key Management Personnel and their relatives (KMP)

Key Management Personnel:

Mr. Nirmal V. Shah, Mr. Sushil Lakhani

Relatives:

Mrs. Padma V. Shah, Mrs. Shilpa S. Shah, Mrs. Mamta N. Shah, Mrs. Alpana S. Shah, Mrs. Jyoti N. Mehta, Mr. Sameer V. Shah, Gauri N. Mehta, Karishma N. Mehta Entities over which Key Management personnel are able to exercise influence:

Finor Pipiaj Chemicals Ltd

b) The following transactions were carried out with related parties in the ordinary course of business

For the year ended / as on		34.02	2020					(₹. In lakhs)
		31.03.2020 Fellow				31.03.2	2019	
Description of the nature of transactions	Holding	Subsidiary	KNID	_ ; .		Fellow		
Description of the flattire of Ballsactions	Holding	Subsidiary	KMP	Total	Holding	Subsidiary	KMP	Total
Sales of Goods	24.90	205.83	11,81	242.55	0.00	252.05	0.50	252,55
Chembond Water Technologies Ltd		205,83		205.83	0.00	252.05	0.30	252,55
Chembond Chemicals Ltd	24.90			24.90	0.00	202,00		252,05
Finor Piplaj Chemicais Ltd.			11.81	11.81	0.00		0.50	0.50
			11.01	71.01			0.50	0.50
Purchase of Goods	0.00	407.77	0.00	407.77	0,20	436.30	0.00	430,05
Chembond Water Technologies Ltd		402,43		402.43	0.20	429.84	0.001	429.84
Chembond Chemicals Ltd	0.00			0.00	0.20	723.04		0.20
Chembond Material Technologies Pvt Ltd		5.34	***************************************	5.34	0.25	6.46		0.20
						0.40		
Corporate Gurantee Fees	1.50	0.00	0.00	1.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Chembond Chemicals Ltd	1,50			1.50	2.50			
Dividend Paid	52,00	40.00	0.00					
Chembond Water Technologies Ltd	52.00	48.00	0.00	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Chembond Chemicals Ltd	52.00	48.00		48.00				
Official Charlicals Etc	52.00			52.00				
Rental Expenses	5.70	0.00	0.00	F 70	e 70			
Chembond Chemicals Ltd	5.70	0.00	0.00	5.70	5.78	0.00	0.00	5.78
	0.70			5.70	5.78			5.78
Director Sitting Fees	0.00	0,00	0.60	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sushil Lakhani		1	0.60	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
				0.00				
Loans given	0.00	200.00	0.00	200.00	0.00	140.00	0.00	140.00
Chembond Water Technologies Ltd		165,00		165,00	3.50	140.00	0.00	140.00
Chembond Distribution Ltd		35.00		35.00		140.00		140.00
Interest received	0.00	27.11	0.00	27.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Chembond Water Technologies Ltd		25,72		25.72			- 0.00	-
Chembond Distribution Ltd		1.39		1.39	`			_
Expenses Paid	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04			0.04
Chembond Chemicals Ltd					0.04			0.04
Balance at the end of the year				-				
A. Sundry Debtors Chembond Water Technologies Ltd	0.59	0.00	7.81	8.41	0.05	82.84	1.48	84.37
Chembond Chemicals Ltd		0,00				82.84		82.84
Finor Piplaj Chemicals Ltd.	0,59			0.59	0.05			0.05
Pinor Pipiaj Criemicais Ltd.			7.81	7.81			1.48	1.48
B. Sundry Creditors	1.87	0.00	0.00					
Chembond Material Technologies Pvt Ltd	1.87	9.22	0.26	11.35	5.37	60.45	0.26	66.09
Chembond Water Technologies Ltd	<del></del>	1.67		1.67		6.39		6,39
Chembond Chemicals Ltd	1,87	7.55		7.55		54.07		54,07
Finor Piplaj Chemicals Ltd.	1,87	<del></del>	2.00	1.87	5,37			5,37
			0.26	0.26			0,26	0,26
C. Loans Given	_	341.25	-	341.25	_	140,00		
Chembond Water Technologies Ltd		305.00		305.00		140.00		
Chembond Distribution Ltd		36,25	<del></del>	36.25		140,00		_





#### EARNINGS PER SHARE

38

Net Profit available to Equity Shareholders (Rs. In Lakhs) Total number of Equity Shares (Face value of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up) Weighted No. of Equity Shares Basic Earnings per Share (in Rupees) Diluted No. of Equity Shares Diluted Earnings per Share (in Rupees)

2019-2020	2018-2019			
247.17	452.84			
82,78,057	82,78,057			
82,78,057	82,78,057			
2.99	5.47			
82,78,057	82,78,057			
2.99	5.47			

#### 39 SEGMENT REPORTING

"The Company is engaged in the manufacture of Specialty Chemicals, which in the context of IND AS 108- Operating segment specifed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 is considered as a single business segment of the company.

#### 40 Contingent Liabilites not provided for are in respect of :

Particulars

a.Income Tax - (TDS)

b.Corporate Guarantee given to Bank of India by the Company for Bank Guarantees issued

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Chartered

Accountants

As at 31/03/2020 (Rs. In lakhs)	As at 31/03/2019 (Rs. in lakhs)
0.86	0.86
6.02	6.02

#### COVID-19 Assessment: 41

The COVID-19 pandemic is an evolving human tragedy declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organisation with adverse impact on economy and business globally. Supply Chain disruptions in India as a result of the outbreak started with restrictions on movement of goods. closure of borders etc. in several states followed by a nationwide lockdown announced by the Indian Government, to stem the spread of COVID-19. This has impacted normal business operations of the Company. Manufacturing, supply chain, cashflows etc. have been disrupted. All plants of the Company were shut down on 23rd March, 2020 only to restart at considerably lower productivity during the month of April & May 2020 in a phased manner. We have implemented the necessary precaution measures to ensure hygiene, safety and wellbeing of all our employees at all plants and locations. The Company has considered the possible effects COVID-19 may have on the recoverability and carrying value of its assets comprising Property Plant and Equipment, Investments, Inventories and Trade Receivables. Based on current indicators of future economic conditions the Company expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets and there is no significant impact on its financial statements as on 31st March, 2020. The situation is changing rapidly giving rise to inherent uncertainty around the extent and timing of the potential future impact of the COVID-19 which may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements. The Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes arising of future economic conditions and

42 Previous year figures have been regrouped, reallocated and reclassified wherever necessary to confirm to current years classification and presentation.

For Bathiya & Associates LLP **Chartered Accountants** FRN - 101046W/W100063

Jatin A. Thakkar

Partner

Membership No.: 134767

Place: Mumbai. Date: 28th May, 2020 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Chembond Clean Water Technologies Ltd. CIN: U29248MH2010PLC202124

Nirmal V. Shah Director

DIN: 00083853

Sushil Lakhani Director

DIN: 01578957

Suraj Gujja Company Secretary Membership No.A49812

Place: Mumbai, Date: 28th May, 2020